

Converting Colors

YIQ(163.6600, 23.8440,
-13.6280)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(163.6600, 23.8440, -13.6280)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(163.6600, 23.8440,
-13.6280)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B2A672
RGB	178, 166, 114
RGB Percent	70%, 65%, 45%
CMY	0.3020, 0.3490, 0.5528
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.36, 0.30
HSL	49°, 29%, 57%
HSV	49°, 36%, 70%
XYZ	35.0344, 37.9511, 21.4086
YIQ	163.6600, 23.8440, -13.6280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

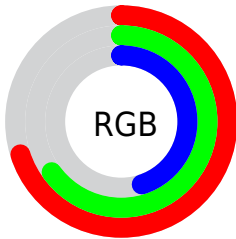
Format	Color
RYB	129, 178, 114
Decimal	11708018
CIELab	67.98, -3.50, 28.50
CIELCh	68, 28.717, 97.006
Yxy	37.9511, 0.3711, 0.4020
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289898098 (0xFFB2A672)
YUV	163.6600, -24.4824, 12.5762
Hunter-Lab	61.6045, -6.2951, 22.5188

Details

The YIQ color **163.6600, 23.8440, -13.6280** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **128.3400, -23.8440, 13.6280**, and the grayscale version is **164.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **218.9160, 25.9990, -14.1370**, and **111.4040, 21.6890, -13.1190** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **159.8470, 30.4470, -17.6570**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **167.4730, 17.2410, -9.5990**.

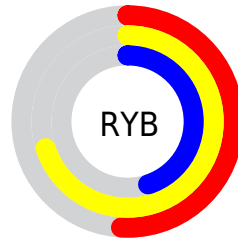
Distribution



Red (70%)

Green (65%)

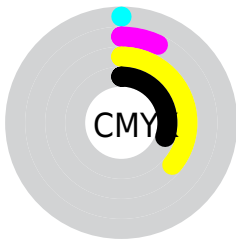
Blue (45%)



Red (51%)

Yellow (70%)

Blue (45%)

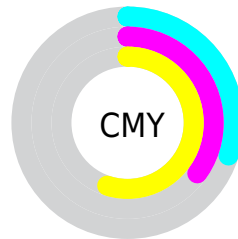


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (36%)

Black (30%)



Cyan (30%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 163.6600, 23.8440, -13.6280 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 163.6600, 23.8440, -13.6280 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 163.6600, 23.8440,
-13.6280

■ 163.6600, 23.8440,
-13.6280

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 137.4750, 22.9270,
-13.5290

■ 218.9160, 25.9990,
-14.1370

■ 111.4040, 21.6890,
-13.1190

■ 244.5240, 21.2310,
-15.8330

■ 86.9200, 20.1760,
-13.2320

■ 251.2380, 10.5930,
-10.2630

■ 63.7350, 19.2590,
-13.1330

■ 254.5440, 1.2840,
-1.2440

■ 41.0770, 18.2960,
-12.2000

■ 22.1610, 9.4920,
-6.8280

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 163.6600, 23.8440,
-13.6280

