

Converting Colors

YIQ(158.4570, -38.5560,
-17.1160)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(158.4570, -38.5560, -17.1160)
contains.

YIQ(158.4570, -38.5560, -17.1160)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(158.4570, -38.5560,
-17.1160)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6FB4AC
RGB	111, 180, 172
RGB Percent	44%, 71%, 67%
CMY	0.5649, 0.2940, 0.3256
CMYK	0.38, 0.00, 0.04, 0.29
HSL	173°, 32%, 57%
HSV	173°, 38%, 71%
XYZ	30.3200, 39.0080, 44.9421
YIQ	158.4570, -38.5560, -17.1160

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

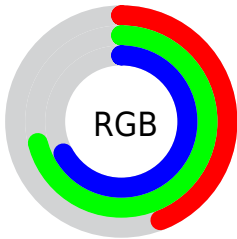
Format	Color
RYB	111, 148, 180
Decimal	7320748
CIELab	68.76, -23.69, -2.78
CIELCh	69, 23.856, 186.688
Yxy	39.0080, 0.2653, 0.3414
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285510828 (0xFF6FB4AC)
YUV	158.4570, 6.6767, -41.6198
Hunter-Lab	62.4564, -22.6443, 1.0558

Details

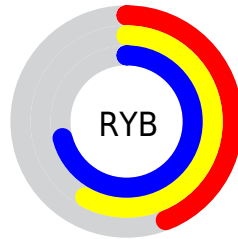
The YIQ color **158.4570, -38.5560, -17.1160** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **132.5430, 38.5560, 17.1160**, and the grayscale version is **158.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **214.0440, -38.8310, -17.6390**, and **105.5710, -38.8770, -16.8050** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **152.8470, -48.6420, -21.5540**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **164.0670, -28.4700, -12.6780**.

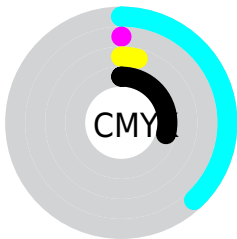
Distribution



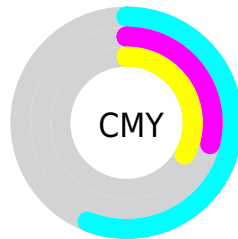
- Red (44%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 158.4570, -38.5560, -17.1160 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 158.4570, -38.5560, -17.1160 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 158.4570,
-38.5560, -17.1160

■ 158.4570,
-38.5560, -17.1160

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 131.4570,
-38.5560, -17.1160

