

Converting Colors

YIQ(164.0730, -10.2710, 4.4250)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(164.0730, -10.2710, 4.4250)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(164.0730, -10.2710,
4.4250)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9DA4B7
RGB	157, 164, 183
RGB Percent	62%, 64%, 72%
CMY	0.3843, 0.3568, 0.2824
CMYK	0.14, 0.10, 0.00, 0.28
HSL	224°, 15%, 67%
HSV	224°, 14%, 72%
XYZ	35.7262, 37.1383, 50.0775
YIQ	164.0730, -10.2710, 4.4250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

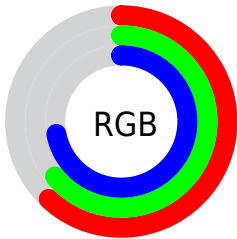
Format	Color
RYB	157, 163, 183
Decimal	10331319
CIELab	67.38, 1.44, -10.62
CIELCh	67, 10.718, 277.746
Yxy	37.1383, 0.2906, 0.3021
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288521399 (0xFF9DA4B7)
YUV	164.0730, 9.3310, -6.2030
Hunter-Lab	60.9412, -2.0032, -6.0618

Details

The YIQ color **164.0730, -10.2710, 4.4250** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **175.9270, 10.2710, -4.4250**, and the grayscale version is **164.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **219.1870, -10.5920, 4.7360**, and **112.2580, -9.3540, 4.3260** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **151.0600, -17.4240, 7.4080**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **177.0860, -3.1180, 1.4420**.

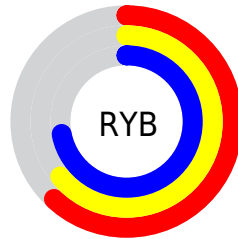
Distribution



Red (62%)

Green (64%)

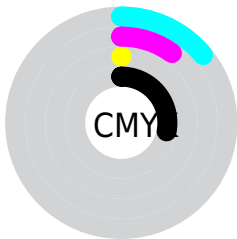
Blue (72%)



Red (62%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (72%)

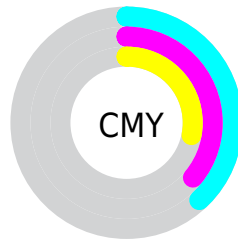


Cyan (14%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (28%)



Cyan (38%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (28%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 164.0730, -10.2710, 4.4250 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 164.0730, -10.2710, 4.4250 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 164.0730,
-10.2710, 4.4250

