

Converting Colors

YIQ(166.6790, 41.1690, 19.3210)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(166.6790, 41.1690, 19.3210)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(166.6790, 41.1690,
19.3210)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DA8F9A
RGB	218, 143, 154
RGB Percent	85%, 56%, 60%
CMY	0.1449, 0.4393, 0.3959
CMYK	0.00, 0.34, 0.29, 0.14
HSL	351°, 50%, 71%
HSV	351°, 34%, 86%
XYZ	44.5813, 36.8826, 35.3585
YIQ	166.6790, 41.1690, 19.3210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

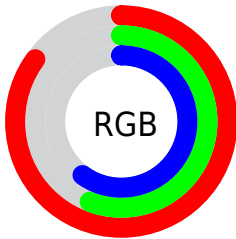
Format	Color
R _Y B	218, 143, 154
Decimal	14323610
CIE Lab	67.19, 29.91, 5.96
CIE LCh	67, 30.501, 11.267
Yxy	36.8826, 0.3816, 0.3157
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292513690 (0xFFDA8F9A)
YUV	166.6790, -6.2507, 45.0085
Hunter-Lab	60.7310, 24.7537, 7.9923

Details

The YIQ color **166.6790, 41.1690, 19.3210** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **194.3210, -41.1690, -19.3210**, and the grayscale version is **167.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **215.5960, 31.0370, 15.7170**, and **113.8850, 37.5930, 18.0490** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **151.5990, 53.3180, 24.9180**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **181.7590, 29.0200, 13.7240**.

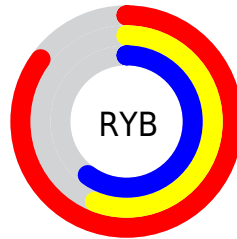
Distribution



Red (85%)

Green (56%)

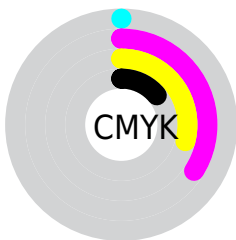
Blue (60%)



Red (85%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (60%)

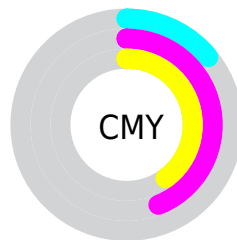


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (29%)

Black (14%)



Cyan (14%)


Magenta (44%)

Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 166.6790, 41.1690, 19.3210 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 166.6790, 41.1690, 19.3210 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 166.6790, 41.1690,
19.3210


 166.6790, 41.1690,
19.3210


255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000


 139.7820, 39.3810,
18.6850


 215.5960, 31.0370,
15.7170


 113.8850, 37.5930,
18.0490

 235.9250, 13.7530,
9.5690

 88.4010, 36.0800,
17.9360

 63.6180, 33.9710,
17.6110

 39.3620, 31.8160,
18.1200

 18.2260, 29.2030,
15.9150

 9.6820, 18.7510,

7.0950

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 166.6790, 41.1690,
19.3210

■ 166.6790, 41.1690,
19.3210

■ 151.5990, 53.3180,
24.9180

■ 181.7590, 29.0200,
13.7240

■ 136.6330, 65.1460,
30.8260

■ 196.7250, 17.1920,
7.8160

■ 122.1400, 77.0200,
35.9000

■ 211.2180, 5.3180,
2.7420

■ 107.1740, 88.8480,
41.8080

■ 226.1840, -6.5100,
-3.1660

■ 92.0940, 100.9970,
47.4050

■ 241.2640,
-18.6590, -8.7630

■ 77.0140, 113.1460,
53.0020

■ 243.9370,
-22.0520, -7.8440

■ 68.8300, 119.6560,
56.1680

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



167.7560, 25.0750, 24.6510



166.6790, 41.1690, 19.3210



164.9810, 45.7100, 8.6060

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



166.6790, 41.1690, 19.3210



157.9170, -2.1050, -22.4330



155.0860, -55.8440, -1.1560

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



166.6790, 41.1690, 19.3210



194.3210, -41.1690, -19.3210

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



148.7110, -68.4500, -14.9940



166.6790, 41.1690, 19.3210



153.0200, -30.2560, -24.3680

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



166.6790, 41.1690, 19.3210



160.7090, 22.1480, -15.9320



149.0140, -56.4820, -22.6420



163.1760, -29.2540, 12.5540

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



166.6790, 41.1690, 19.3210



164.0310, 42.2730, -0.6950



149.0140, -56.4820, -22.6420



152.2160, -62.2620, -5.9900

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



166.6790, 41.1690, 19.3210



237.8170, 13.9370, 6.2330



170.6860, 14.0690, 36.8930



117.0120, 8.8940, 4.0140



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



166.6790, 41.1690, 19.3210



183.2190, 57.4440, 27.2360



180.6870, 37.5500, 2.3020



102.4030, 6.2350, 2.6430



54.6910, 94.7620, 44.7620



14.5520, 25.1690, 11.9290

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



166.6790, 41.1690, 19.3210



183.2190, 57.4440, 27.2360



180.3130, -37.5500, -2.3020



102.4030, 6.2350, 2.6430



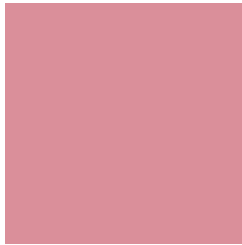
54.6910, 94.7620, 44.7620



14.5520, 25.1690, 11.9290

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 166.6790, 41.1690, 19.3210 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

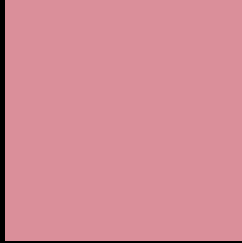
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 166.6790, 41.1690, 19.3210 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

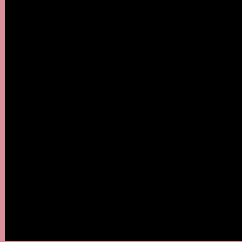
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 166.6790, 41.1690, 19.3210

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 166.6790, 41.1690, 19.3210.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 166.6790, 41.1690,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

166.6790, 41.1690, 19.3210

Protanopia

164.1250, 1.1460, 1.2580

Deuteranopia

164.9760, 17.7430, 3.3350



Tritanopia

166.6790, 41.1690, 19.3210

Trichromacy



Original Color

166.6790, 41.1690, 19.3210

Protanomaly

165.2410, 15.6790, 7.7030

Deuteranomaly

165.7430, 25.9490, 8.8050

Tritanomaly

166.6790, 41.1690, 19.3210

Monochromacy



Original Color

166.6790, 41.1690, 19.3210

Achromatopsia

167.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

166.8280, 15.4040, 7.1800

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 166.6790, 41.1690, 19.3210 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(218, 143, 154)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(218, 143, 154)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(218, 143, 154) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(218, 143, 154) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 166.6790, 41.1690, 19.3210 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(218, 143, 154) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(218, 143, 154) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(218, 143, 154)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(218, 143, 154); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 143, 154);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 143,  
154) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 166.6790, 41.1690, 19.3210 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(218, 143, 154) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(218,  
143, 154) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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