

Converting Colors

YIQ(153.9470, -58.9390,
-126.8350)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(153.9470, -58.9390, -126.8350)
contains.

YIQ(153.9470, -58.9390, -126.8350)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(153.9470, -58.9390,
-126.8350)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	13FC03
RGB	19, 252, 3
RGB Percent	7%, 99%, 1%
CMY	0.9262, 0.0114, 0.9881
CMYK	0.93, 0.00, 0.99, 0.01
HSL	116°, 98%, 50%
HSV	116°, 99%, 99%
XYZ	35.1224, 69.8251, 11.7123
YIQ	153.9470, -58.9390, -126.8350

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

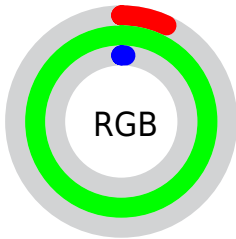
Format	Color
RYB	3, 252, 236
Decimal	1309699
CIELab	86.91, -84.78, 82.32
CIELCh	87, 118.169, 135.846
Yxy	69.8251, 0.3011, 0.5985
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279499779 (0xFF13FC03)
YUV	153.9470, -74.4169, -118.3485
Hunter-Lab	83.5614, -71.2057, 50.1827

Details

The YIQ color **153.9470, -58.9390, -126.8350** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00FF00**. The color can be described as dark saturated green. A complement of this color would be **101.0530, 58.9390, 126.8350**, and the grayscale version is **155.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **196.6510, -26.9450, -78.8890**, and **113.8780, -53.3500, -101.4620** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **152.7080, -59.7640, -128.4040**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **163.6740, -53.2560, -114.1840**.

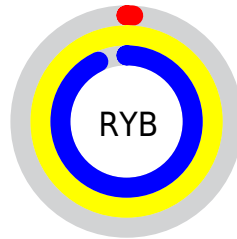
Distribution



Red (7%)

Green (99%)

Blue (1%)



Red (1%)

Yellow (99%)

Blue (93%)

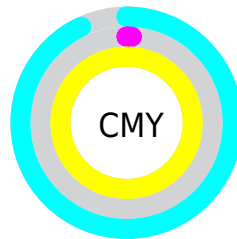


Cyan (93%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (99%)

Black (1%)



Cyan (93%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (99%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 153.9470, -58.9390, -126.8350 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 153.9470, -58.9390, -126.8350 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 153.9470,
-58.9390, -126.8350

■ 153.9470,
-58.9390, -126.8350

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 130.9010,
-61.3250, -116.6290

■ 196.6510,
-26.9450, -78.8890

■ 113.8780,
-53.3500, -101.4620

■ 210.6500,
-16.0360, -61.8280

■ 96.8550, -45.3750,
-86.2950

■ 224.2360, -5.4020,
-45.2900

■ 80.4190, -37.6750,
-71.6510

■ 237.4090, 4.9570,
-29.2750

■ 64.5700, -30.2500,
-57.5300

■ 250.0980, 13.8030,
-13.3730

■ 48.7210, -22.8250,
-43.4090

■ 253.6320, 3.8520,

■ 34.0460, -15.9500,

-3.7320

-30.3340

■ 18.7840, -8.8000,
-16.7360

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 153.9470,
-58.9390, -126.8350

