

# Converting Colors

YIQ(165.3630, 23.1890, 58.8450)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(165.3630, 23.1890, 58.8450)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(165.3630, 23.1890,  
58.8450)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	E079F0
RGB	224, 121, 240
RGB Percent	88%, 47%, 94%
CMY	0.1212, 0.5256, 0.0588
CMYK	0.07, 0.50, 0.00, 0.06
HSL	292°, 80%, 71%
HSV	292°, 50%, 94%
XYZ	53.3260, 35.8159, 86.5406
YIQ	165.3630, 23.1890, 58.8450

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

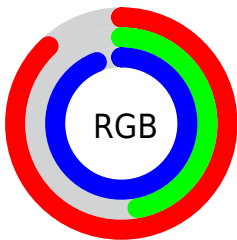
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">224, 121, 240</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">14711280</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">66.38, 57.30, -43.23</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">66, 71.780, 322.970</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">35.8159, 0.3035, 0.2039</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4292901360</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFE079F0</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">165.3630, 36.7960, 51.4246</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">59.8464, 54.3211, -43.8436</a>

# Details

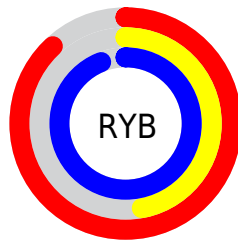
The YIQ color **165.3630, 23.1890, 58.8450** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC66CC**. A complement of this color would be **195.6370, -23.1890, -58.8450**, and the grayscale version is **165.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **208.6270, 21.7250, 41.3170**, and **109.8250, 21.7680, 57.0640** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **150.3780, 28.0010, 70.7610**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **180.3480, 18.3770, 46.9290**.

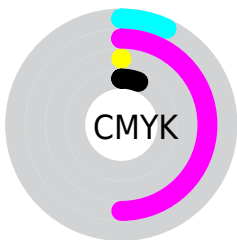
# Distribution



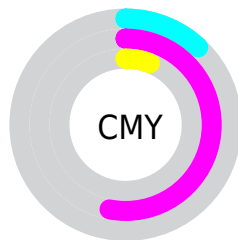
- Red (88%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (94%)



- Red (88%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (94%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (6%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (6%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 165.3630, 23.1890, 58.8450 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 165.3630, 23.1890, 58.8450 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



165.3630, 23.1890,  
58.8450

165.3630, 23.1890,  
58.8450

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

137.5370, 22.6390,  
57.7990

208.6270, 21.7250,  
41.3170

109.8250, 21.7680,  
57.0640

225.6500, 13.7500,  
26.1500

81.3520, 21.7220,  
57.8980

242.6730, 5.7750,  
10.9830

48.0090, 24.4260,  
63.9620

36.9720, 16.6800,  
50.1520

26.0490, 8.6130,  
36.6530

16.2510, 1.6920,

24.4120

■ 4.9360, -11.1430,  
9.2170

■ 0.6840, -1.9260,  
1.8660

■ 165.3630, 23.1890,  
58.8450

■ 165.3630, 23.1890,  
58.8450

■ 150.3780, 28.0010,  
70.7610

■ 180.3480, 18.3770,  
46.9290

■ 135.3930, 32.8130,  
82.6770

■ 195.6320, 14.1610,  
35.2250

■ 120.1090, 37.0290,  
94.3810

■ 210.6170, 9.3490,  
23.3090

■ 105.1240, 41.8410,  
106.2970

■ 225.6020, 4.5370,  
11.3930

■ 90.1390, 46.6530,  
118.2130

■ 240.5870, -0.2750,  
-0.5230

■ 89.5520, 46.9280,  
118.7360

■ 249.7020, -2.3370,  
-7.2090

■ 250.8980, 0.0470,  
-6.3610

■ 251.7950, 1.8350,  
-5.7250

■ 252.6920, 3.6230,  
-5.0890

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



156.5770, -45.9000, 27.8920



165.3630, 23.1890, 58.8450



153.5900, 67.8460, 58.9980

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



165.3630, 23.1890, 58.8450



151.1060, 80.1050, -36.5590



136.0570, -119.9350, -34.5830

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



165.3630, 23.1890, 58.8450



195.6370, -23.1890, -58.8450

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



127.9460, -98.4740, -54.5860



165.3630, 23.1890, 58.8450



146.6160, 34.0300, -55.0740

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



165.3630, 23.1890, 58.8450



155.5090, 96.6490, 5.0410



133.0350, -44.9210, -61.4730



138.2520, -133.0050, -17.9730



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



165.3630, 23.1890, 58.8450



148.1010, 81.9240, 46.1480



133.0350, -44.9210, -61.4730



133.5490, -112.8730, -41.4250

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



165.3630, 23.1890, 58.8450



231.1990, 7.4700, 18.8140



145.1320, -43.1490, 27.5950



113.3030, 3.9410, 11.1810



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



165.3630, 23.1890, 58.8450



159.2090, 30.1550, 75.7790



165.3590, 46.2070, 49.1750



112.3580, 2.1080, 5.8520



68.5170, 35.7000, 90.9320



21.0350, 11.2280, 27.8040



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



158.4050, 65.7880, 30.2040



150.0270, 84.7680, 38.6560



195.6410, -46.2070, -49.1750



111.7020, 6.8310, 2.8550



57.8660, 101.6390, 46.7830

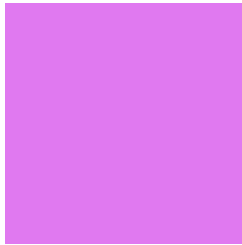


17.6560, 30.8080, 14.3600



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 165.3630, 23.1890, 58.8450 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

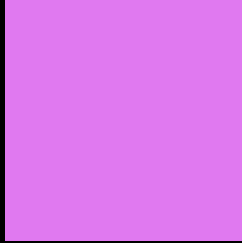
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 165.3630, 23.1890, 58.8450 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 165.3630, 23.1890, 58.8450

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 165.3630, 23.1890, 58.8450.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 165.3630, 23.1890,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

165.3630, 23.1890, 58.8450

### Protanopia

159.7780, -51.0800, 22.6480

### Deuteranopia

160.5480, -38.9290, 17.1910



## Tritanopia

164.1840, 38.1890, 18.2610

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

165.3630, 23.1890, 58.8450



## Protanomaly

161.7540, -24.1690, 36.0470



## Deuteranomaly

162.5390, -16.3740, 32.4420



## Tritanomaly

164.3320, 32.5010, 33.2450

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

165.3630, 23.1890, 58.8450



## Achromatopsia

165.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



## Achromatomaly

164.9650, 8.2490, 21.2170

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 165.3630, 23.1890, 58.8450 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(224, 121, 240)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(224, 121, 240)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(224, 121, 240) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(224, 121, 240) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 165.3630, 23.1890, 58.8450 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(224, 121, 240) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(224, 121, 240) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(224, 121, 240) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(224, 121, 240); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 121, 240);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 121,  
240) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 165.3630, 23.1890, 58.8450 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(224, 121, 240) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(224,  
121, 240) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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