■ 214.0440,
-38.8310, -17.6390

■ 105.2720,
-39.4730, -17.0170

■ 236.7610,
-36.3560, -12.9320

■ 79.0760, -41.8570,
-17.8650

■ 245.1330,
-19.6680, -6.9960

■ 53.2930, -43.9660,
-18.1900

■ 254.1030, -1.7880,
-0.6360

■ 37.2840, -30.5790,
-13.0030

■ 22.5630, -18.0630,
-8.5510

■ 0.2280, -0.6420,

0.6220

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

158.4570,
-38.5560, -17.1160

158.4570,
-38.5560, -17.1160

152.8470,
-48.6420, -21.5540

164.0670,
-28.4700, -12.6780

147.2370,
-58.7280, -25.9920

169.6770,
-18.3840, -8.2400

141.6270,
-68.8140, -30.4300

175.2870, -8.2980,
-3.8020

136.0170,
-78.9000, -34.8680

180.8970, 1.7880,
0.6360

130.2930,
-88.6650, -39.6170

186.5070, 11.8740,
5.0740

■ 124.6830,
-98.7510, -44.0550

■ 192.2310, 21.6390,
9.8230

■ 123.7860,
-100.5390, -44.6910

■ 197.8410, 31.7250,
14.2610

■ 203.4510, 41.8110,
18.6990

■ 203.6790, 41.1690,
19.3210

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



160.4560, -19.6200, -18.8840



158.4570, -38.5560, -17.1160



158.7690, -48.0020, -11.1220

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



158.4570, -38.5560, -17.1160



170.4580, -3.6250, 16.1430



168.4150, 32.3240, -2.1080

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



158.4570, -38.5560, -17.1160



132.5430, 38.5560, 17.1160

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



170.0770, 36.6320, 7.9280



158.4570, -38.5560, -17.1160



171.2880, 17.4650, 19.3930

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



158.4570, -38.5560, -17.1160



166.8080, -25.4020, 8.8220



171.0090, 31.3120, 16.2400



166.3870, 20.3590, -11.0410

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



158.4570, -38.5560, -17.1160



160.2410, -46.2150, -4.9590



171.0090, 31.3120, 16.2400



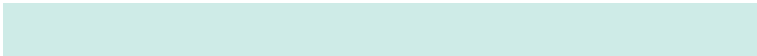
168.4910, 35.1660, 1.4540

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



158.4570, -38.5560, -17.1160



225.8730, -16.0000, -7.3920



154.1940, -13.6110, -34.1790



111.9880, -8.8940, -4.0140



245.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



117.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



158.4570, -38.5560, -17.1160



201.2260, -60.1950, -26.9390



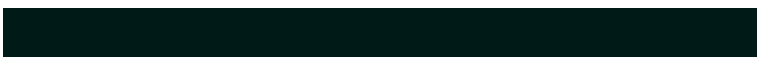
144.6940, -34.2490, -1.5530



86.1950, -5.0430, -2.2190



105.2010, -85.4100, -38.0340



17.8840, -14.5330, -6.4450

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



132.5430, 38.5560, 17.1160



160.6600, 60.5160, 26.6280



146.3060, 34.2490, 1.5530



82.8050, 5.0430, 2.2190



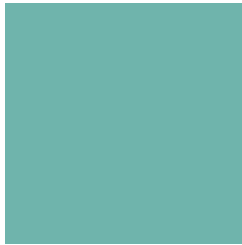
47.7990, 85.4100, 38.0340



8.1160, 14.5330, 6.4450

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 158.4570, -38.5560, -17.1160 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

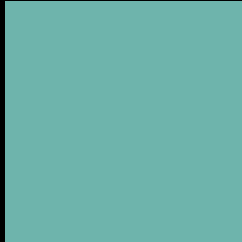
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 158.4570, -38.5560, -17.1160 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

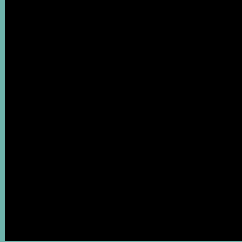
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 158.4570, -38.5560, -17.1160 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 158.4570, -38.5560, -17.1160.



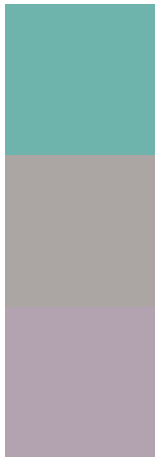
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 158.4570, -38.5560, -17.1160.

-17.1160.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

158.4570, -38.5560, -17.1160

Protanopia

167.2670, 3.6220, 0.4380

Deuteranopia

168.6790, 5.6380, 7.9580



Tritanopia

160.3570, -40.8500, -8.5780

Trichromacy



Original Color

158.4570, -38.5560, -17.1160

Protanomaly

163.9660, -11.8280, -5.9080

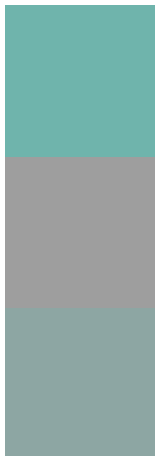
Deuteranomaly

165.1990, -10.8660, -1.3140

Tritanomaly

159.5480, -40.0700, -11.7020

Monochromacy



Original Color

158.4570, -38.5560, -17.1160

Achromatopsia

158.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

158.1830, -13.9370, -6.2330

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 158.4570, -38.5560, -17.1160 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(111, 180, 172)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(111, 180, 172)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(111, 180, 172) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(111, 180, 172) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 158.4570, -38.5560, -17.1160 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(111, 180, 172) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(111, 180, 172) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(111, 180, 172)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(111, 180, 172); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 180, 172);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 180,  
172) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 158.4570, -38.5560, -17.1160 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(111, 180, 172) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(111,  
180, 172) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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