

# Converting Colors

YIQ(157.0990, 4.0350, -1.5410)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(157.0990, 4.0350, -1.5410)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(157.0990, 4.0350,  
-1.5410)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A09D96
RGB	160, 157, 150
RGB Percent	63%, 62%, 59%
CMY	0.3725, 0.3843, 0.4117
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.06, 0.37
HSL	42°, 5%, 61%
HSV	42°, 6%, 63%
XYZ	32.0596, 33.7893, 33.6887
YIQ	157.0990, 4.0350, -1.5410

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

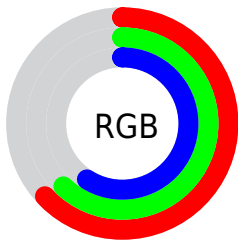
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	154, 160, 150
Decimal	10526102
CIELab	64.80, -0.20, 4.03
CIELCh	65, 4.036, 92.887
Yxy	33.7893, 0.3221, 0.3395
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288716182 (0xFFA09D96)
YUV	157.0990, -3.4998, 2.5442
Hunter-Lab	58.1286, -3.2773, 6.3282

# Details

The YIQ color **157.0990, 4.0350, -1.5410** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **152.9010, -4.0350, 1.5410**, and the grayscale version is **157.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **211.9850, 4.3560, -1.8520**, and **106.0990, 4.0350, -1.5410** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **152.3400, 10.5460, -3.9020**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **161.8580, -2.4760, 0.8200**.

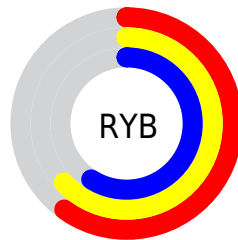
# Distribution



Red (63%)

Green (62%)

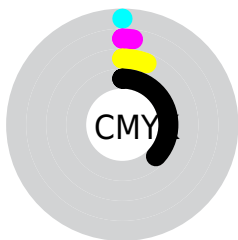
Blue (59%)



Red (60%)

Yellow (63%)

Blue (59%)

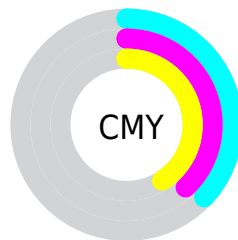


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (6%)

Black (37%)



Cyan (37%)

Magenta (38%)

Yellow (41%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 157.0990, 4.0350, -1.5410 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 157.0990, 4.0350, -1.5410 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 157.0990, 4.0350,  
-1.5410

■ 157.0990, 4.0350,  
-1.5410

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 131.0990, 4.0350,  
-1.5410

■ 211.9850, 4.3560,  
-1.8520

■ 106.0990, 4.0350,  
-1.5410

■ 239.9850, 4.3560,  
-1.8520

■ 81.8000, 3.4390,  
-1.7530

■ 58.9140, 3.1180,  
-1.4420

■ 37.0280, 2.7970,  
-1.1310

■ 15.9850, 4.3560,  
-1.8520

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 157.0990, 4.0350,  
-1.5410

■ 157.0990, 4.0350,  
-1.5410

■ 152.3400, 10.5460,  
-3.9020

■ 161.8580, -2.4760,  
0.8200

■ 147.5810, 17.0570,  
-6.2630

■ 166.6170, -8.9870,  
3.1810

■ 143.4090, 23.2930,  
-9.1470

■ 170.7890,  
-15.2230, 6.0650

■ 138.6500, 29.8040,  
-11.5080

■ 175.5480,  
-21.7340, 8.4260

■ 133.8910, 36.3150,  
-13.8690

■ 180.3070,  
-28.2450, 10.7870

■ 129.1320, 42.8260,  
-16.2300

■ 185.0660,  
-34.7560, 13.1480

■ 124.3730, 49.3370,  
-18.5910

■ 189.0270,  
-39.0200, 13.3320

■ 120.2010, 55.5730,  
-21.4750

■ 191.3750,  
-40.1200, 11.2400

■ 115.4420, 62.0840,  
-23.8360

■ 194.3100,  
-41.4950, 8.6250

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



157.5230, 5.7770, -0.0710



157.0990, 4.0350, -1.5410



156.6040, 1.0550, -2.6010

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



157.0990, 4.0350, -1.5410



156.2380, -6.6020, -1.4980



157.7770, 2.2460, 3.3500

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



157.0990, 4.0350, -1.5410



152.9010, -4.0350, 1.5410

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



157.3960, -1.0550, 2.6010



157.0990, 4.0350, -1.5410



156.1780, -6.3730, -0.1410

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



157.0990, 4.0350, -1.5410



155.7820, -5.3180, -2.7420



156.9010, -4.0350, 1.5410



158.2180, 5.3180, 2.7420



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



157.0990, 4.0350, -1.5410



156.5220, -1.6500, -3.1380



156.9010, -4.0350, 1.5410



157.5920, 1.3290, 3.4490

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



157.0990, 4.0350, -1.5410



207.9570, 1.5590, -0.7210



153.3320, 4.9970, 3.0530



104.0710, 1.2380, -0.4100



232.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



105.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



157.0990, 4.0350, -1.5410



204.9420, 5.9150, -2.5730



158.2620, 2.0180, -3.5340



77.1420, 2.4760, -0.8200



101.4570, 57.7280, -21.9840



10.9420, 5.9150, -2.5730

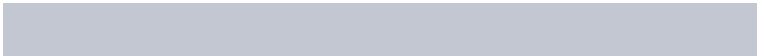


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



152.9010, -4.0350, 1.5410



198.6450, -6.1900, 2.0500



151.7380, -2.0180, 3.5340



74.8580, -2.4760, 0.8200



41.5430, -57.7280, 21.9840



4.6450, -6.1900, 2.0500



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 157.0990, 4.0350, -1.5410 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 157.0990, 4.0350, -1.5410 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

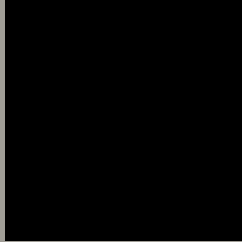
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YIQ 157.0990, 4.0350, -1.5410**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 157.0990, 4.0350, -1.5410.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 157.0990, 4.0350,

-1.5410.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

157.0990, 4.0350, -1.5410

### Protanopia

157.1100, 5.5020, -0.5940

### Deuteranopia

158.7630, 14.0290, 4.5650



## Tritanopia

157.8740, 0.5950, 5.7390

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

157.0990, 4.0350, -1.5410

## Protanomaly

156.8110, 4.9060, -0.8060

## Deuteranomaly

158.4420, 10.4990, 2.4590

## Tritanomaly

157.4780, 1.6500, 3.1380

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

157.0990, 4.0350, -1.5410

## Achromatopsia

157.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

156.9570, 1.5590, -0.7210

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 157.0990, 4.0350, -1.5410 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(160, 157, 150)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(160, 157, 150)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(160, 157, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(160, 157, 150) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 157.0990, 4.0350, -1.5410 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(160, 157, 150) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(160, 157, 150) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(160, 157, 150)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(160, 157, 150); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(160, 157, 150);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(160, 157,  
150) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 157.0990, 4.0350, -1.5410 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(160, 157, 150) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(160,  
157, 150) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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