

Converting Colors

YIQ(153.7280, 3.9420, 5.6540)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(153.7280, 3.9420, 5.6540)
contains.

YIQ(153.7280, 3.9420, 5.6540)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(153.7280, 3.9420,
5.6540)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A1959F
RGB	161, 149, 159
RGB Percent	63%, 58%, 62%
CMY	0.3686, 0.4157, 0.3765
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.01, 0.37
HSL	310°, 6%, 61%
HSV	310°, 7%, 63%
XYZ	31.7046, 31.5746, 37.2253
YIQ	153.7280, 3.9420, 5.6540

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

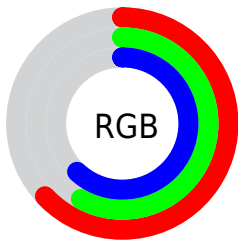
Format	Color
R _Y B	161, 149, 159
Decimal	10589599
CIE Lab	62.99, 6.29, -3.66
CIE LCh	63, 7.276, 329.810
Yxy	31.5746, 0.3155, 0.3142
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288779679 (0xFFA1959F)
YUV	153.7280, 2.5991, 6.3775
Hunter-Lab	56.1913, 2.3797, 0.0557

Details

The YIQ color **153.7280, 3.9420, 5.6540** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **156.2720, -3.9420, -5.6540**, and the grayscale version is **154.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **208.1410, 4.2170, 6.1770**, and **102.4290, 3.3460, 5.4420** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **143.9940, 9.3050, 13.0890**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **163.4620, -1.4210, -1.7810**.

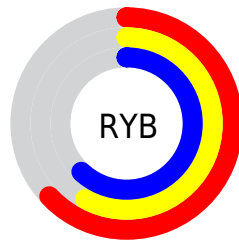
Distribution



Red (63%)

Green (58%)

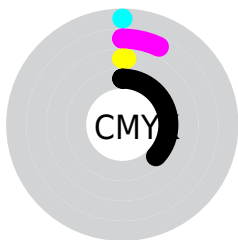
Blue (62%)



Red (63%)

Yellow (58%)

Blue (62%)

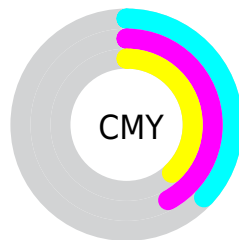


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (37%)



Cyan (37%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (38%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 153.7280, 3.9420, 5.6540 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 153.7280, 3.9420, 5.6540 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 153.7280, 3.9420,
5.6540

■ 153.7280, 3.9420,
5.6540

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 127.7280, 3.9420,
5.6540

■ 208.1410, 4.2170,
6.1770

■ 102.4290, 3.3460,
5.4420

■ 236.1410, 4.2170,
6.1770

■ 78.3150, 3.6670,
5.1310

■ 55.9020, 3.3920,
4.6080

■ 34.6030, 2.7960,
4.3960

■ 11.5540, 4.4920,
6.7000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 153.7280, 3.9420,
5.6540

■ 153.7280, 3.9420,
5.6540

■ 143.9940, 9.3050,
13.0890

■ 163.4620, -1.4210,
-1.7810

■ 134.3740, 14.3470,
20.8350

■ 173.0820, -6.4630,
-9.5270

■ 124.6400, 19.7100,
28.2700

■ 182.8160,
-11.8260, -16.9620

■ 114.9060, 25.0730,
35.7050

■ 192.5500,
-17.1890, -24.3970

■ 104.6990, 30.3900,
43.9740

■ 202.7570,
-22.5060, -32.6660

■ 94.9650, 35.7530,
51.4090

■ 212.4910,
-27.8690, -40.1010

■ 85.2310, 41.1160,
58.8440

■ 218.1160,
-31.3070, -43.8750

■ 75.4970, 46.4790,
66.2790

■ 218.4580,
-32.2700, -42.9420

■ 65.8770, 51.5210,
74.0250

■ 218.6860,
-32.9120, -42.3200

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



153.3790, -2.3850, 4.6790



153.7280, 3.9420, 5.6540



153.9520, 9.1230, 5.3710

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



153.7280, 3.9420, 5.6540



152.4260, 7.4280, -2.4600



150.6610, -12.2870, -3.0950

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



153.7280, 3.9420, 5.6540



156.2720, -3.9420, -5.6540

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



150.1620, -9.4440, -5.0600



153.7280, 3.9420, 5.6540



151.6210, 2.3850, -4.6790

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



153.7280, 3.9420, 5.6540



153.1600, 11.2330, 0.1690



150.9730, -4.5380, -5.8660



151.1280, -12.1040, -0.9040

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



153.7280, 3.9420, 5.6540



153.6810, 11.3240, 4.0280



150.9730, -4.5380, -5.8660



150.3190, -11.3240, -4.0280

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



153.7280, 3.9420, 5.6540



206.5380, 1.4210, 1.7810



150.9660, -2.6600, 4.1560



103.1250, 1.1460, 1.2580



232.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



105.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



153.7280, 3.9420, 5.6540



197.5050, 6.1880, 9.0040



153.0440, 5.8680, 3.7880



76.4890, 3.1170, 4.0850



57.1490, 47.5790, 68.3710



7.0920, 5.9130, 8.4810

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



153.7280, 3.9420, 5.6540



197.5050, 6.1880, 9.0040



156.9560, -5.8680, -3.7880



76.4890, 3.1170, 4.0850



57.1490, 47.5790, 68.3710



7.0920, 5.9130, 8.4810

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 153.7280, 3.9420, 5.6540 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 153.7280, 3.9420, 5.6540 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 153.7280, 3.9420, 5.6540

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 153.7280, 3.9420, 5.6540.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 153.7280, 3.9420,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

153.7280, 3.9420, 5.6540

Protanopia

153.3250, -2.2930, 3.0110

Deuteranopia

154.0380, 6.0050, 6.8130



Tritanopia

153.8420, 3.6210, 5.9650

Trichromacy



Original Color

153.7280, 3.9420, 5.6540

Protanomaly

153.5210, 0.0910, 3.8590

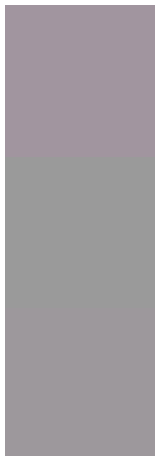
Deuteranomaly

153.7390, 5.4090, 6.6010

Tritanomaly

153.8420, 3.6210, 5.9650

Monochromacy



Original Color

153.7280, 3.9420, 5.6540

Achromatopsia

154.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

153.9510, 1.6960, 2.3040

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 153.7280, 3.9420, 5.6540 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(161, 149, 159)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(161, 149, 159)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 149, 159) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(161, 149, 159) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 153.7280, 3.9420, 5.6540 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(161, 149, 159) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(161, 149, 159) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(161, 149, 159)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(161, 149, 159); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 149, 159);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 149,  
159) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 153.7280, 3.9420, 5.6540 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(161, 149, 159) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(161,  
149, 159) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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