

# Converting Colors

YIQ(159.2250, 37.8300,  
-24.8100)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(159.2250, 37.8300, -24.8100)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(159.2250, 37.8300,  
-24.8100)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B4A54B
RGB	180, 165, 75
RGB Percent	71%, 65%, 29%
CMY	0.2941, 0.3529, 0.7057
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.58, 0.29
HSL	51°, 41%, 50%
HSV	51°, 58%, 71%
XYZ	33.5471, 37.1193, 12.0633
YIQ	159.2250, 37.8300, -24.8100

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

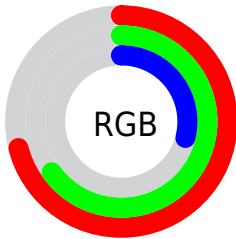
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">93, 180, 75</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">11838795</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">67.37, -5.99, 47.68</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">67, 48.052, 97.155</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">37.1193, 0.4055, 0.4487</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4290028875 (0xFFB4A54B)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">159.2250, -41.5229, 18.2197</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">60.9257, -8.3337, 30.9085</a>

# Details

The YIQ color **159.2250, 37.8300, -24.8100** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999933**. A complement of this color would be **95.7750, -37.8300, 24.8100**, and the grayscale version is **160.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **214.7800, 40.5810, -25.1070**, and **106.3280, 36.0420, -25.4460** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **155.4120, 44.4330, -28.8390**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **163.0380, 31.2270, -20.7810**.

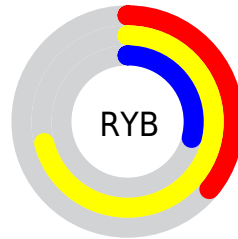
# Distribution



Red (71%)

Green (65%)

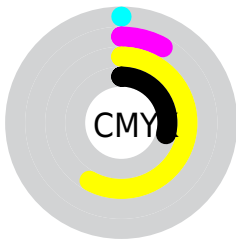
Blue (29%)



Red (36%)

Yellow (71%)

Blue (29%)

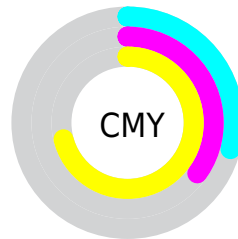


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (58%)

Black (29%)



Cyan (29%)

Magenta (35%)


Yellow (71%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 159.2250, 37.8300, -24.8100 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 159.2250, 37.8300, -24.8100 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 159.2250, 37.8300,  
-24.8100

 159.2250, 37.8300,  
-24.8100


255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

 132.7410, 36.3170,  
-24.9230


 214.7800, 40.5810,  
-25.1070


 106.3280, 36.0420,  
-25.4460


 239.3770, 34.3460,  
-27.7500


 81.5450, 33.9330,  
-25.7710


 246.5640, 23.7540,  
-23.0140

 60.2700, 24.7620,  
-19.2540

 249.7560, 14.7660,  
-14.3060

 39.8810, 15.9120,  
-13.0480

 253.0620, 5.4570,  
-5.2870

 20.6660, 6.5120,  
-7.8880

 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 159.2250, 37.8300,  
-24.8100

■ 159.2250, 37.8300,  
-24.8100

■ 155.4120, 44.4330,  
-28.8390

■ 163.0380, 31.2270,  
-20.7810

■ 152.1860, 50.7610,  
-33.3910

■ 166.2640, 24.8990,  
-16.2290

■ 148.3730, 57.3640,  
-37.4200

■ 170.0770, 18.2960,  
-12.2000

■ 145.1470, 63.6920,  
-41.9720

■ 173.3030, 11.9680,  
-7.6480

■ 144.2180, 64.9300,  
-42.3820

■ 177.1160, 5.3650,  
-3.6190

■ 180.3420, -0.9630,  
0.9330

■ 184.1550, -7.5660,  
4.9620

■ 187.9680,  
-14.1690, 8.9910

■ 191.1940,  
-20.4970, 13.5430

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



162.5090, 61.1180, -6.3220



159.2250, 37.8300, -24.8100



154.4530, 1.6570, -35.5510

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



159.2250, 37.8300, -24.8100



132.5180, -119.6150, -29.3670



168.3310, 34.2420, 40.2420

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



159.2250, 37.8300, -24.8100



95.7750, -37.8300, 24.8100

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



168.1440, -7.8920, 32.9080



159.2250, 37.8300, -24.8100



132.1880, -126.9530, -17.5210

# Square

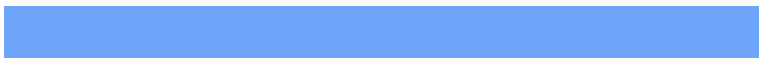
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



159.2250, 37.8300, -24.8100



128.9040, -106.6830, -43.4750



158.2450, -60.0650, 14.7750



166.0610, 61.0650, 33.2010



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



159.2250, 37.8300, -24.8100



148.9470, -29.1530, -38.8570



158.2450, -60.0650, 14.7750



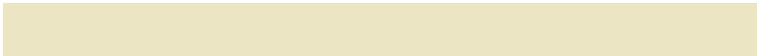
169.1600, 21.5420, 39.1260

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



159.2250, 37.8300, -24.8100



226.9180, 14.4900, -9.3020



108.2190, 57.4440, 27.2360



112.6170, 8.2080, -5.5840



245.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



117.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



159.2250, 37.8300, -24.8100



202.1020, 59.5650, -38.7630



156.9670, 11.6530, -40.4990



87.3870, 3.1640, -2.2760



122.6440, 55.1630, -36.0770



20.6880, 9.4460, -5.9940



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



95.7750, -37.8300, 24.8100



102.8980, -59.5650, 38.7630



98.0330, -11.6530, 40.4990



82.2000, -3.4390, 1.7530



30.3560, -55.1630, 36.0770



5.3120, -9.4460, 5.9940



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 159.2250, 37.8300, -24.8100 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

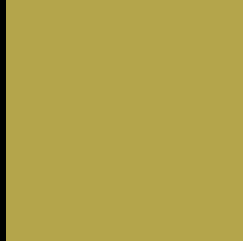
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 159.2250, 37.8300, -24.8100 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

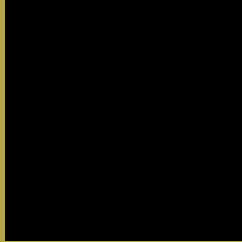
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 159.2250, 37.8300, -24.8100

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 159.2250, 37.8300, -24.8100.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 159.2250, 37.8300, -24.8100.

-24.8100.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

159.2250, 37.8300, -24.8100

### Protanopia

159.2360, 39.2970, -23.8630

### Deuteranopia

161.0470, 53.3710, -14.6050



## Tritanopia

166.2350, 15.8160, 10.7280

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

159.2250, 37.8300, -24.8100

## Protanomaly

158.9370, 38.7010, -24.0750

## Deuteranomaly

160.3020, 48.0990, -18.1810

## Tritanomaly

163.9240, 23.5210, -2.2630

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

159.2250, 37.8300, -24.8100

## Achromatopsia

159.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

159.0320, 14.1690, -8.9910

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 159.2250, 37.8300, -24.8100 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(180, 165, 75)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(180, 165, 75)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(180, 165, 75) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(180, 165, 75) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 159.2250, 37.8300, -24.8100 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(180, 165, 75) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(180, 165, 75) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(180, 165, 75) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(180, 165, 75); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 165, 75);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 165,  
75) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 159.2250, 37.8300, -24.8100 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(180, 165, 75) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(180,  
165, 75) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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