

Converting Colors

YIQ(164.8170, -21.5940,
-5.1300)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(164.8170, -21.5940, -5.1300)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(164.8170, -21.5940,
-5.1300)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8DAEB4
RGB	141, 174, 180
RGB Percent	55%, 68%, 71%
CMY	0.4471, 0.3176, 0.2942
CMYK	0.22, 0.03, 0.00, 0.29
HSL	189°, 21%, 63%
HSV	189°, 22%, 71%
XYZ	34.3559, 39.2329, 48.9297
YIQ	164.8170, -21.5940, -5.1300

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

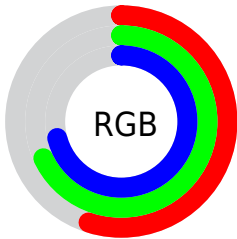
Format	Color
RYB	141, 159, 180
Decimal	9285300
CIELab	68.92, -9.86, -6.78
CIElCh	69, 11.967, 214.499
Yxy	39.2329, 0.2804, 0.3202
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287475380 (0xFF8DAEB4)
YUV	164.8170, 7.4852, -20.8875
Hunter-Lab	62.6361, -11.7062, -2.4704

Details

The YIQ color **164.8170, -21.5940, -5.1300** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **156.1830, 21.5940, 5.1300**, and the grayscale version is **165.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **219.6320, -22.5110, -5.0310**, and **113.0020, -20.6770, -5.2290** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **157.6740, -31.4970, -7.3770**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **171.9600, -11.6910, -2.8830**.

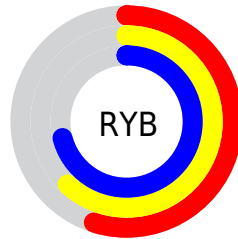
Distribution



Red (55%)

Green (68%)

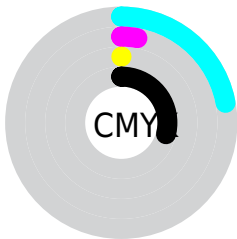
Blue (71%)



Red (55%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (71%)

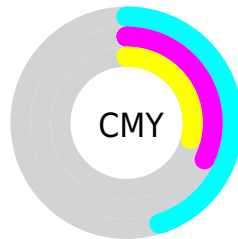


Cyan (22%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (29%)



Cyan (45%)

Magenta (32%)

Yellow (29%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 164.8170, -21.5940, -5.1300 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 164.8170, -21.5940, -5.1300 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 164.8170,
-21.5940, -5.1300

■ 164.8170,
-21.5940, -5.1300

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 138.1160,
-20.9980, -4.9180

■ 220.2190,
-22.7860, -5.5540

■ 113.0020,
-20.6770, -5.2290

■ 245.4320,
-19.0720, -6.7840

■ 88.3010, -20.0810,
-5.0170

■ 254.1030, -1.7880,
-0.6360

■ 64.3010, -20.0810,
-5.0170

■ 41.0020, -20.6770,
-5.2290

■ 20.8990, -18.8890,
-4.5930

■ 1.3680, -3.8520,

3.7320

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 164.8170,
-21.5940, -5.1300

