

Converting Colors

YIQ(156.9330, -44.8740,
-67.8340)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(156.9330, -44.8740, -67.8340)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(156.9330, -44.8740,
-67.8340)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	48D55B
RGB	72, 213, 91
RGB Percent	28%, 84%, 36%
CMY	0.7181, 0.1645, 0.6432
CMYK	0.66, 0.00, 0.57, 0.16
HSL	128°, 63%, 56%
HSV	128°, 66%, 84%
XYZ	28.3612, 49.7468, 18.0000
YIQ	156.9330, -44.8740, -67.8340

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

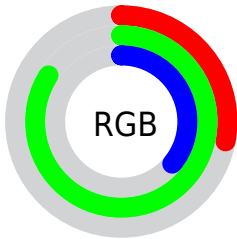
Format	Color
RYB	72, 196, 213
Decimal	4773211
CIELab	75.91, -62.06, 48.71
CIElCh	76, 78.892, 141.876
Yxy	49.7468, 0.2951, 0.5176
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282963291 (0xFF48D55B)
YUV	156.9330, -32.5050, -74.4862
Hunter-Lab	70.5314, -51.6539, 34.2408

Details

The YIQ color **156.9330, -44.8740, -67.8340** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC66**. The color can be described as dark muted green. A complement of this color would be **128.0670, 44.8740, 67.8340**, and the grayscale version is **157.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **206.7650, -35.2930, -59.7490**, and **96.4910, -55.3730, -70.2930** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **148.6020, -51.6120, -77.8840**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **165.2640, -38.1360, -57.7840**.

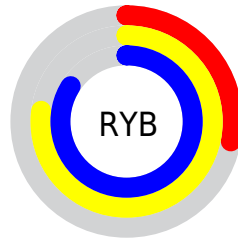
Distribution



Red (28%)

Green (84%)

Blue (36%)



Red (28%)

Yellow (77%)

Blue (84%)

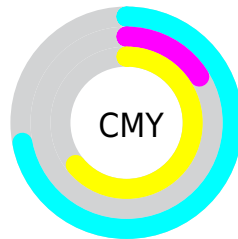


Cyan (66%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (57%)

Black (16%)



Cyan (72%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 156.9330, -44.8740, -67.8340 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 156.9330, -44.8740, -67.8340 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 156.9330,
-44.8740, -67.8340

■ 156.9330,
-44.8740, -67.8340

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 124.6760,
-54.4560, -70.3920

■ 206.7650,
-35.2930, -59.7490

■ 96.4910, -55.3730,
-70.2930

■ 218.9270,
-26.4010, -44.6810

■ 76.5380, -36.3920,
-67.3680

■ 231.0890,
-17.5090, -29.6130

■ 61.0480, -28.6000,
-54.3920

■ 243.5500, -8.0210,
-14.3330

■ 45.7860, -21.4500,
-40.7940

■ 31.6980, -14.8500,
-28.2420

■ 17.0230, -7.9750,

-15.1670

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 156.9330,
-44.8740, -67.8340

■ 156.9330,
-44.8740, -67.8340

■ 148.6020,
-51.6120, -77.8840

■ 165.2640,
-38.1360, -57.7840

■ 139.8580,
-58.6250, -88.4570

■ 174.0080,
-31.1230, -47.2110

■ 131.5270,
-65.3630, -98.5070

■ 182.3390,
-24.3850, -37.1610

■ 128.3370,
-67.8840, -102.3800

■ 190.7840,
-17.9680, -26.8000

■ 199.1150,
-11.2300, -16.7500

■ 207.8590, -4.2170,
-6.1770

■ 216.1900, 2.5210,
3.8730

■ 224.5210, 9.2590,
13.9230

■ 230.3460, 11.5500,
21.9660

Harmonies

Analogous

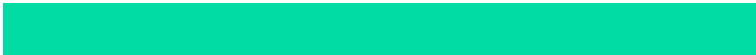
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



170.5640, 39.8080, -60.6720



156.9330, -44.8740, -67.8340



147.8360, -113.1440, -64.0560

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



156.9330, -44.8740, -67.8340



147.6440, -137.4050, -26.3410



161.7160, 75.2780, 34.4300

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



156.9330, -44.8740, -67.8340



128.0670, 44.8740, 67.8340

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



168.2770, 52.6700, 58.7020



156.9330, -44.8740, -67.8340



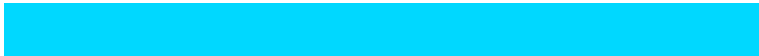
176.3350, -42.6430, 18.4210

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



156.9330, -44.8740, -67.8340



155.8620, -141.2550, -33.6630



189.2560, 30.8000, 58.5760



170.1550, 88.7180, 0.0940

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



156.9330, -44.8740, -67.8340



154.2370, -129.7900, -48.7180



189.2560, 30.8000, 58.5760



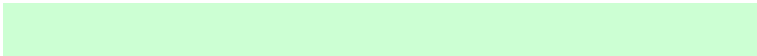
161.5170, 68.9490, 44.5090

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



156.9330, -44.8740, -67.8340



234.7350, -16.2720, -24.4960



191.2450, 33.9370, -47.8790



115.6530, -9.8090, -14.9690



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



156.9330, -44.8740, -67.8340



173.9400, -65.0880, -97.9840



164.9130, -67.3440, -46.0640



102.6850, -3.6670, -5.1310



102.9990, -54.4080, -82.2800



25.9250, -13.7510, -20.6230

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



128.0670, 44.8740, 67.8340



132.0600, 65.0880, 97.9840



120.0870, 67.3440, 46.0640



100.4290, 3.3460, 5.4420



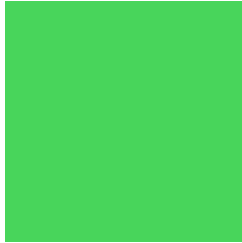
68.0010, 54.4080, 82.2800



17.0750, 13.7510, 20.6230

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 156.9330, -44.8740, -67.8340 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 156.9330, -44.8740, -67.8340 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 156.9330, -44.8740, -67.8340 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 156.9330, -44.8740, -67.8340.



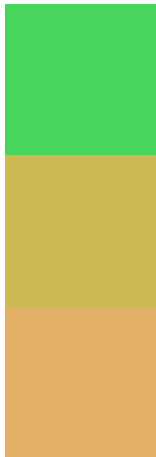
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 156.9330, -44.8740, -67.8340.

-67.8340.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

156.9330, -44.8740, -67.8340

Protanopia

180.1240, 45.3040, -28.1040

Deuteranopia

183.2860, 54.1960, -13.0360



Tritanopia

174.0170, -60.5640, -14.7400

Trichromacy



Original Color

156.9330, -44.8740, -67.8340



Protanomaly

171.6850, 12.3870, -42.7890



Deuteranomaly

173.7170, 18.5290, -32.9510



Tritanomaly

167.9350, -55.2420, -34.1060

Monochromacy



Original Color

156.9330, -44.8740, -67.8340



Achromatopsia

157.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000



Achromatomaly

156.7350, -16.2720, -24.4960

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 156.9330, -44.8740, -67.8340 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(72, 213, 91)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(72, 213, 91)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(72, 213, 91) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(72, 213, 91) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 156.9330, -44.8740, -67.8340 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(72, 213, 91) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(72, 213, 91) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(72, 213, 91)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(72, 213, 91); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(72, 213, 91);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(72, 213,  
91) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 156.9330, -44.8740, -67.8340 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(72, 213, 91) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(72, 213,  
91) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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