

Converting Colors

YIQ(157.1310, -35.6630,
-42.0230)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(157.1310, -35.6630, -42.0230)
contains.

YIQ(157.1310, -35.6630, -42.0230)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(157.1310, -35.6630,
-42.0230)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	61C27D
RGB	97, 194, 125
RGB Percent	38%, 76%, 49%
CMY	0.6199, 0.2390, 0.5099
CMYK	0.50, 0.00, 0.36, 0.24
HSL	137°, 44%, 57%
HSV	137°, 50%, 76%
XYZ	27.9234, 42.6193, 26.1491
YIQ	157.1310, -35.6630, -42.0230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

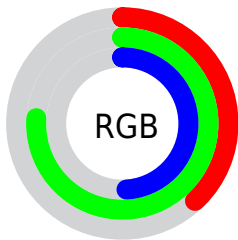
Format	Color
RYB	97, 172, 194
Decimal	6406781
CIELab	71.30, -43.89, 26.19
CIELCh	71, 51.109, 149.169
Yxy	42.6193, 0.2888, 0.4408
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284596861 (0xFF61C27D)
YUV	157.1310, -15.8406, -52.7349
Hunter-Lab	65.2835, -37.8971, 21.9499

Details

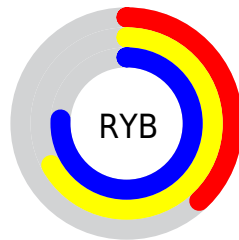
The YIQ color **157.1310, -35.6630, -42.0230** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC99**. A complement of this color would be **133.8690, 35.6630, 42.0230**, and the grayscale version is **157.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **213.3760, -34.9750, -43.4790**, and **101.7930, -40.5230, -42.0510** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **149.8540, -42.4930, -50.4050**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **164.4080, -28.8330, -33.6410**.

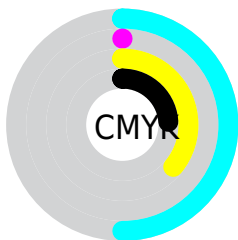
Distribution



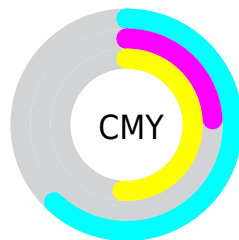
- Red (38%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Black (24%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 157.1310, -35.6630, -42.0230 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 157.1310, -35.6630, -42.0230 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 157.1310,
-35.6630, -42.0230

■ 157.1310,
-35.6630, -42.0230

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 129.1740,
-37.2220, -41.3020

■ 213.3760,
-34.9750, -43.4790

■ 101.7930,
-40.5230, -42.0510

■ 227.5870,
-27.7790, -30.7150

■ 72.2590, -47.7670,
-42.9270

■ 239.4500,
-19.4830, -15.8590

■ 54.9620, -33.5090,
-37.0050

■ 250.5150, -8.9400,
-3.1800

■ 38.2520, -19.5260,
-31.6060

■ 24.6540, -11.5500,
-21.9660

■ 5.2830, -2.4750,

-4.7070

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 157.1310,
-35.6630, -42.0230

■ 157.1310,
-35.6630, -42.0230

■ 149.8540,
-42.4930, -50.4050

■ 164.4080,
-28.8330, -33.6410

■ 142.2780,
-49.9190, -58.9990

■ 171.9840,
-21.4070, -25.0470

■ 135.1150,
-57.0700, -67.0700

■ 179.1470,
-14.2560, -16.9760

■ 127.5390,
-64.4960, -75.6640

■ 186.7230, -6.8300,
-8.3820

■ 120.2620,
-71.3260, -84.0460

■ 194.0000, -0.0000,
0.0000

■ 201.2770, 6.8300,
8.3820

■ 208.8530, 14.2560,
16.9760

■ 216.0160, 21.4070,
25.0470

■ 218.5090, 18.7010,
30.0370

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



165.4990, 13.2110, -35.6930



157.1310, -35.6630, -42.0230



135.8340, -109.6620, -50.0620

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



157.1310, -35.6630, -42.0230



160.4440, -80.0990, 3.3970



173.4730, 71.1080, 21.8920

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



157.1310, -35.6630, -42.0230



133.8690, 35.6630, 42.0230

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



175.7820, 57.7170, 38.8130



157.1310, -35.6630, -42.0230



177.3750, -21.7840, 31.3680

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



157.1310, -35.6630, -42.0230



141.6600, -134.3340, -21.4220



179.6060, 26.2180, 42.4900



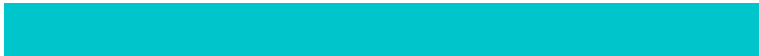
173.5750, 69.9200, -0.6400

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



157.1310, -35.6630, -42.0230



139.4820, -119.9340, -40.1100



179.6060, 26.2180, 42.4900



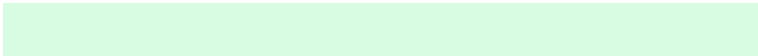
173.3080, 67.4390, 27.8150

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



157.1310, -35.6630, -42.0230



237.9730, -13.7060, -15.9300



174.8690, 15.0450, -35.8910



119.1850, -8.2510, -10.1630



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



157.1310, -35.6630, -42.0230



194.6530, -55.6490, -65.2890



162.6030, -51.0710, -27.0950



93.2120, -3.7130, -4.2970



99.7510, -59.0410, -69.8970



20.5110, -12.2850, -14.1490

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



133.8690, 35.6630, 42.0230



158.4610, 55.3280, 65.6000



128.3970, 51.0710, 27.0950



90.7880, 3.7130, 4.2970



61.1350, 59.3620, 69.5860



12.6030, 11.9640, 14.4600

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 157.1310, -35.6630, -42.0230 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 157.1310, -35.6630, -42.0230 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

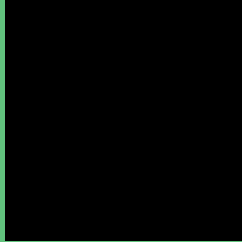
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 157.1310, -35.6630, -42.0230 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 157.1310, -35.6630, -42.0230.



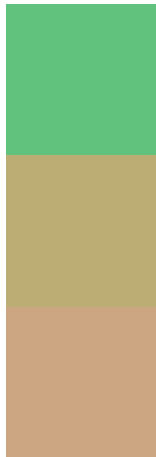
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 157.1310, -35.6630, -42.0230.

-42.0230.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

157.1310, -35.6630, -42.0230

Protanopia

170.9870, 27.2370, -14.5470

Deuteranopia

173.3720, 33.8830, -2.8290



Tritanopia

165.7800, -46.5350, -10.1750

Trichromacy



Original Color

157.1310, -35.6630, -42.0230

Protanomaly

166.1580, 4.4060, -24.7940

Deuteranomaly

167.3530, 8.5310, -16.9490

Tritanomaly

162.3700, -42.8650, -21.6250

Monochromacy



Original Color

157.1310, -35.6630, -42.0230

Achromatopsia

157.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

156.6850, -12.8350, -15.1950

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 157.1310, -35.6630, -42.0230 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(97, 194, 125)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(97, 194, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(97, 194, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(97, 194, 125) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 157.1310, -35.6630, -42.0230 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(97, 194, 125) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(97, 194, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(97, 194, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(97, 194, 125); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 194, 125);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 194,  
125) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 157.1310, -35.6630, -42.0230 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(97, 194, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(97, 194,  
125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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