

# Converting Colors

YIQ(154.0190, 35.6610, 53.0770)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(154.0190, 35.6610, 53.0770)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(154.0190, 35.6610,  
53.0770)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	DD6ECD
RGB	221, 110, 205
RGB Percent	87%, 43%, 80%
CMY	0.1330, 0.5688, 0.1960
CMYK	0.00, 0.50, 0.07, 0.13
HSL	309°, 62%, 65%
HSV	309°, 50%, 87%
XYZ	46.4364, 30.9356, 61.2923
YIQ	154.0190, 35.6610, 53.0770

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

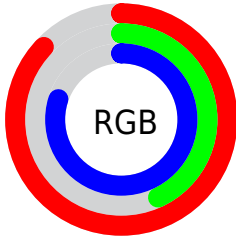
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	221, 110, 205
Decimal	14511821
CIE Lab	62.45, 55.64, -29.87
CIE LCh	62, 63.153, 331.769
Yxy	30.9356, 0.3349, 0.2231
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292701901 (0xFFDD6ECD)
YUV	154.0190, 25.1336, 58.7423
Hunter-Lab	55.6197, 51.6933, -26.4030

# Details

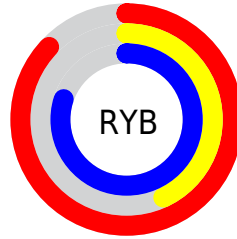
The YIQ color **154.0190, 35.6610, 53.0770** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC66CC**. A complement of this color would be **176.9810, -35.6610, -53.0770**, and the grayscale version is **154.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **202.1700, 24.7500, 47.0700**, and **98.1220, 33.8730, 52.4410** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **140.7630, 42.6740, 63.6500**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **167.2750, 28.6480, 42.5040**.

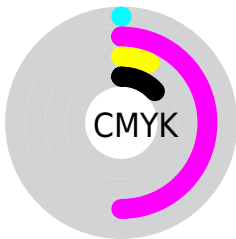
# Distribution



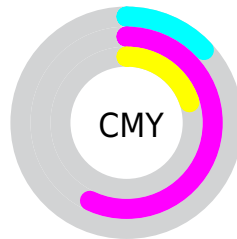
- Red (87%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (87%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (20%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 154.0190, 35.6610, 53.0770 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 154.0190, 35.6610, 53.0770 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



154.0190, 35.6610,  
53.0770

154.0190, 35.6610,  
53.0770

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

126.3070, 34.7900,  
52.3420

202.1700, 24.7500,  
47.0700

98.4210, 34.4690,  
52.6530

218.6060, 17.0500,  
32.4260

68.3010, 34.9270,  
55.3670

235.6290, 9.0750,  
17.2590

43.5780, 32.5890,  
53.6850

253.2390, 0.8250,  
1.5690

33.0680, 24.7970,  
40.7090

22.9710, 17.2800,  
28.2560

12.0910, 7.6540,

15.4780

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 154.0190, 35.6610,  
53.0770

■ 154.0190, 35.6610,  
53.0770

■ 140.7630, 42.6740,  
63.6500

■ 167.2750, 28.6480,  
42.5040

■ 127.5070, 49.6870,  
74.2230

■ 180.5310, 21.6350,  
31.9310

■ 114.1370, 57.0210,  
84.4850

■ 193.9010, 14.3010,  
21.6690

■ 100.8810, 64.0340,  
95.0580

■ 207.1570, 7.2880,  
11.0960

■ 87.6250, 71.0470,  
105.6310

■ 221.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 234.2560, -7.0130,  
-10.5730

■ 241.6420,  
-11.2760, -15.9160

■ 242.0980,  
-12.5600, -14.6720

■ 242.4400,  
-13.5230, -13.7390

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



153.7480, -24.0320, 39.0720



154.0190, 35.6610, 53.0770



148.2020, 74.4500, 49.4420

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



154.0190, 35.6610, 53.0770



142.3670, 57.5010, -34.3950



127.7250, -115.7640, -27.5720

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



154.0190, 35.6610, 53.0770



176.9810, -35.6610, -53.0770

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



121.3410, -97.7880, -44.9880



154.0190, 35.6610, 53.0770



137.6800, 10.7830, -46.7610

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



154.0190, 35.6610, 53.0770



146.5020, 80.1910, -5.0650



113.5660, -77.1530, -61.0330



128.1760, -126.6790, -11.4710



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



154.0190, 35.6610, 53.0770



146.9300, 86.4190, 36.2670



113.5660, -77.1530, -61.0330



125.6730, -109.9860, -33.1700

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



154.0190, 35.6610, 53.0770



232.0100, 12.3760, 18.0080



127.1390, -26.6910, 37.7010



114.0430, 7.6090, 10.7850



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



154.0190, 35.6610, 53.0770



162.6810, 49.1370, 73.1770



147.8630, 52.9950, 36.2830



103.3150, 3.6670, 5.1310



68.5990, 55.6000, 82.7040



18.2000, 14.8970, 21.8810



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



154.0190, 35.6610, 53.0770



162.6810, 49.1370, 73.1770



183.1370, -52.9950, -36.2830



103.3150, 3.6670, 5.1310



68.5990, 55.6000, 82.7040



18.2000, 14.8970, 21.8810



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 154.0190, 35.6610, 53.0770 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

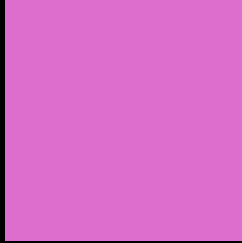
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 154.0190, 35.6610, 53.0770 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

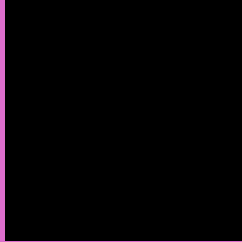
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 154.0190, 35.6610, 53.0770

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 154.0190, 35.6610, 53.0770.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 154.0190, 35.6610,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

154.0190, 35.6610, 53.0770

### Protanopia

149.9480, -45.8070, 20.6970

### Deuteranopia

152.1940, -20.4970, 13.5430



## Tritanopia

153.0390, 48.9630, 21.2430

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

154.0190, 35.6610, 53.0770



## Protanomaly

151.5390, -16.3740, 32.4420



## Deuteranomaly

152.9890, -0.3260, 27.9460



## Tritanomaly

153.2640, 44.3760, 32.7920

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

154.0190, 35.6610, 53.0770



## Achromatopsia

154.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



## Achromatomaly

153.9500, 12.6050, 19.3650

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 154.0190, 35.6610, 53.0770 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(221, 110, 205)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(221, 110, 205)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(221, 110, 205) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(221, 110, 205) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 154.0190, 35.6610, 53.0770 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(221, 110, 205) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(221, 110, 205) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(221, 110, 205)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(221, 110, 205); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(221, 110, 205);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(221, 110,  
205) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 154.0190, 35.6610, 53.0770 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(221, 110, 205) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(221,  
110, 205) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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