

# Converting Colors

YIQ(155.4770, 63.0030,  
-34.9890)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(155.4770, 63.0030, -34.9890)  
contains.

<b>YIQ(155.4770, 63.0030, -34.9890)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YIQ(155.4770, 63.0030,  
-34.9890)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C2A11A
RGB	194, 161, 26
RGB Percent	76%, 63%, 10%
CMY	0.2392, 0.3687, 0.8977
CMYK	0.00, 0.17, 0.87, 0.24
HSL	48°, 76%, 43%
HSV	48°, 87%, 76%
XYZ	35.1776, 37.0289, 6.2758
YIQ	155.4770, 63.0030, -34.9890

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

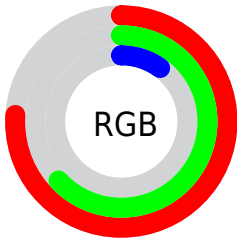
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">67, 194, 26</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">12755226</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">67.30, -0.06, 66.36</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">67, 66.362, 90.051</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">37.0289, 0.4482, 0.4718</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4290945306</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFC2A11A</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">155.4770, -63.8322, 33.7847</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">60.8514, -3.3007, 36.4812</a>

# Details

The YIQ color **155.4770, 63.0030, -34.9890** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9900**. The color can be described as dark washed orange. A complement of this color would be **64.5230, -63.0030, 34.9890**, and the grayscale version is **156.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **211.9550, 64.6530, -31.8510**, and **105.2340, 50.8060, -28.6980** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **150.9630, 70.2020, -38.8060**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **159.9910, 55.8040, -31.1720**.

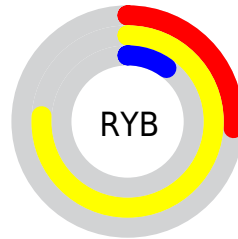
# Distribution



Red (76%)

Green (63%)

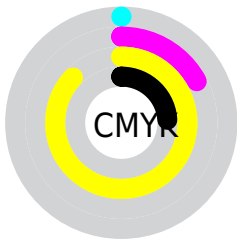
Blue (10%)



Red (26%)

Yellow (76%)

Blue (10%)

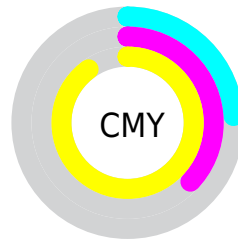


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (17%)

Yellow (87%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (24%)

Magenta (37%)


Yellow (90%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 155.4770, 63.0030, -34.9890 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 155.4770, 63.0030, -34.9890 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 155.4770, 63.0030,  
-34.9890


 155.4770, 63.0030,  
-34.9890

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000


 128.5800, 61.2150,  
-35.6250


 211.9550, 64.6530,  
-31.8510


 105.2340, 50.8060,  
-28.6980


 232.4690, 48.2860,  
-38.0980


 82.7740, 40.7180,  
-22.0820


 242.0040, 36.5940,  
-35.4540

 60.9010, 30.3550,  
-15.9890

 245.1960, 27.6060,  
-26.7460

 40.2130, 20.9090,  
-9.9950

 248.5020, 18.2970,  
-17.7270

 20.9980, 11.5090,  
-4.8350

 251.8080, 8.9880,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

-8.7080

0.0000

■ 155.4770, 63.0030,  
-34.9890

■ 155.4770, 63.0030,  
-34.9890

■ 150.9630, 70.2020,  
-38.8060

■ 159.9910, 55.8040,  
-31.1720

■ 149.5780, 72.7240,  
-40.4600

■ 164.6190, 48.2840,  
-27.0440

■ 168.5460, 41.3600,  
-22.7040

■ 173.1740, 33.8400,  
-18.5760

■ 177.6880, 26.6410,  
-14.7590

■ 182.2020, 19.4420,  
-10.9420

■ 186.8300, 11.9220,  
-6.8140

■ 191.3440, 4.7230,  
-2.9970

■ 195.3850, -2.5220,  
1.6540

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



159.3780, 86.4720, -3.2560



155.4770, 63.0030, -34.9890



150.1380, 15.1850, -49.4470

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



155.4770, 63.0030, -34.9890



137.4250, -123.7870, -30.8510



167.8280, 34.8810, 56.2010

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



155.4770, 63.0030, -34.9890



64.5230, -63.0030, 34.9890

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



164.6830, -25.4070, 36.4570



155.4770, 63.0030, -34.9890



137.6650, -132.7300, -17.4500

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



155.4770, 63.0030, -34.9890



131.1720, -104.8020, -50.0340



129.4470, -128.8800, -10.1280



157.3910, 69.5440, 50.2480



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



155.4770, 63.0030, -34.9890



142.1620, -28.9210, -54.0810



129.4470, -128.8800, -10.1280



168.3680, 15.6250, 52.7530

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



155.4770, 63.0030, -34.9890



237.5460, 24.1650, -13.9390



80.1080, 89.2140, 46.1900



118.7440, 15.0400, -8.2560



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



155.4770, 63.0030, -34.9890



194.5090, 94.3670, -52.7450



159.8980, 24.1280, -62.8480



94.6860, 3.7600, -2.0640



123.8620, 60.4810, -33.3350



25.7160, 12.2430, -7.1250



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



64.5230, -63.0030, 34.9890



58.0780, -94.6420, 52.2220



60.1020, -24.1280, 62.8480



89.3140, -3.7600, 2.0640



37.1380, -60.4810, 33.3350

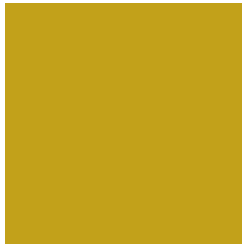


7.8710, -12.5180, 6.6020



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 155.4770, 63.0030, -34.9890 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 155.4770, 63.0030, -34.9890 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 155.4770, 63.0030, -34.9890

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 155.4770, 63.0030, -34.9890.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 155.4770, 63.0030,

-34.9890.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

155.4770, 63.0030, -34.9890

### Protanopia

154.6610, 56.4930, -38.1550

### Deuteranopia

156.8850, 70.8420, -28.3740



## Tritanopia

167.1010, 28.0570, 14.6570

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

155.4770, 63.0030, -34.9890

## Protanomaly

154.9710, 58.5560, -36.9960

## Deuteranomaly

156.4500, 67.6330, -30.7910

## Tritanomaly

162.9660, 40.8980, -3.3100

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

155.4770, 63.0030, -34.9890

## Achromatopsia

155.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

155.0020, 22.8810, -12.6950

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 155.4770, 63.0030, -34.9890 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(194, 161, 26)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(194, 161, 26)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(194, 161, 26) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(194, 161, 26) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 155.4770, 63.0030, -34.9890 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(194, 161, 26) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(194, 161, 26) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(194, 161, 26) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(194, 161, 26); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 161, 26);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 161,  
26) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 155.4770, 63.0030, -34.9890 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(194, 161, 26) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(194,  
161, 26) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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