

Converting Colors

YIQ(164.3550, 7.3310, 26.8430)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(164.3550, 7.3310, 26.8430)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(164.3550, 7.3310,
26.8430)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BC91CA
RGB	188, 145, 202
RGB Percent	74%, 57%, 79%
CMY	0.2626, 0.4314, 0.2079
CMYK	0.07, 0.28, 0.00, 0.21
HSL	285°, 35%, 68%
HSV	285°, 28%, 79%
XYZ	41.5306, 35.2052, 60.4811
YIQ	164.3550, 7.3310, 26.8430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

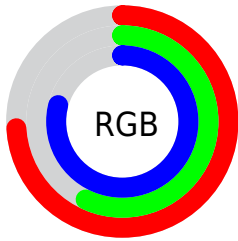
Format	Color
RYB	188, 145, 202
Decimal	12358090
CIELab	65.91, 26.36, -23.18
CIELCh	66, 35.106, 318.669
Yxy	35.2052, 0.3027, 0.2566
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290548170 (0xFFBC91CA)
YUV	164.3550, 18.5590, 20.7367
Hunter-Lab	59.3340, 21.1058, -18.9025

Details

The YIQ color $164.3550, 7.3310, 26.8430$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $CC99CC$. A complement of this color would be $182.6450, -7.3310, -26.8430$, and the grayscale version is $164.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $219.1380, 9.4400, 27.1680$, and $112.1160, 6.5060, 25.2740$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $151.1200, 9.8510, 36.2430$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $177.5900, 4.8110, 17.4430$.

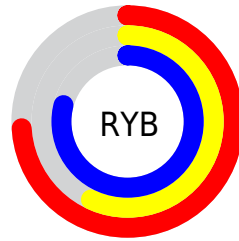
Distribution



Red (74%)

Green (57%)

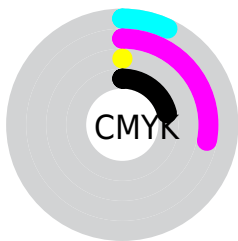
Blue (79%)



Red (74%)

Yellow (57%)

Blue (79%)

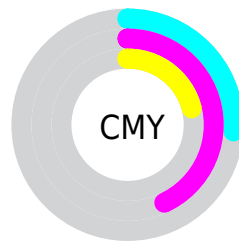


Cyan (7%)

Magenta (28%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (21%)



Cyan (26%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (21%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 164.3550, 7.3310, 26.8430 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 164.3550, 7.3310, 26.8430 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 164.3550, 7.3310,
26.8430

■ 164.3550, 7.3310,
26.8430

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 137.9420, 7.0560,
26.3200

■ 219.1380, 9.4400,
27.1680

■ 112.1160, 6.5060,
25.2740

■ 238.5640, 7.7000,
14.6440

■ 87.2900, 5.9560,
24.2280

■ 63.4640, 5.4060,
23.1820

■ 40.0510, 5.1310,
22.6590

■ 17.6380, 4.8560,
22.1360

■ 4.5020, -6.9250,

9.8670

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 164.3550, 7.3310,
26.8430

■ 164.3550, 7.3310,
26.8430

■ 151.1200, 9.8510,
36.2430

■ 177.5900, 4.8110,
17.4430

■ 137.8850, 12.3710,
45.6430

■ 190.8250, 2.2910,
8.0430

■ 124.0630, 15.1660,
55.5660

■ 204.6470, -0.5040,
-1.8800

■ 110.8280, 17.6860,
64.9660

■ 217.8820, -3.0240,
-11.2800

■ 97.5930, 20.2060,
74.3660

■ 231.1170, -5.5440,
-20.6800

■ 84.3580, 22.7260,
83.7660

■ 237.8950, -5.0390,
-24.3270

■ 71.1230, 25.2460,
93.1660

■ 239.3900, -2.0590,
-23.2670

■ 68.7750, 26.3460,
95.2580

■ 240.8850, 0.9210,
-22.2070

■ 242.3800, 3.9010,
-21.1470

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



160.3060, -26.5040, 17.7840



164.3550, 7.3310, 26.8430



164.1270, 34.3360, 27.5200

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



164.3550, 7.3310, 26.8430



158.9780, 40.6240, -9.3600



137.1620, -80.5060, -27.7860

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



164.3550, 7.3310, 26.8430



182.6450, -7.3310, -26.8430

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



145.4850, -44.9270, -28.3110



164.3550, 7.3310, 26.8430



155.8070, 18.7560, -20.5400

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



164.3550, 7.3310, 26.8430



160.6240, 51.0290, 5.8210



151.7910, -10.6780, -26.7580



138.4790, -88.3480, -17.8200

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



164.3550, 7.3310, 26.8430



163.2390, 45.5240, 22.9960



151.7910, -10.6780, -26.7580



140.2080, -68.9520, -27.9280

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



164.3550, 7.3310, 26.8430



241.7650, 2.5200, 9.4000



159.7160, -22.1470, 10.4050



119.1730, 1.1910, 5.9510



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



164.3550, 7.3310, 26.8430



197.6520, 11.4090, 41.0490



166.9450, 20.1690, 25.4570



95.5320, 1.5580, 4.8060



56.2990, 21.2140, 78.1260



13.0030, 5.0860, 17.9660

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



163.6390, 29.4780, 16.4380



196.5210, 44.7900, 25.2860



180.0550, -20.1690, -25.4570



95.2180, 5.3180, 2.7420



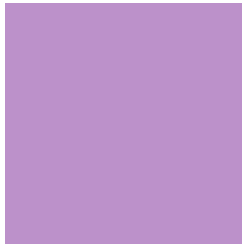
54.3080, 85.7750, 47.9430



12.3880, 19.7590, 10.8550

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 164.3550, 7.3310, 26.8430 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

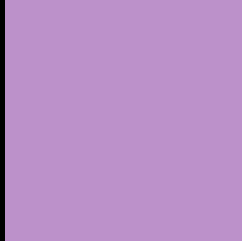
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 164.3550, 7.3310, 26.8430 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

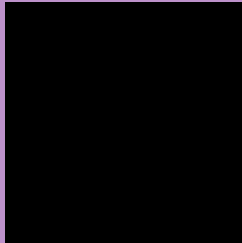
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 164.3550, 7.3310, 26.8430

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 164.3550, 7.3310, 26.8430.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 164.3550, 7.3310,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

164.3550, 7.3310, 26.8430

Protanopia

160.5680, -24.4860, 14.2500

Deuteranopia

161.6030, -14.3990, 13.1610



Tritanopia

162.3380, 14.0280, 10.0920

Trichromacy



Original Color

164.3550, 7.3310, 26.8430

Protanomaly

161.6620, -12.8870, 18.8010

Deuteranomaly

162.9570, -6.4680, 18.1080

Tritanomaly

162.7710, 11.5510, 16.4390

Monochromacy



Original Color

164.3550, 7.3310, 26.8430

Achromatopsia

164.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

164.1780, 2.7950, 9.9230

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 164.3550, 7.3310, 26.8430 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(188, 145, 202)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(188, 145, 202)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(188, 145, 202) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(188, 145, 202) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 164.3550, 7.3310, 26.8430 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(188, 145, 202) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(188, 145, 202) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(188, 145, 202)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(188, 145, 202); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 145, 202);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 145,  
202) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 164.3550, 7.3310, 26.8430 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(188, 145, 202) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(188,  
145, 202) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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