

Converting Colors

YIQ(164.5580, -10.4990,
-2.4590)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(164.5580, -10.4990, -2.4590)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(164.5580, -10.4990,
-2.4590)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	99A9AC
RGB	153, 169, 172
RGB Percent	60%, 66%, 67%
CMY	0.4000, 0.3372, 0.3255
CMYK	0.11, 0.02, 0.00, 0.33
HSL	189°, 10%, 64%
HSV	189°, 11%, 67%
XYZ	34.7697, 38.1280, 44.5510
YIQ	164.5580, -10.4990, -2.4590

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

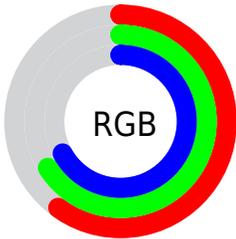
Format	Color
RYB	153, 162, 172
Decimal	10070444
CIELab	68.11, -4.97, -3.45
CIELCh	68, 6.051, 214.789
Yxy	38.1280, 0.2960, 0.3246
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288260524 (0xFF99A9AC)
YUV	164.5580, 3.6689, -10.1364
Hunter-Lab	61.7479, -7.5470, 0.4459

Details

The YIQ color **164.5580, -10.4990, -2.4590** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **160.4420, 10.4990, 2.4590**, and the grayscale version is **165.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **219.2590, -11.0950, -2.6710**, and **112.8570, -9.9030, -2.2470** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **157.7140, -19.8060, -4.4940**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **171.4020, -1.1920, -0.4240**.

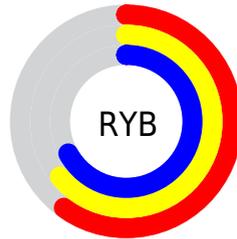
Distribution



Red (60%)

Green (66%)

Blue (67%)



Red (60%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (67%)

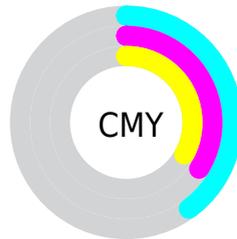


Cyan (11%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (40%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 164.5580, -10.4990, -2.4590 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 164.5580, -10.4990, -2.4590 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 164.5580,
-10.4990, -2.4590

■ 164.5580,
-10.4990, -2.4590

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 138.4440,
-10.1780, -2.7700

■ 219.2590,
-11.0950, -2.6710

■ 112.8570, -9.9030,
-2.2470

■ 248.1450,
-10.7740, -2.9820

■ 88.1560, -9.3070,
-2.0350

■ 65.0420, -8.9860,
-2.3460

■ 43.0420, -8.9860,
-2.3460

■ 22.0420, -8.9860,
-2.3460

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 164.5580,
-10.4990, -2.4590

