

# Converting Colors

YIQ(156.7020, 67.5840,  
-13.3760)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(156.7020, 67.5840, -13.3760)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(156.7020, 67.5840,  
-13.3760)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| Format      | Color                       |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex         | D5933B                      |
| RGB         | 213, 147, 59                |
| RGB Percent | 84%, 58%, 23%               |
| CMY         | 0.1646, 0.4236, 0.7683      |
| CMYK        | 0.00, 0.31, 0.72, 0.16      |
| HSL         | 34°, 65%, 53%               |
| HSV         | 34°, 72%, 84%               |
| XYZ         | 38.6692, 35.3254, 8.9298    |
| YIQ         | 156.7020, 67.5840, -13.3760 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

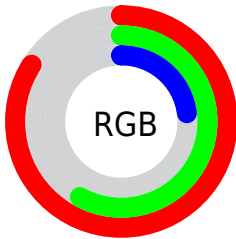
| Format                              | Color  |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| <a href="#">RYB</a>                 | <a href="#">175, 213, 59</a>                                 |
| Decimal                             | <a href="#">13996859</a>                                     |
| CIELab                              | <a href="#">66.00, 17.04, 54.49</a>                          |
| CIElCh                              | <a href="#">66, 57.089, 72.636</a>                           |
| Yxy                                 | <a href="#">35.3254, 0.4663, 0.4260</a>                      |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | <a href="#">4292186939</a><br>( <a href="#">0xFFD5933B</a> ) |
| YUV                                 | <a href="#">156.7020, -48.1671, 49.3733</a>                  |
| Hunter-Lab                          | <a href="#">59.4352, 12.1223, 32.6967</a>                    |

# Details

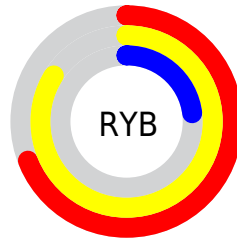
The YIQ color **156.7020, 67.5840, -13.3760** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9933**. The color can be described as middle muted orange. A complement of this color would be **115.2980, -67.5840, 13.3760**, and the grayscale version is **157.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **206.8860, 61.0740, -16.5420**, and **102.3980, 65.3840, -17.5600** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **149.0250, 76.8000, -15.2000**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **164.3790, 58.3680, -11.5520**.

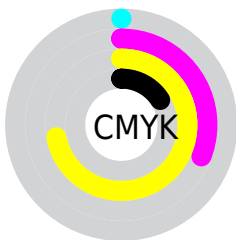
# Distribution



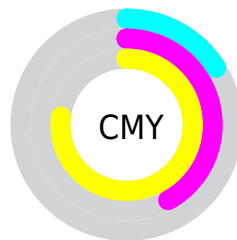
- Red (84%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (23%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (23%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Black (16%)




- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (77%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 156.7020, 67.5840, -13.3760 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 156.7020, 67.5840, -13.3760 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 156.7020, 67.5840,  
-13.3760

 156.7020, 67.5840,  
-13.3760


255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

 129.3920, 65.5210,  
-14.5350


 206.8860, 61.0740,  
-16.5420


 102.3980, 65.3840,  
-17.5600


 226.4000, 44.7070,  
-22.7890


 80.2260, 54.4250,  
-11.6790


 244.7400, 28.8900,  
-27.9900

 58.3530, 44.0620,  
-5.5860

 247.9320, 19.9020,  
-19.2820

 37.6540, 33.1490,  
-0.5390

 251.1240, 10.9140,  
-10.5740

 16.9660, 23.7030,  
5.4550

 254.4300, 1.6050,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

-1.5550

0.0000

■ 156.7020, 67.5840,  
-13.3760

■ 156.7020, 67.5840,  
-13.3760

■ 149.0250, 76.8000,  
-15.2000

■ 164.3790, 58.3680,  
-11.5520

■ 141.2340, 86.3370,  
-17.3350

■ 172.1700, 48.8310,  
-9.4170

■ 135.3010, 93.3980,  
-18.6500

■ 179.8470, 39.6150,  
-7.5930

■ 188.1110, 30.1240,  
-6.2920

■ 195.9020, 20.5870,  
-4.1570

■ 203.5790, 11.3710,  
-2.3330

■ 211.2560, 2.1550,  
-0.5090

■ 219.0470, -7.3820,  
1.6260

■ 226.7240,  
-16.5980, 3.4500

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



158.1070, 80.6460, 14.2300



156.7020, 67.5840, -13.3760



153.1290, 37.7400, -34.1960

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



156.7020, 67.5840, -13.3760



129.8160, -109.2510, -40.9870



165.3180, 0.7260, 41.9260

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



156.7020, 67.5840, -13.3760



115.2980, -67.5840, 13.3760

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



154.0970, -62.4040, 18.6200



156.7020, 67.5840, -13.3760



133.5270, -123.8340, -24.4900

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



156.7020, 67.5840, -13.3760



122.6000, -91.6880, -56.4240



131.2080, -129.7050, -11.6970



163.2020, 48.0870, 48.1430



# Rectangle

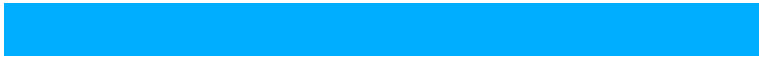
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



156.7020, 67.5840, -13.3760



148.8850, 8.9480, -41.0360



131.2080, -129.7050, -11.6970



163.5050, -19.0340, 36.5980

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



156.7020, 67.5840, -13.3760



234.5280, 24.5760, -4.8640



112.6840, 70.2770, 53.4850



115.3190, 15.0390, -2.7290



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



156.7020, 67.5840, -13.3760



173.9270, 97.3870, -19.3570



192.4540, 43.4740, -50.0140



103.3980, 4.6310, -1.3290



108.6550, 74.9660, -15.0020



27.5320, 18.7530, -3.9590



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



115.2980, -67.5840, 13.3760



114.0730, -97.3870, 19.3570



79.5460, -43.4740, 50.0140



100.1890, -4.9060, 0.8060



62.3450, -74.9660, 15.0020



16.0550, -19.0280, 3.4360



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 156.7020, 67.5840, -13.3760 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 156.7020, 67.5840, -13.3760 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

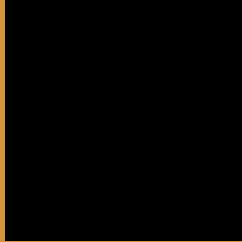
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 156.7020, 67.5840, -13.3760

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 156.7020, 67.5840, -13.3760.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 156.7020, 67.5840, -13.3760.

-13.3760.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

156.7020, 67.5840, -13.3760

### Protanopia

155.2100, 42.1860, -26.6620

### Deuteranopia

156.4080, 59.4240, -19.6800



## Tritanopia

163.3590, 45.0660, 20.2820

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

156.7020, 67.5840, -13.3760

## Protanomaly

155.7490, 51.0340, -21.8140

## Deuteranomaly

156.5440, 62.0370, -17.4750

## Tritanomaly

160.8740, 53.3210, 8.3370

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

156.7020, 67.5840, -13.3760

## Achromatopsia

157.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

156.5280, 24.5760, -4.8640

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 156.7020, 67.5840, -13.3760 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(213, 147, 59)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(213, 147, 59)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(213, 147, 59) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(213, 147, 59) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 156.7020, 67.5840, -13.3760 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(213, 147, 59) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(213, 147, 59) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(213, 147, 59) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(213, 147, 59); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 147, 59);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 147,  
59) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 156.7020, 67.5840, -13.3760 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(213, 147, 59) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(213,  
147, 59) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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