■ 164.8170,
-21.5940, -5.1300

■ 157.6740,
-31.4970, -7.3770

■ 171.9600,
-11.6910, -2.8830

■ 151.1180,
-41.6750, -10.1470

■ 179.1030, -1.7880,
-0.6360

■ 143.9750,
-51.5780, -12.3940

■ 185.6590, 8.3900,
2.1340

■ 136.8320,
-61.4810, -14.6410

■ 192.8020, 18.2930,
4.3810

■ 129.6890,
-71.3840, -16.8880

■ 199.9450, 28.1960,
6.6280

■ 123.1330,
-81.5620, -19.6580

■ 207.0880, 38.0990,
8.8750

■ 115.9900,
-91.4650, -21.9050

■ 210.0560, 41.1250,
9.1010

■ 109.7440,
-99.5800, -23.5160

■ 211.8170, 40.3000,
7.5320

■ 213.5780, 39.4750,
5.9630

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



164.7480, -17.1460, -8.6500



164.8170, -21.5940, -5.1300



166.2350, -19.7150, -0.6350

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



164.8170, -21.5940, -5.1300



170.4020, 7.9760, 9.6400



167.6990, 10.9130, -5.0470

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



164.8170, -21.5940, -5.1300



156.1830, 21.5940, 5.1300

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



168.5690, 17.3310, -0.2130



164.8170, -21.5940, -5.1300



170.6540, 15.9540, 8.2260

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



164.8170, -21.5940, -5.1300



169.4870, -2.5690, 8.0150



169.9870, 19.2100, 4.2820



166.2140, 1.9730, -8.2270

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



164.8170, -21.5940, -5.1300



167.3820, -15.6350, 2.5170



169.9870, 19.2100, 4.2820



168.3080, 13.5720, -3.6760

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



164.8170, -21.5940, -5.1300



229.0530, -7.5190, -1.3990



164.5770, -12.6510, -18.5310



114.0210, -4.4930, -1.1730



245.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



117.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



164.8170, -21.5940, -5.1300



210.8910, -33.6060, -7.7020



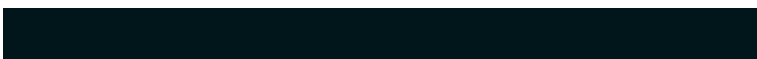
153.6640, -16.3690, 4.8070



85.7220, -5.0890, -1.3850



93.7520, -84.8630, -20.4070



15.8780, -14.3960, -3.4200

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



156.4230, 12.6510, 18.5310



198.0530, 19.9850, 28.7930



167.3360, 16.3690, -4.8070



83.6030, 2.7960, 4.3960



60.5670, 49.4580, 72.8660



10.2820, 8.4340, 12.3540

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 164.8170, -21.5940, -5.1300 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

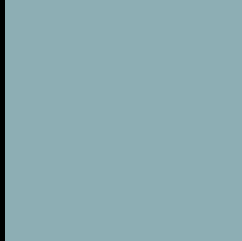
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 164.8170, -21.5940, -5.1300 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

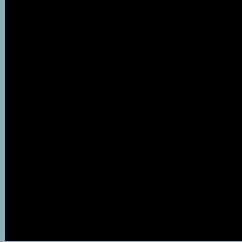
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 164.8170, -21.5940, -5.1300

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 164.8170, -21.5940, -5.1300.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 164.8170, -21.5940, -5.1300.

-5.1300.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

164.8170, -21.5940, -5.1300

Protanopia

168.3250, -2.2930, 3.0110

Deuteranopia

169.3520, 2.2450, 8.8770



Tritanopia

165.3270, -22.9700, -2.2180

Trichromacy



Original Color

164.8170, -21.5940, -5.1300

Protanomaly

167.2100, -9.3990, -0.3670

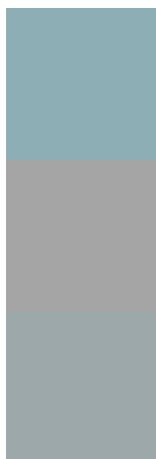
Deuteranomaly

167.6990, -6.2820, 3.7180

Tritanomaly

164.9850, -22.0070, -3.1510

Monochromacy



Original Color

164.8170, -21.5940, -5.1300

Achromatopsia

165.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

164.6400, -7.7940, -1.9220

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 164.8170, -21.5940, -5.1300 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(141, 174, 180)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(141, 174, 180)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(141, 174, 180) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(141, 174, 180) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 164.8170, -21.5940, -5.1300 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(141, 174, 180) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(141, 174, 180) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(141, 174, 180)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(141, 174, 180); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 174, 180);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 174,  
180) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 164.8170, -21.5940, -5.1300 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(141, 174, 180) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(141,  
174, 180) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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