■ 163.6600, 23.8440,
-13.6280

■ 159.8470, 30.4470,
-17.6570

■ 167.4730, 17.2410,
-9.5990

■ 155.4470, 37.3250,
-21.1630

■ 171.8730, 10.3630,
-6.0930

■ 151.7480, 43.6070,
-24.8810

■ 175.5720, 4.0810,
-2.3750

■ 147.9350, 50.2100,
-28.9100

■ 179.3850, -2.5220,
1.6540

■ 143.5350, 57.0880,
-32.4160

■ 183.7850, -9.4000,
5.1600

■ 139.7220, 63.6910,
-36.4450

■ 187.5980,
-16.0030, 9.1890

■ 138.3370, 66.2130,
-38.0990

■ 191.4110,
-22.6060, 13.2180

■ 195.5830,
-28.8420, 16.1020

■ 197.3440,
-29.6670, 14.5330

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



165.8240, 38.4220, -2.4900



163.6600, 23.8440, -13.6280



160.5370, 2.0210, -20.1150

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



163.6600, 23.8440, -13.6280



152.5330, -62.0770, -14.8530



169.6630, 20.9030, 23.1670

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



163.6600, 23.8440, -13.6280



128.3400, -23.8440, 13.6280

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



168.6800, -4.1300, 19.7900



163.6600, 23.8440, -13.6280



157.5160, -54.2390, -2.7110

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



163.6600, 23.8440, -13.6280



152.9610, -48.9630, -21.2430



164.3390, -31.2710, 10.5610



168.8250, 37.8220, 19.4060

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



163.6600, 23.8440, -13.6280



158.0880, -15.7680, -22.6160



164.3390, -31.2710, 10.5610



169.3570, 13.0170, 22.9130

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



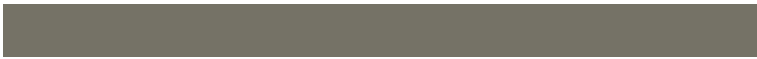
163.6600, 23.8440, -13.6280



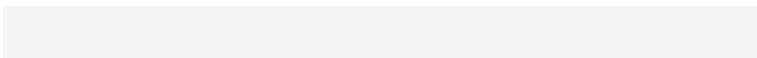
226.2150, 9.4000, -5.1600



134.6180, 33.9710, 17.6110



113.5290, 5.6400, -3.0960



245.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



117.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



163.6600, 23.8440, -13.6280



209.4470, 37.3250, -21.1630



165.0230, 9.2200, -23.9320



87.3870, 3.1640, -2.2760



118.5350, 57.0880, -32.4160



20.1010, 9.7210, -5.4710

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



128.3400, -23.8440, 13.6280



154.5530, -37.3250, 21.1630



126.9770, -9.2200, 23.9320



82.2000, -3.4390, 1.7530



34.4650, -57.0880, 32.4160



5.8990, -9.7210, 5.4710

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 163.6600, 23.8440, -13.6280 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

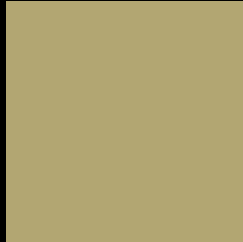
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 163.6600, 23.8440, -13.6280 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

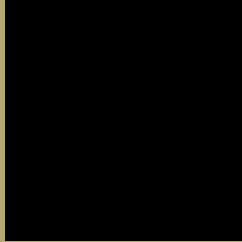
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 163.6600, 23.8440, -13.6280

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 163.6600, 23.8440, -13.6280.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 163.6600, 23.8440,

-13.6280.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

163.6600, 23.8440, -13.6280

Protanopia

163.9590, 24.4400, -13.4160

Deuteranopia

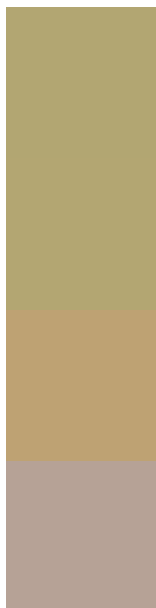
165.4600, 36.4510, -5.3170



Tritanopia

167.8430, 11.0480, 9.0320

Trichromacy



Original Color

163.6600, 23.8440, -13.6280

Protanomaly

163.9590, 24.4400, -13.4160

Deuteranomaly

165.0140, 31.7750, -8.6810

Tritanomaly

166.6120, 15.7720, 0.5080

Monochromacy



Original Color

163.6600, 23.8440, -13.6280

Achromatopsia

164.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

164.0300, 8.4830, -5.0610

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 163.6600, 23.8440, -13.6280 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(178, 166, 114)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(178, 166, 114)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(178, 166, 114) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(178, 166, 114) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 163.6600, 23.8440, -13.6280 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(178, 166, 114) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(178, 166, 114) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(178, 166, 114)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(178, 166, 114); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 166, 114);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 166,  
114) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 163.6600, 23.8440, -13.6280 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(178, 166, 114) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(178,  
166, 114) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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