

Converting Colors

YIQ(155.0690, 4.7200, 13.5840)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(155.0690, 4.7200, 13.5840)
contains.

YIQ(155.0690, 4.7200, 13.5840)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(155.0690, 4.7200,
13.5840)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A891AD
RGB	168, 145, 173
RGB Percent	66%, 57%, 68%
CMY	0.3411, 0.4314, 0.3216
CMYK	0.03, 0.16, 0.00, 0.32
HSL	289°, 15%, 62%
HSV	289°, 16%, 68%
XYZ	33.8191, 31.5918, 43.8502
YIQ	155.0690, 4.7200, 13.5840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

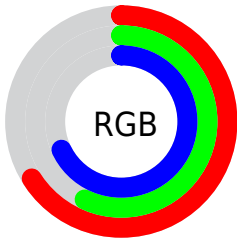
Format	Color
RYB	168, 145, 173
Decimal	11047341
CIELab	63.00, 13.77, -11.48
CIELCh	63, 17.929, 320.180
Yxy	31.5918, 0.3095, 0.2891
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289237421 (0xFFA891AD)
YUV	155.0690, 8.8400, 11.3405
Hunter-Lab	56.2066, 9.0404, -6.9111

Details

The YIQ color **155.0690, 4.7200, 13.5840** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999CC**. A complement of this color would be **162.9310, -4.7200, -13.5840**, and the grayscale version is **155.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **209.4820, 4.9950, 14.1070**, and **103.6560, 4.4450, 13.0610** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **144.1930, 7.6070, 21.8390**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **165.9450, 1.8330, 5.3290**.

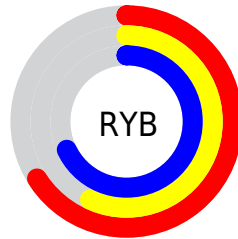
Distribution



Red (66%)

Green (57%)

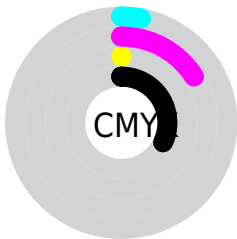
Blue (68%)



Red (66%)

Yellow (57%)

Blue (68%)

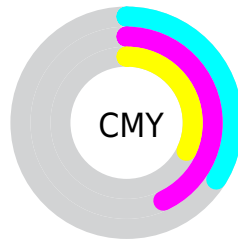


Cyan (3%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (32%)



Cyan (34%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (32%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 155.0690, 4.7200, 13.5840 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 155.0690, 4.7200, 13.5840 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 155.0690, 4.7200,
13.5840

■ 155.0690, 4.7200,
13.5840

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 128.6560, 4.4450,
13.0610

■ 209.4820, 4.9950,
14.1070

■ 103.6560, 4.4450,
13.0610

■ 237.6670, 5.9120,
14.0080

■ 79.8300, 3.8950,
12.0150

■ 56.4170, 3.6200,
11.4920

■ 35.0040, 3.3450,
10.9690

■ 11.6670, 5.9120,
14.0080

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 155.0690, 4.7200,
13.5840

■ 155.0690, 4.7200,
13.5840

■ 144.1930, 7.6070,
21.8390

■ 165.9450, 1.8330,
5.3290

■ 132.7300, 10.7690,
30.6170

■ 177.4080, -1.3290,
-3.4490

■ 121.8540, 13.6560,
38.8720

■ 188.2840, -4.2160,
-11.7040

■ 110.9780, 16.5430,
47.1270

■ 199.1600, -7.1030,
-19.9590

■ 99.5150, 19.7050,
55.9050

■ 210.0360, -9.9900,
-28.2140

■ 88.6390, 22.5920,
64.1600

■ 221.4990,
-13.1520, -36.9920

■ 77.4640, 24.8830,
72.2030

■ 226.2170,
-12.4180, -39.2820

■ 66.5880, 27.7700,
80.4580

■ 227.1140,
-10.6300, -38.6460

■ 62.1800, 29.0990,
83.9070

■ 228.0110, -8.8420,
-38.0100

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



153.0500, -11.4640, 9.5280



155.0690, 4.7200, 13.5840



155.4850, 18.1080, 13.2440

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



155.0690, 4.7200, 13.5840



152.6740, 21.2290, -4.7790



146.2670, -31.9090, -10.9250

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



155.0690, 4.7200, 13.5840



162.9310, -4.7200, -13.5840

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



146.7320, -20.2170, -13.5690



155.0690, 4.7200, 13.5840



150.6400, 9.4010, -10.6870

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



155.0690, 4.7200, 13.5840



153.9400, 26.5920, 2.6560



148.7460, -5.6370, -13.4850



147.4720, -33.7440, -5.2000

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



155.0690, 4.7200, 13.5840



154.8400, 24.2980, 11.1940



148.7460, -5.6370, -13.4850



146.1810, -28.7910, -12.3670

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



155.0690, 4.7200, 13.5840



216.9450, 1.8330, 5.3290



151.1270, -10.3630, 6.0930



107.5920, 1.3290, 3.4490



240.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



112.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



155.0690, 4.7200, 13.5840



197.2530, 7.3780, 20.4820



155.5380, 10.5890, 11.8450



81.1190, 1.2830, 4.2830



54.1760, 25.7540, 72.9380



8.3030, 3.9410, 11.1810

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



153.9420, 15.0830, 7.4910



195.3560, 22.7850, 11.0810



162.4620, -10.5890, -11.8450



80.9190, 4.7220, 2.5300



47.9280, 80.7330, 40.1970



7.3330, 12.4240, 6.1200

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 155.0690, 4.7200, 13.5840 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

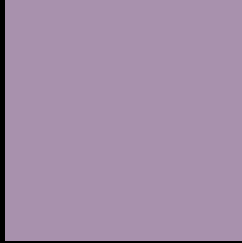
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 155.0690, 4.7200, 13.5840 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

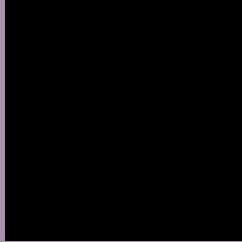
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 155.0690, 4.7200, 13.5840

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 155.0690, 4.7200, 13.5840.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 155.0690, 4.7200,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

155.0690, 4.7200, 13.5840

Protanopia

153.0670, -10.1340, 7.4500

Deuteranopia

154.3130, -2.0190, 9.0610



Tritanopia

154.0490, 7.4720, 7.7600

Trichromacy



Original Color

155.0690, 4.7200, 13.5840

Protanomaly

153.8720, -5.0910, 9.6690

Deuteranomaly

154.9220, 0.6400, 10.4320

Tritanomaly

154.3310, 6.7380, 10.0500

Monochromacy



Original Color

155.0690, 4.7200, 13.5840

Achromatopsia

155.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

154.9450, 1.8330, 5.3290

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 155.0690, 4.7200, 13.5840 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(168, 145, 173)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(168, 145, 173)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(168, 145, 173) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(168, 145, 173) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 155.0690, 4.7200, 13.5840 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(168, 145, 173) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(168, 145, 173) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(168, 145, 173)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(168, 145, 173); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 145, 173);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 145,  
173) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 155.0690, 4.7200, 13.5840 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(168, 145, 173) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(168,  
145, 173) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor