

# Converting Colors

YIQ(163.2600, -28.8900,  
27.9900)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(163.2600, -28.8900, 27.9900)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(163.2600, -28.8900,  
27.9900)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9999F3
RGB	153, 153, 243
RGB Percent	60%, 60%, 95%
CMY	0.3999, 0.4000, 0.0472
CMYK	0.37, 0.37, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	240°, 79%, 78%
HSV	240°, 37%, 95%
XYZ	40.7014, 36.0245, 89.5650
YIQ	163.2600, -28.8900, 27.9900

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

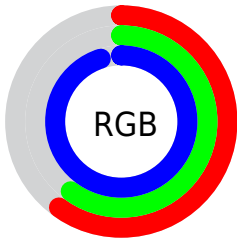
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	153, 153, 243
Decimal	10066419
CIE Lab	66.54, 21.10, -45.09
CIE LCh	67, 49.780, 295.081
Yxy	36.0245, 0.2448, 0.2166
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288256499 (0xFF9999F3)
YUV	163.2600, 39.3118, -8.9980
Hunter-Lab	60.0204, 16.0099, -46.4608

# Details

The YIQ color **163.2600, -28.8900, 27.9900** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999FF**. A complement of this color would be **232.7400, 28.8900, -27.9900**, and the grayscale version is **163.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **213.3690, -13.6200, 15.5640**, and **110.3800, -29.3480, 25.2760** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **141.9960, -36.5940, 35.4540**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **184.5240, -21.1860, 20.5260**.

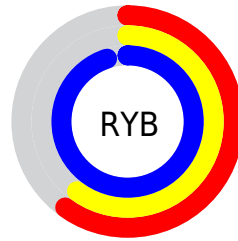
# Distribution



Red (60%)

Green (60%)

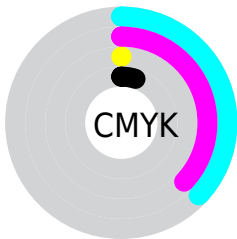
Blue (95%)



Red (60%)

Yellow (60%)

Blue (95%)

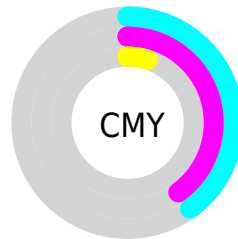


Cyan (37%)

Magenta (37%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (5%)



Cyan (40%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (5%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 163.2600, -28.8900, 27.9900 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 163.2600, -28.8900, 27.9900 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 163.2600,  
-28.8900, 27.9900

■ 163.2600,  
-28.8900, 27.9900

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 136.3200,  
-29.1190, 26.6330

■ 213.3690,  
-13.6200, 15.5640

■ 110.3800,  
-29.3480, 25.2760

■ 238.4760, -4.0360,  
7.0680

■ 84.8420, -30.7690,  
23.4950

■ 60.1790, -33.3360,  
20.4560

■ 32.1560, -43.6970,  
15.4950

■ 18.1530, -30.4470,  
17.6570

■ 7.1990, -18.8930,

17.5150

■ 5.2780, -12.1060,  
10.1500

■ 1.2540, -3.5310,  
3.4210

■ 163.2600,  
-28.8900, 27.9900

■ 163.2600,  
-28.8900, 27.9900

■ 141.9960,  
-36.5940, 35.4540

■ 184.5240,  
-21.1860, 20.5260

■ 119.8460,  
-44.6190, 43.2290

■ 206.6740,  
-13.1610, 12.7510

■ 98.5820, -52.3230,  
50.6930

■ 227.9380, -5.4570,  
5.2870

■ 77.3180, -60.0270,  
58.1570

■ 249.2020, 2.2470,  
-2.1770

■ 56.0540, -67.7310,  
65.6210

■ 253.6320, 3.8520,  
-3.7320

■ 33.9040, -75.7560,  
73.3960

■ 27.7020, -78.0030,  
75.5730

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



143.9630, -94.8620, 1.1220



163.2600, -28.8900, 27.9900



167.0180, 19.0660, 39.9460

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



163.2600, -28.8900, 27.9900



160.4980, 68.8190, 2.7950



125.4500, -99.7130, -48.6490

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



163.2600, -28.8900, 27.9900



232.7400, 28.8900, -27.9900

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



146.7900, -27.2730, -39.8890



163.2600, -28.8900, 27.9900



158.1450, 49.9790, -19.2130

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



163.2600, -28.8900, 27.9900



162.1680, 70.6490, 24.7050



154.3040, 18.2540, -33.4740



130.5800, -114.1580, -34.6540



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



163.2600, -28.8900, 27.9900



165.4200, 44.2370, 40.8210



154.3040, 18.2540, -33.4740



133.5040, -73.4420, -45.6820

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



163.2600, -28.8900, 27.9900



230.1920, -8.9880, 8.7080



216.0900, -53.6400, -19.0800



112.9380, -5.4570, 5.2870



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



163.2600, -28.8900, 27.9900



155.7680, -35.9520, 34.8320



176.7150, -2.0700, 37.5300



111.3680, -3.8520, 3.7320



21.2040, -59.7060, 57.8460



6.7260, -18.9390, 18.3490



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



190.1700, 24.7500, 47.0700



189.2560, 30.8000, 58.5760



219.2850, 2.0700, -37.5300



114.9560, 3.3000, 6.2760



76.8180, 51.1500, 97.2780

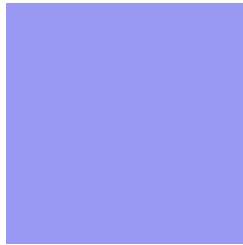


24.3670, 16.2250, 30.8570



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 163.2600, -28.8900, 27.9900 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

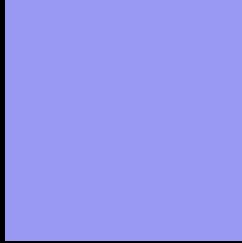
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 163.2600, -28.8900, 27.9900 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

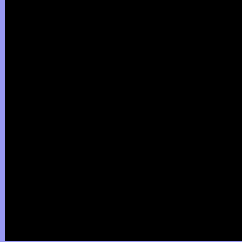
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 163.2600, -28.8900, 27.9900

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 163.2600, -28.8900, 27.9900.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 163.2600, -28.8900,

27.9900.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

163.2600, -28.8900, 27.9900

### Protanopia

160.4750, -45.8530, 21.5310

### Deuteranopia

159.6550, -46.5400, 17.4600



## Tritanopia

159.1100, -20.8610, -1.8930

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

163.2600, -28.8900, 27.9900

## Protanomaly

161.4650, -39.8930, 23.6510

## Deuteranomaly

160.9980, -40.0760, 21.4600

## Tritanomaly

160.2920, -23.8890, 8.9350

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

163.2600, -28.8900, 27.9900

## Achromatopsia

163.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

162.7620, -10.5930, 10.2630

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 163.2600, -28.8900, 27.9900 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 153, 243)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 153, 243)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 153, 243) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 153, 243) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 163.2600, -28.8900, 27.9900 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

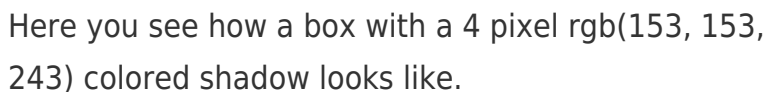
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 153, 243) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 153, 243) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 153, 243)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 153, 243); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 153, 243);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 153,  
243) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 163.2600, -28.8900, 27.9900 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 153, 243) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153,  
153, 243) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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