■ 164.5580,
-10.4990, -2.4590

■ 157.7140,
-19.8060, -4.4940

■ 171.4020, -1.1920,
-0.4240

■ 151.4570,
-29.3880, -7.0520

■ 177.6590, 8.3900,
2.1340

■ 144.3140,
-39.2910, -9.2990

■ 184.8020, 18.2930,
4.3810

■ 137.4700,
-48.5980, -11.3340

■ 191.6460, 27.6000,
6.4160

■ 131.2130,
-58.1800, -13.8920

■ 197.9030, 37.1820,
8.9740

■ 124.3690,
-67.4870, -15.9270

■ 204.4480, 45.8930,
10.7970

■ 117.5250,
-76.7940, -17.9620

■ 206.2090, 45.0680,
9.2280

■ 110.3820,
-86.6970, -20.2090

■ 207.9700, 44.2430,
7.6590

■ 104.7230,
-95.0870, -22.3430

■ 209.1440, 43.6930,
6.6130

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



164.2870, -8.2980, -3.8020



164.5580, -10.4990, -2.4590



165.3240, -9.7200, -0.0560

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



164.5580, -10.4990, -2.4590



167.2010, 3.9880, 4.8200



165.9420, 5.9150, -2.5730

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



164.5580, -10.4990, -2.4590



160.4420, 10.4990, 2.4590

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



166.3770, 9.1240, -0.1560



164.5580, -10.4990, -2.4590



167.1260, 8.5730, 4.3250

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



164.5580, -10.4990, -2.4590



166.4500, -1.1470, 4.2690



167.1430, 9.9030, 2.2470



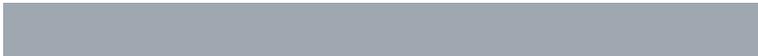
165.2510, 0.5510, -4.4810

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



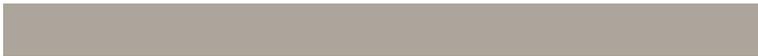
164.5580, -10.4990, -2.4590



165.7480, -7.9780, 1.4140



167.1430, 9.9030, 2.2470



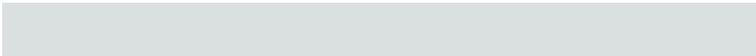
165.9530, 7.3820, -1.6260

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



164.5580, -10.4990, -2.4590



221.6190, -3.3010, -0.7490



164.4950, -6.1880, -9.0040



110.2170, -2.1090, -0.3250



240.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



112.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



164.5580, -10.4990, -2.4590



212.9810, -16.1840, -4.0560



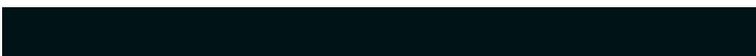
159.2750, -8.0240, 2.2480



83.1350, -4.8140, -0.8620



91.6490, -83.0750, -19.7710



13.7750, -12.6080, -2.7840

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



160.5050, 6.1880, 9.0040



206.5210, 9.2590, 13.9230



165.7250, 8.0240, -2.2480



81.4890, 3.1170, 4.0850



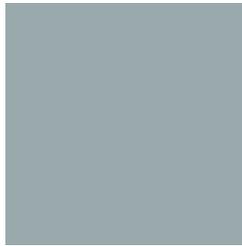
59.3280, 48.6330, 71.2970



9.0430, 7.6090, 10.7850

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 164.5580, -10.4990, -2.4590 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

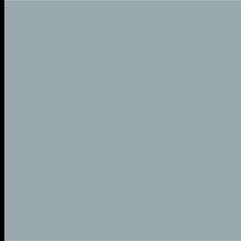
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 164.5580, -10.4990, -2.4590 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

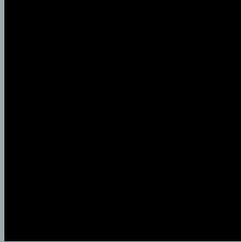
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

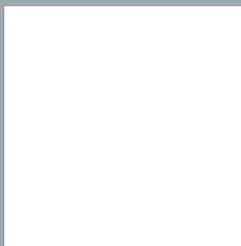
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 164.5580, -10.4990, -2.4590

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 164.5580, -10.4990, -2.4590.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 164.5580, -10.4990, -2.4590.

-2.4590.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

164.5580, -10.4990, -2.4590

Protanopia

166.4670, 0.1830, 2.1910

Deuteranopia

167.5650, 5.9590, 7.6470



Tritanopia

165.5950, -11.9210, 1.2870

Trichromacy



Original Color

164.5580, -10.4990, -2.4590

Protanomaly

165.6730, -3.3930, 0.9190

Deuteranomaly

166.5210, 0.0910, 3.8590

Tritanomaly

164.9540, -11.5540, 0.1420

Monochromacy



Original Color

164.5580, -10.4990, -2.4590

Achromatopsia

165.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

164.7330, -3.6220, -0.4380

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 164.5580, -10.4990, -2.4590 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 169, 172)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 169, 172)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 169, 172) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 169, 172) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 164.5580, -10.4990, -2.4590 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 169, 172) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 169, 172) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 169, 172)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 169, 172); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 169, 172); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 169, 172) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 164.5580, -10.4990, -2.4590 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 169, 172) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153,  
169, 172) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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