

Converting Colors

YIQ(156.6880, 26.6410,
-14.7590)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(156.6880, 26.6410, -14.7590)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(156.6880, 26.6410,
-14.7590)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AD9F66
RGB	173, 159, 102
RGB Percent	68%, 62%, 40%
CMY	0.3216, 0.3765, 0.5998
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.41, 0.32
HSL	48°, 30%, 54%
HSV	48°, 41%, 68%
XYZ	32.0307, 34.6384, 17.5780
YIQ	156.6880, 26.6410, -14.7590

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

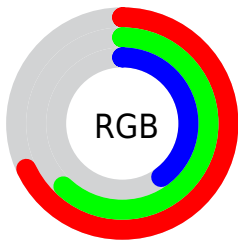
Format	Color
RYB	119, 173, 102
Decimal	11378534
CIELab	65.47, -3.20, 31.56
CIELCh	65, 31.720, 95.791
Yxy	34.6384, 0.3802, 0.4112
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289568614 (0xFFAD9F66)
YUV	156.6880, -26.9612, 14.3056
Hunter-Lab	58.8544, -5.8490, 23.4900

Details

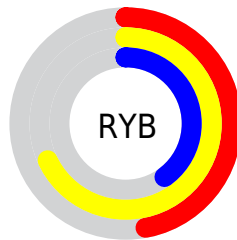
The YIQ color **156.6880, 26.6410, -14.7590** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **118.3120, -26.6410, 14.7590**, and the grayscale version is **157.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **211.9440, 28.7960, -15.2680**, and **105.1330, 23.8900, -14.4620** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **152.9890, 32.9230, -18.4770**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **160.3870, 20.3590, -11.0410**.

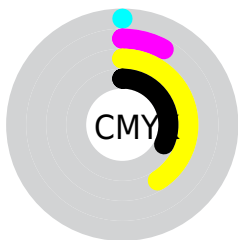
Distribution



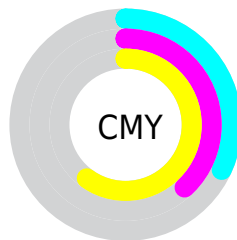
- Red (68%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (68%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Black (32%)



- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 156.6880, 26.6410, -14.7590 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 156.6880, 26.6410, -14.7590 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 156.6880, 26.6410,
-14.7590

■ 156.6880, 26.6410,
-14.7590

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 130.5030, 25.7240,
-14.6600

■ 211.9440, 28.7960,
-15.2680

■ 105.1330, 23.8900,
-14.4620

■ 238.9330, 27.3290,
-16.2150

■ 80.6490, 22.3770,
-14.5750

■ 249.7560, 14.7660,
-14.3060

■ 57.2360, 22.1020,
-15.0980

■ 252.9480, 5.7780,
-5.5980

■ 36.3480, 16.0950,
-10.8570

■ 17.1330, 6.6950,
-5.6970

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 156.6880, 26.6410,
-14.7590

■ 156.6880, 26.6410,
-14.7590

■ 152.9890, 32.9230,
-18.4770

■ 160.3870, 20.3590,
-11.0410

■ 148.5890, 39.8010,
-21.9830

■ 164.7870, 13.4810,
-7.5350

■ 144.8900, 46.0830,
-25.7010

■ 168.4860, 7.1990,
-3.8170

■ 140.6040, 52.6400,
-28.8960

■ 172.7720, 0.6420,
-0.6220

■ 136.9050, 58.9220,
-32.6140

■ 176.5850, -5.9610,
3.4070

■ 133.3200, 64.8830,
-36.0210

■ 180.2840,
-12.2430, 7.1250

■ 184.5700,
-18.8000, 10.3200

■ 188.2690,
-25.0820, 14.0380

■ 192.3270,
-30.9970, 16.6110

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



158.9770, 42.3650, -2.3630



156.6880, 26.6410, -14.7590



153.2550, 2.7550, -22.4050

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



156.6880, 26.6410, -14.7590



140.9660, -73.7220, -18.5700



163.4290, 21.6820, 25.5700

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



156.6880, 26.6410, -14.7590



118.3120, -26.6410, 14.7590

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



162.2500, -5.7350, 21.3450



156.6880, 26.6410, -14.7590



147.9710, -62.9500, -4.5340

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



156.6880, 26.6410, -14.7590



143.8460, -56.0690, -24.6210



157.0010, -36.1310, 10.5330



161.9610, 40.4350, 21.6110

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



156.6880, 26.6410, -14.7590



150.6210, -15.9510, -24.8070



157.0010, -36.1310, 10.5330



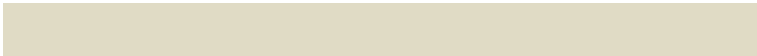
162.8240, 13.2000, 25.1040

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



156.6880, 26.6410, -14.7590



217.9870, 10.0420, -5.7820



124.8250, 37.8220, 19.4060



108.4150, 5.9610, -3.4070



240.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



112.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



156.6880, 26.6410, -14.7590



199.1330, 41.0850, -23.2270



158.6270, 10.2750, -26.5330



84.8000, 3.4390, -1.7530



115.8770, 56.1250, -31.4830



17.4430, 8.7580, -4.5380

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



118.3120, -26.6410, 14.7590



139.4540, -41.3600, 22.7040



116.3730, -10.2750, 26.5330



80.2000, -3.4390, 1.7530



34.7100, -56.4000, 30.9600



5.5570, -8.7580, 4.5380

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 156.6880, 26.6410, -14.7590 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 156.6880, 26.6410, -14.7590 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

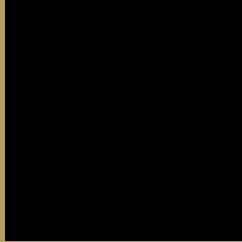
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 156.6880, 26.6410, -14.7590

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 156.6880, 26.6410, -14.7590.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 156.6880, 26.6410, -14.7590.

-14.7590.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

156.6880, 26.6410, -14.7590

Protanopia

156.6880, 26.6410, -14.7590

Deuteranopia

158.1890, 38.6520, -6.6600



Tritanopia

161.0390, 13.4320, 9.8800

Trichromacy



Original Color

156.6880, 26.6410, -14.7590

Protanomaly

156.6880, 26.6410, -14.7590

Deuteranomaly

157.7430, 33.9760, -10.0240

Tritanomaly

159.3950, 17.8810, 0.8330

Monochromacy



Original Color

156.6880, 26.6410, -14.7590

Achromatopsia

157.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

157.1010, 9.7210, -5.4710

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 156.6880, 26.6410, -14.7590 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(173, 159, 102)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(173, 159, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 159, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(173, 159, 102) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 156.6880, 26.6410, -14.7590 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(173, 159, 102) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(173, 159, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(173, 159, 102)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(173, 159, 102); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 159, 102);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 159,  
102) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 156.6880, 26.6410, -14.7590 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(173, 159, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(173,  
159, 102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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