

Converting Colors

YIQ(158.2490, 21.2280, 0.7480)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(158.2490, 21.2280, 0.7480)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(158.2490, 21.2280,
0.7480)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B39888
RGB	179, 152, 136
RGB Percent	70%, 60%, 53%
CMY	0.2980, 0.4039, 0.4666
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.24, 0.30
HSL	22°, 22%, 62%
HSV	22°, 24%, 70%
XYZ	34.2657, 33.8164, 28.0230
YIQ	158.2490, 21.2280, 0.7480

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

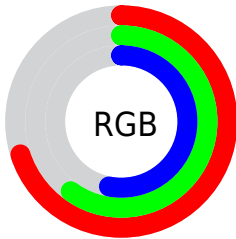
Format	Color
RYB	179, 161, 136
Decimal	11769992
CIELab	64.82, 7.51, 12.12
CIELCh	65, 14.260, 58.215
Yxy	33.8164, 0.3565, 0.3519
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289960072 (0xFFB39888)
YUV	158.2490, -10.9688, 18.1986
Hunter-Lab	58.1519, 3.4144, 12.1349

Details

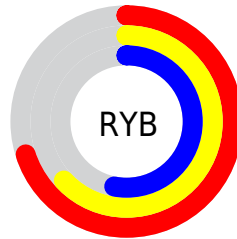
The YIQ color $158.2490, 21.2280, 0.7480$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $CC9999$. A complement of this color would be $156.7510, -21.2280, -0.7480$, and the grayscale version is $158.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $212.7330, 22.7410, 0.8610$, and $106.7650, 19.7150, 0.6350$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $149.7400, 30.0310, 0.9030$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $166.7580, 12.4250, 0.5930$.

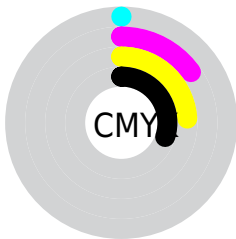
Distribution



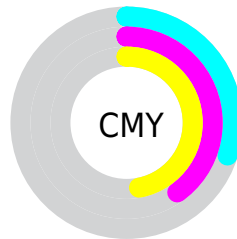
- Red (70%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (70%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Black (30%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (47%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 158.2490, 21.2280, 0.7480 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 158.2490, 21.2280, 0.7480 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 158.2490, 21.2280,
0.7480

■ 158.2490, 21.2280,
0.7480

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 132.0640, 20.3110,
0.8470

■ 212.7330, 22.7410,
0.8610

■ 106.7650, 19.7150,
0.6350

■ 238.3410, 17.9730,
-0.8350

■ 82.2810, 18.2020,
0.5220

■ 253.9740, 2.8890,
-2.7990

■ 59.0960, 17.2850,
0.6210

■ 37.3130, 15.1760,
0.2960

■ 16.0250, 16.0470,
1.0310

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 158.2490, 21.2280,
0.7480

■ 158.2490, 21.2280,
0.7480

■ 149.7400, 30.0310,
0.9030

■ 166.7580, 12.4250,
0.5930

■ 140.6440, 39.1090,
1.5810

■ 175.2670, 3.6220,
0.4380

■ 132.1350, 47.9120,
1.7360

■ 184.3630, -5.4560,
-0.2400

■ 123.6260, 56.7150,
1.8910

■ 192.8720,
-14.2590, -0.3950

■ 115.2310, 65.1970,
2.3570

■ 201.3810,
-23.0620, -0.5500

■ 106.1350, 74.2750,
3.0350

■ 210.3630,
-31.8190, -1.5390

■ 97.6260, 83.0780,
3.1900

■ 218.1880,
-38.6960, -3.5600

■ 92.2630, 88.5340,
3.4300

■ 224.6450,
-41.7210, -9.3130

■ 231.1020,
-44.7460, -15.0660

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



159.1230, 21.8230, 6.4870



158.2490, 21.2280, 0.7480



156.8520, 14.8560, -4.9200

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



158.2490, 21.2280, 0.7480



152.9110, -19.1630, -10.6430



158.4590, -5.3660, 9.1460

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



158.2490, 21.2280, 0.7480



156.7510, -21.2280, -0.7480

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



156.5390, -17.5150, 3.5490



158.2490, 21.2280, 0.7480



152.6100, -25.4450, -6.9250

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



158.2490, 21.2280, 0.7480



153.8430, -7.2880, -11.0960



153.9570, -24.8040, -2.0200



159.2710, 6.9670, 11.4070

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



158.2490, 21.2280, 0.7480



156.0360, 8.3460, -8.0860



153.9570, -24.8040, -2.0200



157.9530, -9.8130, 7.1390

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



158.2490, 21.2280, 0.7480



224.3060, 7.8860, 0.2540



151.9350, 16.9610, 17.5130



112.4520, 4.5390, 0.3390



245.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



117.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



158.2490, 21.2280, 0.7480



199.7080, 33.0570, 1.1290



170.5760, 15.4530, -10.2350



85.0390, 4.2640, -0.1840



79.2060, 75.5130, 2.6250



13.0570, 13.0210, 0.8050

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



156.7510, -21.2280, -0.7480



197.2920, -33.0570, -1.1290



144.4240, -15.4530, 10.2350



84.5480, -4.5390, -0.3390



73.7940, -75.5130, -2.6250



12.3560, -12.7460, -0.2820

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 158.2490, 21.2280, 0.7480 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 158.2490, 21.2280, 0.7480 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

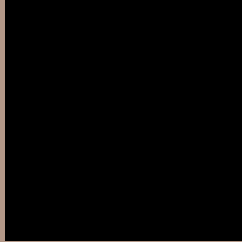
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 158.2490, 21.2280, 0.7480

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 158.2490, 21.2280, 0.7480.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 158.2490, 21.2280,

0.7480.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

158.2490, 21.2280, 0.7480

Protanopia

157.3400, 10.5460, -3.9020

Deuteranopia

158.5480, 21.8240, 0.9600



Tritanopia

159.5340, 16.4120, 10.9400

Trichromacy



Original Color

158.2490, 21.2280, 0.7480

Protanomaly

157.5470, 14.3970, -2.1070

Deuteranomaly

158.5480, 21.8240, 0.9600

Tritanomaly

158.7960, 18.4300, 7.4060

Monochromacy



Original Color

158.2490, 21.2280, 0.7480

Achromatopsia

158.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

158.3060, 7.8860, 0.2540

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 158.2490, 21.2280, 0.7480 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(179, 152, 136)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(179, 152, 136)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(179, 152, 136) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(179, 152, 136) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 158.2490, 21.2280, 0.7480 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(179, 152, 136) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(179, 152, 136) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(179, 152, 136)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(179, 152, 136); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 152, 136);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 152,  
136) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 158.2490, 21.2280, 0.7480 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(179, 152, 136) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(179,  
152, 136) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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