

Converting Colors

YIQ(154.8690, -61.7620,
17.9980)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(154.8690, -61.7620, 17.9980)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(154.8690, -61.7620,
17.9980)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6BA0FE
RGB	107, 160, 254
RGB Percent	42%, 63%, 100%
CMY	0.5804, 0.3725, 0.0042
CMYK	0.58, 0.37, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	218°, 99%, 71%
HSV	218°, 58%, 100%
XYZ	36.5125, 35.4247, 98.6111
YIQ	154.8690, -61.7620, 17.9980

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

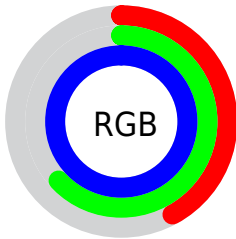
Format	Color
RYB	107, 146, 254
Decimal	7053566
CIELab	66.08, 9.69, -51.99
CIElCh	66, 52.883, 280.555
Yxy	35.4247, 0.2141, 0.2077
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285243646 (0xFF6BA0FE)
YUV	154.8690, 48.8716, -41.9811
Hunter-Lab	59.5187, 5.3453, -56.5692

Details

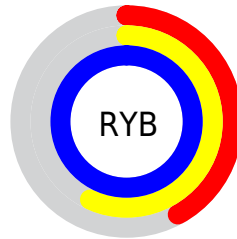
The YIQ color **154.8690, -61.7620, 17.9980** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6699FF**. A complement of this color would be **206.1310, 61.7620, -17.9980**, and the grayscale version is **154.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **204.9200, -40.5770, 2.9990**, and **96.9060, -72.3520, 11.6800** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **138.0020, -72.2620, 21.0660**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **171.7360, -51.2620, 14.9300**.

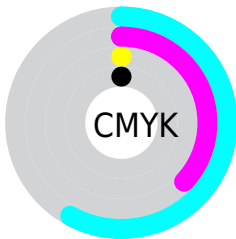
Distribution



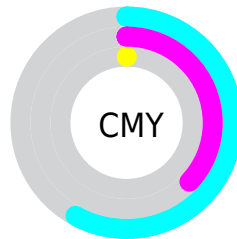
- Red (42%)
- Green (63%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 154.8690, -61.7620, 17.9980 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 154.8690, -61.7620, 17.9980 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 154.8690,
-61.7620, 17.9980

■ 154.8690,
-61.7620, 17.9980

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 126.7330,
-64.3750, 15.7930

■ 204.6210,
-41.1730, 2.7870

■ 96.9060, -72.3520,
11.6800

■ 230.6140,
-31.2680, -6.0200

■ 69.1610, -77.6240,
8.1040

■ 246.9270,
-16.0920, -5.7240

■ 53.1690, -62.9070,
11.2130

■ 37.8780, -48.7860,
14.1100

■ 23.2880, -35.2610,
16.7950

■ 11.7470, -23.4320,

17.1760

■ 6.7770, -14.9490,
12.1150

■ 3.0950, -7.3370,
6.3190

■ 154.8690,
-61.7620, 17.9980

■ 154.8690,
-61.7620, 17.9980

■ 138.0020,
-72.2620, 21.0660

■ 171.7360,
-51.2620, 14.9300

■ 120.8360,
-83.3580, 23.9220

■ 188.9020,
-40.1660, 12.0740

■ 103.3820,
-93.5830, 27.5130

■ 206.3560,
-29.9410, 8.4830

■ 86.2160,
-104.6790, 30.3690

■ 223.5220,
-18.8450, 5.6270

■ 82.9600,
-106.8340, 30.8780

■ 240.3890, -8.3450,
2.5590

254.8860, 0.3210,
-0.3110

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



130.6380, -128.1000, -13.2520



154.8690, -61.7620, 17.9980



164.9430, -2.7120, 38.1520

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



154.8690, -61.7620, 17.9980



159.2960, 75.7400, 15.0360



132.0760, -69.3610, -48.0570

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



154.8690, -61.7620, 17.9980



206.1310, 61.7620, -17.9980

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



148.2950, -3.8900, -39.6500



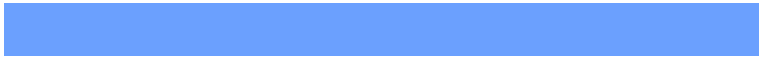
154.8690, -61.7620, 17.9980



157.8420, 64.3740, -10.2660

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



154.8690, -61.7620, 17.9980



160.9480, 68.8130, 35.9570



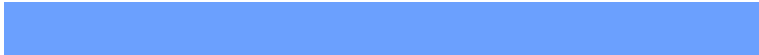
154.1770, 37.7850, -29.5030



128.0720, -107.0960, -41.4960

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



154.8690, -61.7620, 17.9980



164.9160, 28.2810, 43.6490



154.1770, 37.7850, -29.5030



140.5540, -41.3480, -43.6200

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



154.8690, -61.7620, 17.9980



225.7070, -17.9280, 5.5280



203.8910, -70.2780, -47.9580



110.2470, -10.8210, 3.3790



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



154.8690, -61.7620, 17.9980



136.6320, -74.0960, 21.2640



129.7380, -35.2670, 49.9570



118.8300, -5.2730, 1.9510



62.2770, -80.2860, 23.3140



20.7970, -26.8690, 7.8750

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



156.9950, 70.5990, 47.6470



138.9200, 84.3520, 57.2160



231.2620, 35.2670, -49.9570



119.3430, 6.4640, 4.0000



64.9750, 91.6870, 61.9510



21.7580, 30.7610, 20.7210

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 154.8690, -61.7620, 17.9980 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

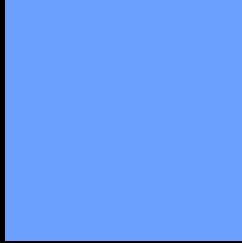
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 154.8690, -61.7620, 17.9980 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

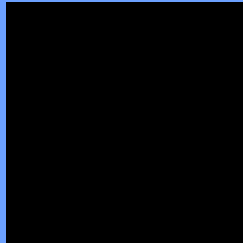
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

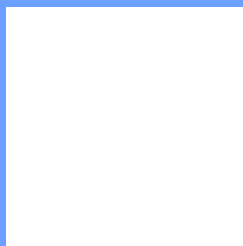
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 154.8690, -61.7620, 17.9980

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 154.8690, -61.7620, 17.9980.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 154.8690, -61.7620, 17.9980.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

154.8690, -61.7620, 17.9980

Protanopia

158.1480, -49.2460, 22.4500

Deuteranopia

154.8690, -61.7620, 17.9980



Tritanopia

147.4900, -60.5180, -15.5740

Trichromacy



Original Color

154.8690, -61.7620, 17.9980

Protanomaly

156.7560, -54.0140, 20.7540

Deuteranomaly

154.8690, -61.7620, 17.9980

Tritanomaly

150.2810, -60.8870, -3.3750

Monochromacy



Original Color

154.8690, -61.7620, 17.9980

Achromatopsia

155.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

155.1950, -22.2380, 6.5460

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 154.8690, -61.7620, 17.9980 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(107, 160, 254)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(107, 160, 254)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(107, 160, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(107, 160, 254) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 154.8690, -61.7620, 17.9980 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(107, 160, 254) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(107, 160, 254) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(107, 160, 254)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(107, 160, 254); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 160, 254);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 160,  
254) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 154.8690, -61.7620, 17.9980 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(107, 160, 254) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(107,  
160, 254) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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