■ 153.9470,
-58.9390, -126.8350

■ 152.7080,
-59.7640, -128.4040

■ 163.6740,
-53.2560, -114.1840

■ 173.7000,
-46.9770, -101.3210

■ 183.8400,
-41.0190, -88.1470

■ 193.5670,
-35.3360, -75.4960

■ 203.5930,
-29.0570, -62.6330

■ 213.3200,
-23.3740, -49.9820

■ 223.3460,
-17.0950, -37.1190

■ 233.4860,
-11.1370, -23.9450

■ 243.2130, -5.4540,
-11.2940

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



197.4900, 59.8470, -76.9290



153.9470, -58.9390, -126.8350



167.6970, -120.8430, -84.2270

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



153.9470, -58.9390, -126.8350



173.4720, -149.5050, -49.3530



133.0960, 81.4610, 71.0690

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



153.9470, -58.9390, -126.8350



101.0530, 58.9390, 126.8350

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



151.6880, 48.4000, 92.0480



153.9470, -58.9390, -126.8350



153.5140, -140.1550, -31.5710

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



153.9470, -58.9390, -126.8350



178.7550, -151.9800, -54.0600



195.7130, 27.7750, 52.8230



161.3040, 98.4840, -0.6840

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



153.9470, -58.9390, -126.8350



176.7030, -146.2020, -59.6580



195.7130, 27.7750, 52.8230



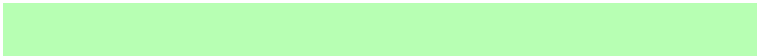
129.0960, 73.4340, 89.8980

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



153.9470, -58.9390, -126.8350



224.8080, -18.5160, -38.9000



213.6350, 84.6040, -68.5480



109.8990, -10.8620, -23.4220



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



153.9470, -58.9390, -126.8350



154.4690, -60.5890, -129.9730



161.4750, -103.1430, -96.6390



119.9300, -2.9790, -6.5870



114.5310, -44.8230, -96.3030



37.0030, -14.3910, -31.0550

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



101.0530, 58.9390, 126.8350



100.5310, 60.5890, 129.9730



93.5250, 103.1430, 96.6390



117.0700, 2.9790, 6.5870



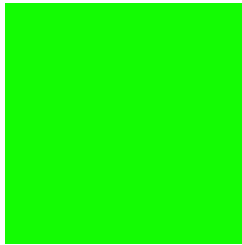
74.4690, 44.8230, 96.3030



23.9970, 14.3910, 31.0550

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 153.9470, -58.9390, -126.8350 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

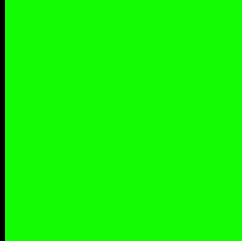
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 153.9470, -58.9390, -126.8350 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

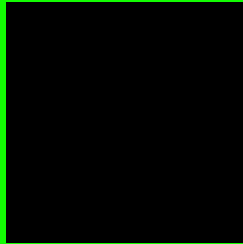
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 153.9470, -58.9390, -126.8350 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 153.9470, -58.9390, -126.8350.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 153.9470, -58.9390, -126.8350.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

153.9470, -58.9390, -126.8350

Protanopia

199.4490, 85.4280, -61.4520

Deuteranopia

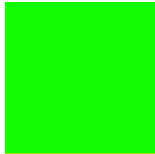
213.5030, 52.0870, -13.3610



Tritanopia

198.1930, -81.7910, -21.0150

Trichromacy



Original Color

153.9470, -58.9390, -126.8350



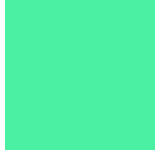
Protanomaly

182.6760, 32.6600, -85.3240



Deuteranomaly

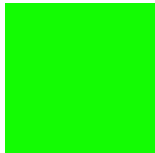
191.8230, 11.5180, -54.5780



Tritanomaly

182.3600, -73.5770, -59.7610

Monochromacy



Original Color

153.9470, -58.9390, -126.8350



Achromatopsia

154.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



Achromatomaly

154.2110, -21.4490, -46.3210

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 153.9470, -58.9390, -126.8350 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(19, 252, 3)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(19, 252, 3)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(19, 252, 3) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(19, 252, 3) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 153.9470, -58.9390, -126.8350 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(19, 252, 3) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(19, 252, 3) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(19, 252, 3)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(19, 252, 3); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(19, 252, 3);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(19, 252, 3)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 153.9470, -58.9390, -126.8350 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(19, 252, 3) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(19, 252,  
3) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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