

Converting Colors

YIQ(165.8580, -28.8390,
-0.4790)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(165.8580, -28.8390, -0.4790)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(165.8580, -28.8390,
-0.4790)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex | 8AAEC5 |
| RGB | 138, 174, 197 |
| RGB Percent | 54%, 68%, 77% |
| CMY | 0.4589, 0.3176, 0.2276 |
| CMYK | 0.30, 0.12, 0.00, 0.23 |
| HSL | 203°, 34%, 66% |
| HSV | 203°, 30%, 77% |
| XYZ | 35.6914, 39.7094, 58.5866 |
| YIQ | 165.8580, -28.8390, -0.4790 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

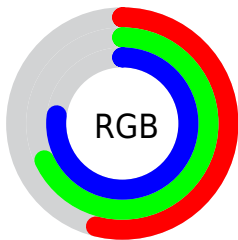
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| R _Y B | 138, 160, 197 |
| Decimal | 9088709 |
| CIE Lab | 69.26, -6.78, -15.67 |
| CIE LCh | 69, 17.072, 246.593 |
| Yxy | 39.7094, 0.2664, 0.2964 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4287278789 (0xFF8AAEC5) |
| YUV | 165.8580, 15.3530, -24.4315 |
| Hunter-Lab | 63.0154, -9.1760, -11.0123 |

Details

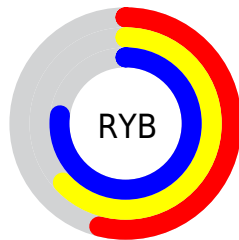
The YIQ color $165.8580, -28.8390, -0.4790$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $99CCCC$. A complement of this color would be $169.1420, 28.8390, 0.4790$, and the grayscale version is $166.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $221.0860, -29.4810, 0.1430$, and $113.6300, -28.1970, -1.1010$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $155.1820, -38.5590, -0.5350$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $176.5340, -19.1190, -0.4230$.

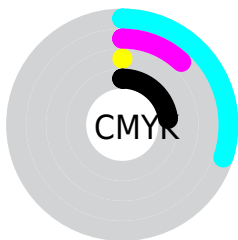
Distribution



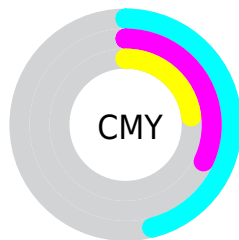
- Red (54%)
- Green (68%)
- Blue (77%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Blue (77%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (23%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (23%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 165.8580, -28.8390, -0.4790 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 165.8580, -28.8390, -0.4790 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 165.8580,
-28.8390, -0.4790

■ 165.8580,
-28.8390, -0.4790

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 139.1570,
-28.2430, -0.2670

■ 221.0860,
-29.4810, 0.1430

■ 113.6300,
-28.1970, -1.1010

■ 244.8340,
-20.2640, -7.2080

■ 88.6300, -28.1970,
-1.1010

■ 253.5050, -2.9800,
-1.0600

■ 64.2170, -28.4720,
-1.6240

■ 39.5970, -32.5980,
-3.9420

■ 22.9680, -23.3370,
-1.0730

■ 3.6650, -8.9420,

7.8740

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 165.8580,
-28.8390, -0.4790

■ 165.8580,
-28.8390, -0.4790

■ 155.1820,
-38.5590, -0.5350

■ 176.5340,
-19.1190, -0.4230

■ 145.3920,
-47.9580, -0.9020

■ 186.3240, -9.7200,
-0.0560

■ 134.7160,
-57.6780, -0.9580

■ 197.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 124.0400,
-67.3980, -1.0140

