

Converting Colors

YIQ(162.8620, 36.4000, 23.1520)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(162.8620, 36.4000, 23.1520)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(162.8620, 36.4000,
23.1520)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D48AA2
RGB	212, 138, 162
RGB Percent	83%, 54%, 64%
CMY	0.1684, 0.4589, 0.3646
CMYK	0.00, 0.35, 0.24, 0.17
HSL	341°, 46%, 69%
HSV	341°, 35%, 83%
XYZ	42.7739, 34.7821, 38.6566
YIQ	162.8620, 36.4000, 23.1520

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

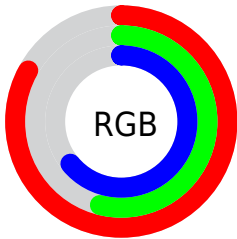
Format	Color
R _Y B	212, 138, 162
Decimal	13929122
CIE Lab	65.58, 31.53, -0.96
CIE LCh	66, 31.545, 358.247
Yxy	34.7821, 0.3681, 0.2993
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292119202 (0xFFD48AA2)
YUV	162.8620, -0.4250, 43.0940
Hunter-Lab	58.9764, 26.2524, 2.4213

Details

The YIQ color **162.8620, 36.4000, 23.1520** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **187.1380, -36.4000, -23.1520**, and the grayscale version is **163.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **213.6870, 29.5230, 21.1310**, and **110.2530, 33.7410, 21.7810** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **148.9390, 46.6690, 29.7810**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **176.7850, 26.1310, 16.5230**.

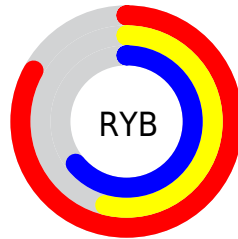
Distribution



Red (83%)

Green (54%)

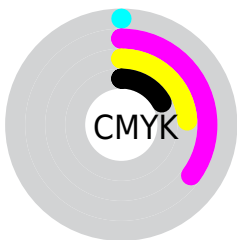
Blue (64%)



Red (83%)

Yellow (54%)

Blue (64%)

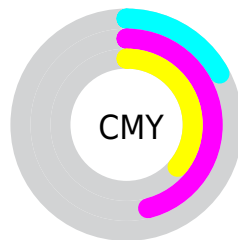


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (24%)

Black (17%)



Cyan (17%)

Magenta (46%)

Yellow (36%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 162.8620, 36.4000, 23.1520 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 162.8620, 36.4000, 23.1520 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

162.8620, 36.4000,
23.1520

162.8620, 36.4000,
23.1520

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

136.2640, 35.2080,
22.7280

213.6870, 29.5230,
21.1310

110.3670, 33.4200,
22.0920

233.3150, 12.8350,
15.1950

84.7690, 32.2280,
21.6680

251.4780, 1.6500,
3.1380

59.9860, 30.1190,
21.3430

35.3280, 29.1560,
22.2760

17.9420, 24.2510,
17.5550

7.5890, 14.5790,

5.6110

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

162.8620, 36.4000,
23.1520

162.8620, 36.4000,
23.1520

148.9390, 46.6690,
29.7810

176.7850, 26.1310,
16.5230

134.9020, 57.2590,
36.0990

190.8220, 15.5410,
10.2050

120.3920, 67.8030,
43.2510

205.3320, 4.9970,
3.0530

106.4690, 78.0720,
49.8800

219.2550, -5.2720,
-3.5760

92.4320, 88.6620,
56.1980

233.2920,
-15.8620, -9.8940

■ 78.5090, 98.9310,
62.8270

■ 241.3450,
-23.3810, -11.2930

■ 71.2540, 104.2030,
66.4030

■ 242.1430,
-25.6280, -9.1160

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



163.4930, 15.6300, 25.1180



162.8620, 36.4000, 23.1520



161.7410, 46.6260, 14.0340

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



162.8620, 36.4000, 23.1520



155.0170, 9.3570, -20.9070



146.1120, -67.9010, -8.4210

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



162.8620, 36.4000, 23.1520



187.1380, -36.4000, -23.1520

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



141.4670, -70.8790, -20.5350



162.8620, 36.4000, 23.1520



150.9520, -18.3810, -24.8210

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



162.8620, 36.4000, 23.1520



157.7210, 31.0420, -11.9180



145.7390, -48.4580, -24.8900



154.8860, -43.2370, 7.1550

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



162.8620, 36.4000, 23.1520



160.1720, 46.4900, 5.4820



145.7390, -48.4580, -24.8900



143.9110, -71.8890, -13.2410

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



162.8620, 36.4000, 23.1520



238.3870, 12.3320, 7.7880



161.0870, 5.4500, 33.4020



117.3540, 7.9310, 4.9470



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



162.8620, 36.4000, 23.1520



183.9830, 52.5370, 33.5690



167.1700, 40.8040, 9.4120



99.7450, 5.2720, 3.5760



57.3990, 84.2610, 53.3570



14.4530, 21.1340, 13.4700

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



162.8620, 36.4000, 23.1520



183.9830, 52.5370, 33.5690



182.8300, -40.8040, -9.4120



99.7450, 5.2720, 3.5760



57.3990, 84.2610, 53.3570



14.4530, 21.1340, 13.4700

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 162.8620, 36.4000, 23.1520 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

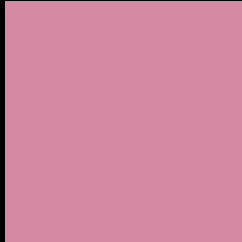
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 162.8620, 36.4000, 23.1520 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 162.8620, 36.4000, 23.1520

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 162.8620, 36.4000, 23.1520.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 162.8620, 36.4000,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

162.8620, 36.4000, 23.1520

Protanopia

160.4110, -5.4110, 4.4530

Deuteranopia

161.4360, 10.6360, 5.4840



Tritanopia

162.4830, 38.7850, 18.4730

Trichromacy



Original Color

162.8620, 36.4000, 23.1520

Protanomaly

161.2390, 9.9930, 11.6330

Deuteranomaly

161.9150, 19.7130, 11.6890

Tritanomaly

162.3520, 37.7760, 20.2400

Monochromacy



Original Color

162.8620, 36.4000, 23.1520

Achromatopsia

163.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

163.0990, 13.2030, 8.5230

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 162.8620, 36.4000, 23.1520 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(212, 138, 162)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(212, 138, 162)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(212, 138, 162) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(212, 138, 162) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 162.8620, 36.4000, 23.1520 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(212, 138, 162) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(212, 138, 162) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(212, 138, 162)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(212, 138, 162); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 138, 162);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 138,  
162) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 162.8620, 36.4000, 23.1520 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(212, 138, 162) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(212,  
138, 162) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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