■ 164.0730,
-10.2710, 4.4250

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 137.9590, -9.9500,
4.1140

■ 219.1870,
-10.5920, 4.7360

■ 112.2580, -9.3540,
4.3260

■ 245.8190, -6.7400,
1.0040

■ 87.8450, -9.6290,
3.8030

■ 64.7310, -9.3080,
3.4920

■ 42.6170, -8.9870,
3.1810

■ 21.5030, -8.6660,
2.8700

■ 2.1830, -4.7690,

3.8310

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 164.0730,
-10.2710, 4.4250

■ 164.0730,
-10.2710, 4.4250

■ 151.0600,
-17.4240, 7.4080

■ 177.0860, -3.1180,
1.4420

■ 137.1610,
-24.8980, 10.7020

■ 190.9850, 4.3560,
-1.8520

■ 124.1480,
-32.0510, 13.6850

■ 203.9980, 11.5090,
-4.8350

■ 111.1350,
-39.2040, 16.6680

■ 217.0110, 18.6620,
-7.8180

■ 97.5350, -46.0820,
20.1740

■ 230.6110, 25.5400,
-11.3240

■ 84.2230, -53.8310,
22.9450

■ 240.3350, 26.1370,
-16.6390

■ 70.6230, -60.7090,
26.4510

■ 246.7920, 23.1120,
-22.3920

■ 57.6100, -67.8620,
29.4340

■ 49.6250, -72.2180,
31.2860

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



162.4310, -17.3310, 0.2130



164.0730, -10.2710, 4.4250



165.4440, -1.0100, 7.2940

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



164.0730, -10.2710, 4.4250



165.7910, 16.8260, 3.4340



161.2390, -8.3430, -8.4950

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



164.0730, -10.2710, 4.4250



175.9270, 10.2710, -4.4250

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



162.2570, 0.4140, -7.5060



164.0730, -10.2710, 4.4250



164.6720, 15.5430, -0.8490

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



164.0730, -10.2710, 4.4250



166.2300, 14.2120, 6.7560



163.3290, 9.0790, -4.8490



160.8730, -16.0000, -7.3920

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



164.0730, -10.2710, 4.4250



165.7930, 5.3170, 8.2690



163.3290, 9.0790, -4.8490



161.9080, -5.9130, -8.4810

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



164.0730, -10.2710, 4.4250



230.2000, -3.4390, 1.7530



174.4280, -13.2490, -7.6890



115.2710, -2.2010, 1.3430



247.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



120.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



164.0730, -10.2710, 4.4250



208.0170, -15.8650, 6.6870



161.7580, -4.7700, 9.3580



85.2000, -3.4390, 1.7530



42.4380, -61.6260, 26.5500



7.8880, -11.1880, 4.5240

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



165.5720, 13.2490, 7.6890



210.2140, 20.3090, 11.9010



178.2420, 4.7700, -9.3580



85.9190, 4.7220, 2.5300



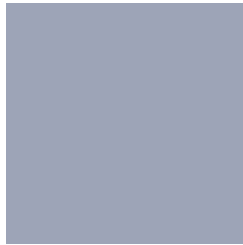
51.4320, 79.4940, 46.1340



9.2840, 14.1200, 8.4240

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 164.0730, -10.2710, 4.4250 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

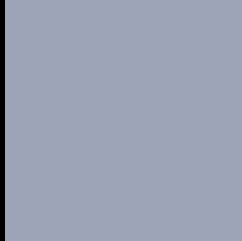
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 164.0730, -10.2710, 4.4250 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

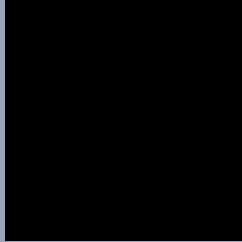
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

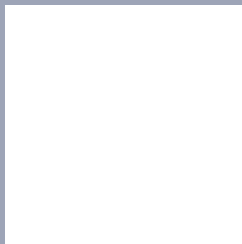
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 164.0730, -10.2710, 4.4250

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 164.0730, -10.2710, 4.4250.



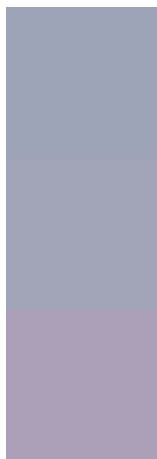
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 164.0730, -10.2710,

4.4250.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

164.0730, -10.2710, 4.4250

Protanopia

164.5680, -7.2910, 5.4850

Deuteranopia

166.0250, -1.1480, 9.7960



Tritanopia

163.7910, -9.5370, 2.1350

Trichromacy



Original Color

164.0730, -10.2710, 4.4250

Protanomaly

164.2690, -7.8870, 5.2730

Deuteranomaly

165.1170, -4.4030, 8.2130

Tritanomaly

164.0190, -10.1790, 2.7570

Monochromacy



Original Color

164.0730, -10.2710, 4.4250

Achromatopsia

164.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

163.9010, -4.0350, 1.5410

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 164.0730, -10.2710, 4.4250 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(157, 164, 183)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(157, 164, 183)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(157, 164, 183) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(157, 164, 183) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 164.0730, -10.2710, 4.4250 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(157, 164, 183) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(157, 164, 183) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(157, 164, 183)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(157, 164, 183); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 164, 183);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 164,  
183) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 164.0730, -10.2710, 4.4250 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(157, 164, 183) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(157,  
164, 183) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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