■ 207.6760, 9.7200,
0.0560

■ 114.2500,
-76.7970, -1.3810

■ 217.4660, 19.1190,
0.4230

■ 103.5740,
-86.5170, -1.4370

■ 227.8430, 28.2430,
0.2670

■ 92.8980, -96.2370,
-1.4930

■ 232.5390, 26.0430,
-3.9170

■ 236.6480, 24.1180,
-7.5780

■ 241.3440, 21.9180,
-11.7620

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



163.4890, -32.4140, -7.2780



165.8580, -28.8390, -0.4790



168.6470, -17.6990, 6.8850

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



165.8580, -28.8390, -0.4790



171.7690, 23.0600, 11.6040



166.3940, 1.2860, -12.2980

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



165.8580, -28.8390, -0.4790



169.1420, 28.8390, 0.4790

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



168.1570, 15.3150, -7.7330



165.8580, -28.8390, -0.4790



171.2330, 27.3250, 5.8930

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



165.8580, -28.8390, -0.4790



172.0760, 12.0100, 13.6260



169.7500, 24.0710, -1.2170



164.4400, -13.5230, -13.7390

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



165.8580, -28.8390, -0.4790



170.7300, -7.5670, 10.4890



169.7500, 24.0710, -1.2170



166.6720, 6.3750, -10.9130

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



165.8580, -28.8390, -0.4790



242.8400, -11.2330, -0.1690



175.2550, -23.6080, -23.7040



119.9930, -7.2900, -0.0420



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



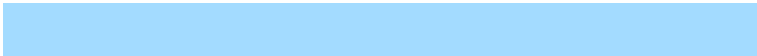
128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



165.8580, -28.8390, -0.4790



206.3600, -44.9320, -0.6760



148.8350, -20.8640, 14.6880



94.5480, -4.5390, -0.3390



77.2820, -79.8230, -1.6070



17.0180, -17.6060, -0.3100

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



159.7450, 23.6080, 23.7040



196.8920, 36.8560, 36.9200



186.1650, 20.8640, -14.6880



93.3750, 3.4380, 3.7740



60.1370, 65.0480, 65.6560



13.2720, 14.3940, 14.4740

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 165.8580, -28.8390, -0.4790 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

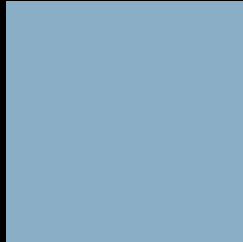
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 165.8580, -28.8390, -0.4790 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

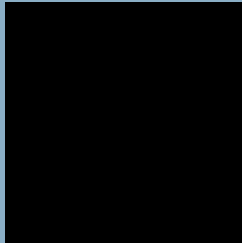
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

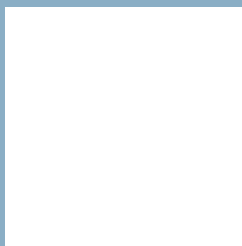
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 165.8580, -28.8390, -0.4790

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 165.8580, -28.8390, -0.4790.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 165.8580, -28.8390, -0.4790.

-0.4790.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

165.8580, -28.8390, -0.4790

Protanopia

169.0670, -10.1340, 7.4500

Deuteranopia

170.3710, -7.9340, 11.6340



Tritanopia

164.9350, -27.7380, -3.9140

Trichromacy



Original Color

165.8580, -28.8390, -0.4790

Protanomaly

168.2510, -16.6440, 4.2840

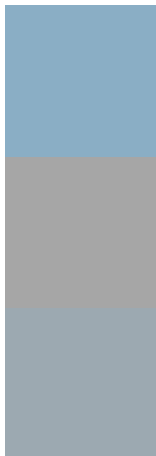
Deuteranomaly

168.4300, -15.5900, 7.2100

Tritanomaly

165.5760, -28.1050, -2.7690

Monochromacy



Original Color

165.8580, -28.8390, -0.4790

Achromatopsia

166.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

166.0250, -10.3160, -0.2680

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 165.8580, -28.8390, -0.4790 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(138, 174, 197)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(138, 174, 197)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(138, 174, 197) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(138, 174, 197) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 165.8580, -28.8390, -0.4790 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(138, 174, 197) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(138, 174, 197) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(138, 174, 197)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(138, 174, 197); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 174, 197);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 174,  
197) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 165.8580, -28.8390, -0.4790 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(138, 174, 197) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(138,  
174, 197) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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