

# Converting Colors

YIQ(154.5640, 45.5130, 83.7930)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(154.5640, 45.5130, 83.7930)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**YIQ(154.5640, 45.5130,  
83.7930)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| Format      | Color                      |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex         | FA58F7                     |
| RGB         | 250, 88, 247               |
| RGB Percent | 98%, 35%, 97%              |
| CMY         | 0.0191, 0.6551, 0.0313     |
| CMYK        | 0.00, 0.65, 0.01, 0.02     |
| HSL         | 301°, 94%, 66%             |
| HSV         | 301°, 65%, 98%             |
| XYZ         | 59.7436, 34.0315, 91.4274  |
| YIQ         | 154.5640, 45.5130, 83.7930 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

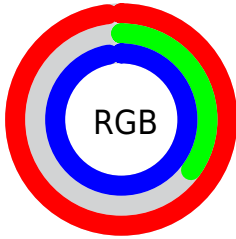
| <b>Format</b>                       | <b>Color</b>                  |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R <sub>YB</sub>                     | 250, 88, 247                  |
| Decimal                             | 16406775                      |
| CIE Lab                             | 64.99, 79.22, -49.05          |
| CIE LCh                             | 65, 93.178, 328.236           |
| Yxy                                 | 34.0315, 0.3226,<br>0.1838    |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4294596855<br>(0xFFFA58F7)    |
| YUV                                 | 154.5640, 45.5709,<br>83.6974 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 58.3365, 80.7165,<br>-52.0863 |

# Details

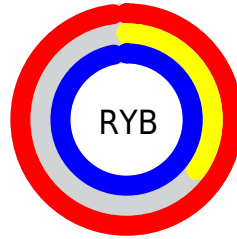
The YIQ color **154.5640, 45.5130, 83.7930** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF66FF**. The color can be described as light muted magenta. A complement of this color would be **183.4360, -45.5130, -83.7930**, and the grayscale version is **154.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **192.1910, 29.4250, 55.9610**, and **78.4700, 52.2500, 99.3700** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **139.8890, 52.3880, 96.8680**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **169.2390, 38.6380, 70.7180**.

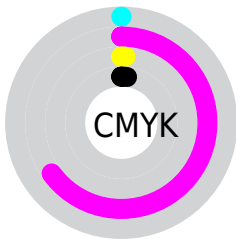
# Distribution



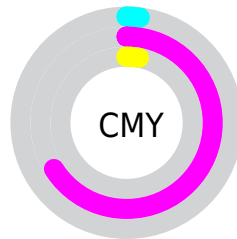
- Red (98%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (97%)



- Red (98%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (97%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (2%)




- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (3%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 154.5640, 45.5130, 83.7930 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 154.5640, 45.5130, 83.7930 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 154.5640, 45.5130,  
83.7930


 154.5640, 45.5130,  
83.7930


255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000


 122.3300, 46.2920,  
86.1960


 192.1910, 29.4250,  
55.9610


 78.4700, 52.2500,  
99.3700


 209.8010, 21.1750,  
40.2710


 66.3080, 43.3580,  
84.3020

 227.4110, 12.9250,  
24.5810

 54.6730, 34.4200,  
70.0680

 245.0210, 4.6750,  
8.8910

 43.3370, 26.0780,  
56.0460

 32.1150, 17.4150,  
42.3350

 21.0070, 8.4310,

28.9350

■ 7.0230, -6.8340,  
13.7260

■ 2.1830, -4.7690,  
3.8310

■ 154.5640, 45.5130,  
83.7930

■ 154.5640, 45.5130,  
83.7930

■ 139.8890, 52.3880,  
96.8680

■ 169.2390, 38.6380,  
70.7180

■ 125.1000, 59.5840,  
109.6320

■ 184.0280, 31.4420,  
57.9540

■ 110.4250, 66.4590,  
122.7070

■ 198.7030, 24.5670,  
44.8790

■ 102.6800, 70.3550,  
129.1950

■ 213.4920, 17.3710,  
32.1150

228.1670, 10.4960,  
19.0400

242.9560, 3.3000,  
6.2760

252.9350, -1.3750,  
-2.6150

253.0490, -1.6960,  
-2.3040

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



149.8430, -40.5370, 35.3270



154.5640, 45.5130, 83.7930



116.3010, 88.7940, 86.8580

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



154.5640, 45.5130, 83.7930



148.1160, 74.1450, -38.6790



140.0810, -128.5100, -27.8540

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



154.5640, 45.5130, 83.7930



183.4360, -45.5130, -83.7930

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



129.8040, -100.9500, -53.7660



154.5640, 45.5130, 83.7930



136.2130, 18.6270, -67.7810

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



154.5640, 45.5130, 83.7930



144.3370, 120.0800, -6.6080



116.6090, -70.6850, -79.1410



138.8390, -133.2800, -18.4960



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



154.5640, 45.5130, 83.7930



116.4880, 103.4240, 64.0000



116.6090, -70.6850, -79.1410



137.0030, -119.8430, -36.2510

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



154.5640, 45.5130, 83.7930



226.7100, 13.5210, 24.7930



107.3650, -50.2140, 51.0180



110.2760, 8.5710, 15.3790



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



154.5640, 45.5130, 83.7930



137.7310, 56.0090, 102.8330



145.3300, 71.5140, 58.6020



117.3690, 3.5750, 6.7990



77.6010, 53.2590, 97.6030



25.0790, 17.0960, 31.5920



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



154.5640, 45.5130, 83.7930



137.7310, 56.0090, 102.8330



192.6700, -71.5140, -58.6020



117.3690, 3.5750, 6.7990



77.6010, 53.2590, 97.6030



25.0790, 17.0960, 31.5920



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 154.5640, 45.5130, 83.7930 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

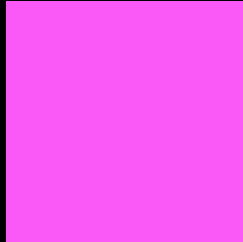
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 154.5640, 45.5130, 83.7930 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

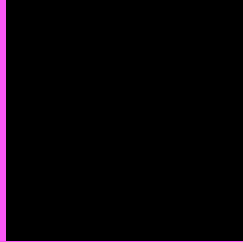
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 154.5640, 45.5130, 83.7930

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 154.5640, 45.5130, 83.7930.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 154.5640, 45.5130,

83.7930.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

154.5640, 45.5130, 83.7930

### Protanopia

155.0380, -54.7480, 23.0440

### Deuteranopia

155.5410, -46.2190, 17.1490



## Tritanopia

158.1120, 65.0550, 26.9670

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

154.5640, 45.5130, 83.7930



## Protanomaly

154.9600, -18.5770, 44.8390



## Deuteranomaly

155.3750, -12.6160, 41.4320



## Tritanomaly

156.7640, 58.1280, 47.8880

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

154.5640, 45.5130, 83.7930



## Achromatopsia

155.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

155.1390, 16.8670, 30.2350

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 154.5640, 45.5130, 83.7930 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(250, 88, 247)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(250, 88, 247)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(250, 88, 247) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(250, 88, 247) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 154.5640, 45.5130, 83.7930 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(250, 88, 247) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(250, 88, 247) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(250, 88, 247) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(250, 88, 247); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 88, 247);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 88,  
247) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 154.5640, 45.5130, 83.7930 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(250, 88, 247) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(250, 88,  
247) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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