

Converting Colors

YIQ(167.0560, 6.7350, 26.6310)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(167.0560, 6.7350, 26.6310)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(167.0560, 6.7350,
26.6310)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BE94CD
RGB	190, 148, 205
RGB Percent	75%, 58%, 80%
CMY	0.2548, 0.4197, 0.1961
CMYK	0.07, 0.28, 0.00, 0.20
HSL	284°, 36%, 69%
HSV	284°, 28%, 80%
XYZ	42.8499, 36.5335, 62.5480
YIQ	167.0560, 6.7350, 26.6310

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

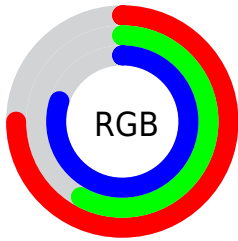
Format	Color
RYB	190, 148, 205
Decimal	12489933
CIELab	66.93, 25.95, -23.28
CIElCh	67, 34.865, 318.104
Yxy	36.5335, 0.3019, 0.2574
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290680013 (0xFFBE94CD)
YUV	167.0560, 18.7064, 20.1219
Hunter-Lab	60.4429, 20.7691, -19.0449

Details

The YIQ color $167.0560, 6.7350, 26.6310$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $CC99CC$. A complement of this color would be $185.9440, -6.7350, -26.6310$, and the grayscale version is $167.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $221.4970, 9.8070, 26.0230$, and $114.8170, 5.9100, 25.0620$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $153.2340, 9.5300, 36.5540$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $180.2910, 4.2150, 17.2310$.

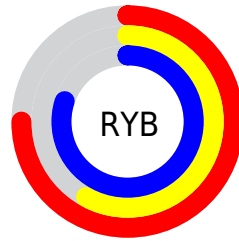
Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (58%)

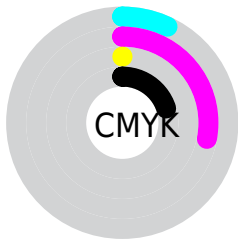
Blue (80%)



Red (75%)

Yellow (58%)

Blue (80%)

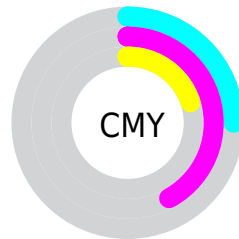


Cyan (7%)

Magenta (28%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (20%)



Cyan (25%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 167.0560, 6.7350, 26.6310 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 167.0560, 6.7350, 26.6310 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 167.0560, 6.7350,
26.6310

■ 167.0560, 6.7350,
26.6310

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 140.5290, 6.7810,
25.7970

■ 221.4970, 9.8070,
26.0230

■ 114.8170, 5.9100,
25.0620

■ 240.9120, 6.6000,
12.5520

■ 89.9910, 5.3600,
24.0160

■ 65.5780, 5.0850,
23.4930

■ 42.6380, 4.8560,
22.1360

■ 20.2250, 4.5810,
21.6130

■ 7.1220, -2.7990,

12.1850

■ 0.2280, -0.6420,
0.6220

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 167.0560, 6.7350,
26.6310

■ 167.0560, 6.7350,
26.6310

■ 153.2340, 9.5300,
36.5540

■ 180.2910, 4.2150,
17.2310

■ 139.7000, 11.4540,
45.7420

■ 194.4120, 2.0160,
7.5200

■ 125.8780, 14.2490,
55.6650

■ 207.6470, -0.5040,
-1.8800

■ 112.6430, 16.7690,
65.0650

■ 221.7680, -2.7030,
-11.5910

■ 98.5220, 18.9680,
74.7760

■ 235.0030, -5.2230,
-20.9910

■ 85.2870, 21.4880,
84.1760

■ 239.4330, -3.6180,
-22.5460

■ 71.1660, 23.6870,
93.8870

■ 241.2270, -0.0420,
-21.2740

■ 68.5190, 24.1910,
95.7670

■ 242.7220, 2.9380,
-20.2140

■ 244.2170, 5.9180,
-19.1540

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



163.1920, -26.1830, 17.4730



167.0560, 6.7350, 26.6310



166.9420, 33.4190, 27.6190

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



167.0560, 6.7350, 26.6310



162.0920, 40.3030, -9.0490



141.2440, -77.8010, -27.2490

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



167.0560, 6.7350, 26.6310



185.9440, -6.7350, -26.6310

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



148.9690, -43.4140, -28.1980



167.0560, 6.7350, 26.6310



158.9920, 19.6730, -20.6390

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



167.0560, 6.7350, 26.6310



163.6240, 51.0290, 5.8210



154.9760, -9.7610, -26.8570



142.3760, -86.5600, -17.1840

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



167.0560, 6.7350, 26.6310



166.2390, 45.5240, 22.9960



154.9760, -9.7610, -26.8570



143.6920, -67.4390, -27.8150

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



167.0560, 6.7350, 26.6310



241.7650, 2.5200, 9.4000



163.3030, -22.4220, 9.8820



119.1730, 1.1910, 5.9510



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



167.0560, 6.7350, 26.6310



199.1140, 9.9880, 39.2680



170.0590, 19.8480, 25.7680



95.2330, 0.9620, 4.5940



55.4020, 19.4260, 77.4900



12.7040, 4.4900, 17.7540

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



166.7530, 29.1570, 16.7490



198.6240, 43.0020, 24.6500



182.9410, -19.8480, -25.7680



95.2180, 5.3180, 2.7420



54.5360, 85.1330, 48.5650



12.5020, 19.4380, 11.1660

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 167.0560, 6.7350, 26.6310 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

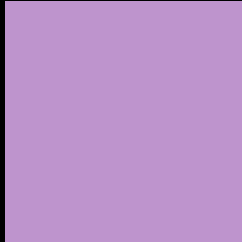
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 167.0560, 6.7350, 26.6310 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

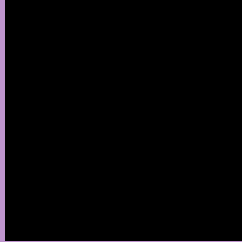
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 167.0560, 6.7350, 26.6310

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 167.0560, 6.7350, 26.6310.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 167.0560, 6.7350,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

167.0560, 6.7350, 26.6310

Protanopia

163.5680, -24.4860, 14.2500

Deuteranopia

164.6030, -14.3990, 13.1610



Tritanopia

165.0390, 13.4320, 9.8800

Trichromacy



Original Color

167.0560, 6.7350, 26.6310

Protanomaly

164.6620, -12.8870, 18.8010

Deuteranomaly

165.6580, -7.0640, 17.8960

Tritanomaly

165.4720, 10.9550, 16.2270

Monochromacy



Original Color

167.0560, 6.7350, 26.6310

Achromatopsia

167.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

166.8790, 2.1990, 9.7110

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 167.0560, 6.7350, 26.6310 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(190, 148, 205)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(190, 148, 205)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(190, 148, 205) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(190, 148, 205) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 167.0560, 6.7350, 26.6310 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(190, 148, 205) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(190, 148, 205) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(190, 148, 205)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(190, 148, 205); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 148, 205);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 148,  
205) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 167.0560, 6.7350, 26.6310 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(190, 148, 205) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(190,  
148, 205) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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