

# Converting Colors

YIQ(156.2780, 31.4520, 2.6840)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(156.2780, 31.4520, 2.6840)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(156.2780, 31.4520,  
2.6840)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BC927E
RGB	188, 146, 126
RGB Percent	74%, 57%, 49%
CMY	0.2627, 0.4275, 0.5057
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.33, 0.26
HSL	19°, 32%, 62%
HSV	19°, 33%, 74%
XYZ	34.7889, 32.7538, 24.2393
YIQ	156.2780, 31.4520, 2.6840

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

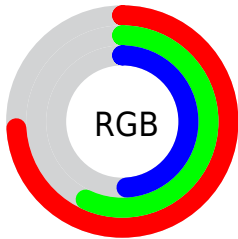
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">188, 156, 126</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">12358270</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">63.96, 13.00, 16.65</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">64, 21.125, 52.018</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">32.7538, 0.3790, 0.3569</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4290548350 (0xFFBC927E)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">156.2780, -14.9271, 27.8202</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">57.2309, 8.3505, 14.9502</a>

# Details

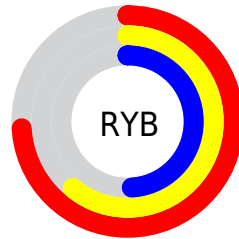
The YIQ color  $156.2780, 31.4520, 2.6840$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CC9999$ . A complement of this color would be  $157.7220, -31.4520, -2.6840$ , and the grayscale version is  $156.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $211.0610, 33.5610, 3.0090$ , and  $104.3100, 28.4260, 2.4580$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $146.4810, 41.1260, 3.5740$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $166.0750, 21.7780, 1.7940$ .

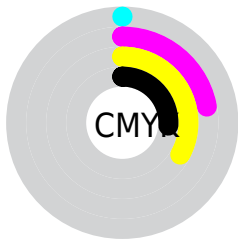
# Distribution



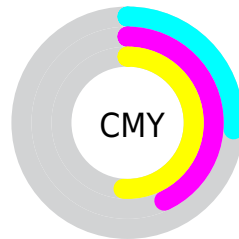
- Red (74%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (74%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Black (26%)



- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (51%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 156.2780, 31.4520, 2.6840 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 156.2780, 31.4520, 2.6840 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 156.2780, 31.4520,  
2.6840


 156.2780, 31.4520,  
2.6840


255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000


 129.7940, 29.9390,  
2.5710


 211.0610, 33.5610,  
3.0090


 104.3100, 28.4260,  
2.4580


 233.5650, 23.1540,  
-1.1180

 80.4130, 26.6380,  
1.8220

 252.7200, 6.4200,  
-6.2200

 57.0430, 24.8040,  
2.0200

 34.9180, 23.6580,  
0.7620

 12.8130, 19.7600,  
5.3280

 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 156.2780, 31.4520,  
2.6840

■ 156.2780, 31.4520,  
2.6840

■ 146.4810, 41.1260,  
3.5740

■ 166.0750, 21.7780,  
1.7940

■ 136.6840, 50.8000,  
4.4640

■ 175.2850, 12.3790,  
1.4270

■ 127.5880, 59.8780,  
5.1420

■ 184.9680, 3.0260,  
0.2260

■ 117.7910, 69.5520,  
6.0320

■ 194.7650, -6.6480,  
-0.6640

■ 107.9940, 79.2260,  
6.9220

■ 204.5620,  
-16.3220, -1.5540

■ 98.1970, 88.9000,  
7.8120

■ 213.7720,  
-25.7210, -1.9210

■ 92.0190, 95.2730,  
7.9530

■ 223.2270,  
-34.4320, -3.7440

■ 230.8580,  
-38.0070, -10.5430

■ 234.9670,  
-39.9320, -14.2040

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



157.5480, 30.9920, 11.0240



156.2780, 31.4520, 2.6840



154.7020, 24.0260, -5.9100

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



156.2780, 31.4520, 2.6840



147.6280, -25.8560, -16.0000



156.0330, -12.7940, 11.6060

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



156.2780, 31.4520, 2.6840



157.7220, -31.4520, -2.6840

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



152.3080, -29.9860, 3.7900



156.2780, 31.4520, 2.6840



147.0920, -38.7860, -12.9460

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



156.2780, 31.4520, 2.6840



150.3820, -7.6080, -16.3120



148.3510, -40.7130, -5.5530



158.0200, 6.4160, 15.8880



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



156.2780, 31.4520, 2.6840



153.1630, 15.1780, -10.7580



148.3510, -40.7130, -5.5530



155.0430, -18.7540, 9.4860

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



156.2780, 31.4520, 2.6840



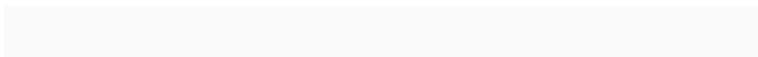
232.1710, 12.7000, 1.1160



149.3260, 23.4700, 26.2060



114.5340, 7.2440, 0.8760



250.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



122.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



156.2780, 31.4520, 2.6840



194.4990, 49.8830, 4.5630



174.4750, 22.9270, -13.5290



89.4520, 4.5390, 0.3390



77.1790, 80.1430, 6.8230



15.1390, 15.7260, 1.3420



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



157.7220, -31.4520, -2.6840



196.9140, -49.6080, -4.0400



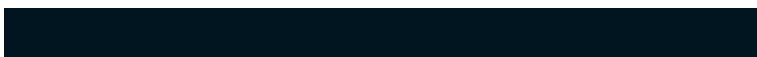
139.5250, -22.9270, 13.5290



89.5480, -4.5390, -0.3390



80.8210, -80.1430, -6.8230



15.8610, -15.7260, -1.3420



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 156.2780, 31.4520, 2.6840 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

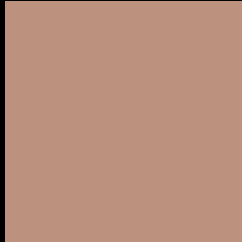
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 156.2780, 31.4520, 2.6840 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

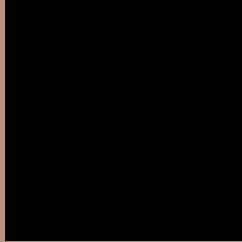
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 156.2780, 31.4520, 2.6840

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 156.2780, 31.4520, 2.6840.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 156.2780, 31.4520,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

156.2780, 31.4520, 2.6840

### Protanopia

154.8410, 13.3890, -5.8670

### Deuteranopia

155.5330, 26.1800, -0.8920



## Tritanopia

157.9050, 25.6730, 13.8090

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

156.2780, 31.4520, 2.6840

## Protanomaly

155.6570, 19.8990, -2.7010

## Deuteranomaly

155.8430, 28.2430, 0.2670

## Tritanomaly

157.0530, 28.0120, 9.9640

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

156.2780, 31.4520, 2.6840

## Achromatopsia

156.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

155.9860, 11.7830, 1.2150

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 156.2780, 31.4520, 2.6840 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(188, 146, 126)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(188, 146, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(188, 146, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(188, 146, 126) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 156.2780, 31.4520, 2.6840 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(188, 146, 126) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(188, 146, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(188, 146, 126)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(188, 146, 126); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 146, 126);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 146,  
126) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 156.2780, 31.4520, 2.6840 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(188, 146, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(188,  
146, 126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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