

Converting Colors

YIQ(159.0940, 19.6260,
-14.2780)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(159.0940, 19.6260, -14.2780)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(159.0940, 19.6260,
-14.2780)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A9A371
RGB	169, 163, 113
RGB Percent	66%, 64%, 44%
CMY	0.3373, 0.3608, 0.5567
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.33, 0.34
HSL	54°, 25%, 55%
HSV	54°, 33%, 66%
XYZ	32.4403, 35.8209, 20.8359
YIQ	159.0940, 19.6260, -14.2780

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

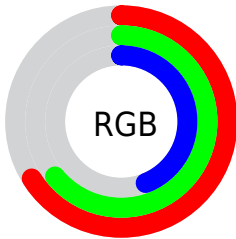
Format	Color
RYB	120, 169, 113
Decimal	11117425
CIELab	66.38, -5.68, 26.79
CIElCh	66, 27.382, 101.961
Yxy	35.8209, 0.3641, 0.4020
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289307505 (0xFFA9A371)
YUV	159.0940, -22.7243, 8.6876
Hunter-Lab	59.8506, -7.9877, 21.2546

Details

The YIQ color **159.0940, 19.6260, -14.2780** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **122.9060, -19.6260, 14.2780**, and the grayscale version is **159.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **214.0510, 21.1850, -14.9990**, and **107.1370, 18.0670, -13.5570** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **155.9820, 25.6330, -18.5190**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **162.2060, 13.6190, -10.0370**.

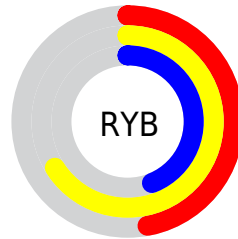
Distribution



Red (66%)

Green (64%)

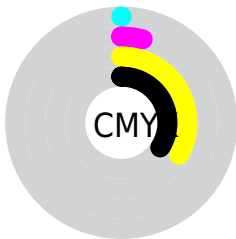
Blue (44%)



Red (47%)

Yellow (66%)

Blue (44%)

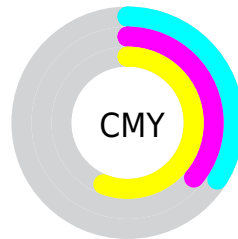


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (33%)

Black (34%)



Cyan (34%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 159.0940, 19.6260, -14.2780 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 159.0940, 19.6260, -14.2780 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 159.0940, 19.6260,
-14.2780

■ 159.0940, 19.6260,
-14.2780

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 132.9090, 18.7090,
-14.1790

■ 214.0510, 21.1850,
-14.9990

■ 107.1370, 18.0670,
-13.5570

■ 242.3500, 21.7810,
-14.7870

■ 82.9520, 17.1500,
-13.4580

■ 251.1240, 10.9140,
-10.5740

■ 59.4680, 15.6370,
-13.5710

■ 254.3160, 1.9260,
-1.8660

■ 37.8100, 14.6740,
-12.6380

■ 18.5950, 5.2740,
-7.4780

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 159.0940, 19.6260,
-14.2780

■ 159.0940, 19.6260,
-14.2780

■ 155.9820, 25.6330,
-18.5190

■ 162.2060, 13.6190,
-10.0370

■ 152.8700, 31.6400,
-22.7600

■ 165.3180, 7.6120,
-5.7960

■ 150.3450, 37.3720,
-27.5240

■ 167.8430, 1.8800,
-1.0320

■ 147.2330, 43.3790,
-31.7650

■ 170.9550, -4.1270,
3.2090

■ 144.2350, 49.0650,
-35.6950

■ 174.0670,
-10.1340, 7.4500

■ 141.1230, 55.0720,
-39.9360

■ 177.0650,
-15.8200, 11.3800

■ 139.1680, 59.1990,
-43.1450

■ 180.1770,
-21.8270, 15.6210

■ 182.7020,
-27.5590, 20.3850

■ 184.6740,
-30.3560, 21.5160

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



161.5030, 34.8920, -4.5960



159.0940, 19.6260, -14.2780



156.0850, -2.5180, -20.4540

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



159.0940, 19.6260, -14.2780



149.2670, -58.2720, -12.2240



165.3920, 23.1040, 21.8240

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



159.0940, 19.6260, -14.2780



122.9060, -19.6260, 14.2780

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



164.7190, 0.1340, 19.6060



159.0940, 19.6260, -14.2780



154.9190, -48.0040, -0.0680

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



159.0940, 19.6260, -14.2780



149.1290, -49.3760, -19.2640



160.8020, -25.2650, 11.8470



164.3580, 37.6390, 17.2150

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



159.0940, 19.6260, -14.2780



153.7610, -19.1610, -21.6970



160.8020, -25.2650, 11.8470



165.3850, 15.8140, 21.7820

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



159.0940, 19.6260, -14.2780



215.3180, 7.6120, -5.7960



130.5420, 31.1290, 14.0490



107.2300, 5.0440, -3.3080



237.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



110.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



159.0940, 19.6260, -14.2780



203.7990, 30.4020, -22.3500



156.3370, 5.4600, -21.8680



82.5010, 2.8430, -1.9650



121.7360, 51.9080, -37.6600



16.5460, 6.9700, -5.1740

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



122.9060, -19.6260, 14.2780



147.2010, -30.4020, 22.3500



125.6630, -5.4600, 21.8680



77.4990, -2.8430, 1.9650



26.2640, -51.9080, 37.6600



3.4540, -6.9700, 5.1740

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 159.0940, 19.6260, -14.2780 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 159.0940, 19.6260, -14.2780 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

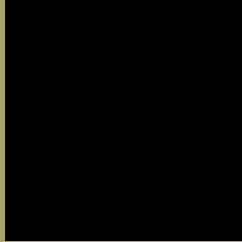
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 159.0940, 19.6260, -14.2780

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 159.0940, 19.6260, -14.2780.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 159.0940, 19.6260, -14.2780.

-14.2780.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

159.0940, 19.6260, -14.2780

Protanopia

159.3010, 23.4770, -12.4830

Deuteranopia

161.5030, 34.8920, -4.5960



Tritanopia

163.0490, 7.4720, 7.7600

Trichromacy



Original Color

159.0940, 19.6260, -14.2780

Protanomaly

159.2900, 22.0100, -13.4300

Deuteranomaly

160.7580, 29.6200, -8.1720

Tritanomaly

161.9320, 11.8750, -0.4530

Monochromacy



Original Color

159.0940, 19.6260, -14.2780

Achromatopsia

159.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

158.8450, 7.5660, -4.9620

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 159.0940, 19.6260, -14.2780 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(169, 163, 113)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(169, 163, 113)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(169, 163, 113) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(169, 163, 113) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 159.0940, 19.6260, -14.2780 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(169, 163, 113) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(169, 163, 113) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(169, 163, 113)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(169, 163, 113); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 163, 113);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 163,  
113) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 159.0940, 19.6260, -14.2780 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(169, 163, 113) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(169,  
163, 113) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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