

Converting Colors

YIQ(167.0960, 0.0900, 9.3860)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(167.0960, 0.0900, 9.3860)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(167.0960, 0.0900,
9.3860)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ADA1B7
RGB	173, 161, 183
RGB Percent	68%, 63%, 72%
CMY	0.3215, 0.3686, 0.2824
CMYK	0.05, 0.12, 0.00, 0.28
HSL	273°, 13%, 67%
HSV	273°, 12%, 72%
XYZ	38.5268, 37.7922, 50.0615
YIQ	167.0960, 0.0900, 9.3860

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

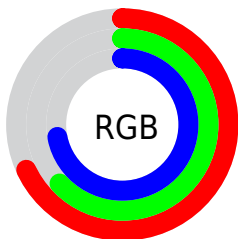
Format	Color
R_{YB}	173, 161, 183
Decimal	11379127
CIE _{Lab}	67.87, 8.54, -9.76
CIE _{LCh}	68, 12.973, 311.172
Yxy	37.7922, 0.3048, 0.2990
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289569207 (0xFFADA1B7)
YUV	167.0960, 7.8407, 5.1778
Hunter-Lab	61.4753, 4.2846, -5.2491

Details

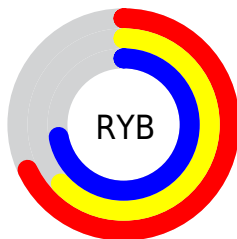
The YIQ color $167.0960, 0.0900, 9.3860$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $176.9040, -0.0900, -9.3860$, and the grayscale version is $167.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $222.2100, -0.2310, 9.6970$, and $114.9820, 0.4110, 9.0750$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $154.1380, 0.2720, 17.1040$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $180.0540, -0.0920, 1.6680$.

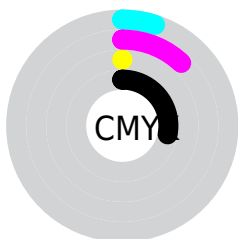
Distribution



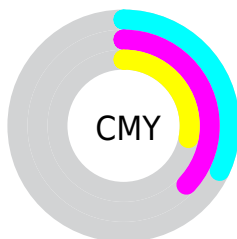
- Red (68%)
- Green (63%)
- Blue (72%)



- Red (68%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Blue (72%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (28%)



- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (28%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 167.0960, 0.0900, 9.3860 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 167.0960, 0.0900, 9.3860 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 167.0960, 0.0900,
9.3860

■ 167.0960, 0.0900,
9.3860

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 140.6830, -0.1850,
8.8630

■ 222.2100, -0.2310,
9.6970

■ 114.9820, 0.4110,
9.0750

■ 248.5430, 3.0250,
5.7530

■ 90.5690, 0.1360,
8.5520

■ 67.1560, -0.1390,
8.0290

■ 44.7430, -0.4140,
7.5060

■ 24.2160, -0.3680,
6.6720

■ 2.1830, -4.7690,

3.8310

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

167.0960, 0.0900,
9.3860

167.0960, 0.0900,
9.3860

154.1380, 0.2720,
17.1040

180.0540, -0.0920,
1.6680

140.2940, 0.1330,
25.1330

193.8980, 0.0470,
-6.3610

127.3360, 0.3150,
32.8510

206.8560, -0.1350,
-14.0790

114.3780, 0.4970,
40.5690

219.8140, -0.3170,
-21.7970

101.1210, 0.0830,
48.0750

233.0710, 0.0970,
-29.3030

■ 87.5760, 0.5400,
56.3160

■ 237.2240, 4.0400,
-29.1760

■ 74.6180, 0.7220,
64.0340

■ 239.6160, 8.8080,
-27.4800

■ 61.6600, 0.9040,
71.7520

■ 242.0080, 13.5760,
-25.7840

■ 50.7620, 0.8570,
78.1130

■ 244.6990, 18.9400,
-23.8760

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



165.5290, -11.5550, 5.6690



167.0960, 0.0900, 9.3860



167.7830, 11.2770, 10.3890

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



167.0960, 0.0900, 9.3860



165.9280, 17.6980, -1.3580



161.1930, -19.8970, -8.3530

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



167.0960, 0.0900, 9.3860



176.9040, -0.0900, -9.3860

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



161.9180, -11.8730, -10.6010



167.0960, 0.0900, 9.3860



164.4600, 10.0880, -6.6160

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



167.0960, 0.0900, 9.3860



166.9440, 20.7690, 3.5610



163.0180, -0.4110, -9.0750



161.5610, -23.7490, -4.6210

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



167.0960, 0.0900, 9.3860



167.4800, 16.5040, 9.2720



163.0180, -0.4110, -9.0750



161.0360, -18.0170, -9.3850

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



167.0960, 0.0900, 9.3860



230.5210, 0.0910, 3.8590



169.3780, -9.8120, 1.6120



115.5810, -0.1380, 2.5020



247.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



120.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



167.0960, 0.0900, 9.3860



213.1440, 0.1350, 14.0790



169.9720, 6.3710, 11.1950



85.5210, 0.0910, 3.8590



43.1990, 0.5840, 66.5360



7.6770, -0.0480, 11.8880

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



168.7180, 9.9020, 7.7740



215.5770, 14.8530, 11.6610



174.0280, -6.3710, -11.1950



86.1470, 4.0800, 3.1520



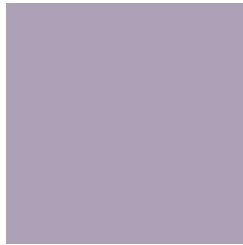
54.7380, 70.1850, 55.1530



9.8540, 12.5150, 9.9790

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 167.0960, 0.0900, 9.3860 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 167.0960, 0.0900, 9.3860 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

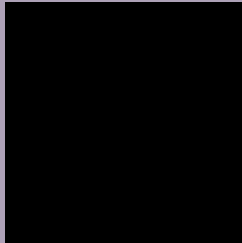
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 167.0960, 0.0900, 9.3860

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 167.0960, 0.0900, 9.3860.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 167.0960, 0.0900,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

167.0960, 0.0900, 9.3860

Protanopia

166.0950, -7.3370, 6.3190

Deuteranopia

167.0960, 0.0900, 9.3860



Tritanopia

166.4720, 1.7870, 6.1630

Trichromacy



Original Color

167.0960, 0.0900, 9.3860

Protanomaly

166.5900, -4.3570, 7.3790

Deuteranomaly

167.0960, 0.0900, 9.3860

Tritanomaly

166.8140, 0.8240, 7.0960

Monochromacy



Original Color

167.0960, 0.0900, 9.3860

Achromatopsia

167.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

167.1080, -0.1840, 3.3360

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 167.0960, 0.0900, 9.3860 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(173, 161, 183)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(173, 161, 183)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 161, 183) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(173, 161, 183) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 167.0960, 0.0900, 9.3860 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(173, 161, 183) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(173, 161, 183) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(173, 161, 183)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(173, 161, 183); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 161, 183);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 161,  
183) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 167.0960, 0.0900, 9.3860 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(173, 161, 183) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(173,  
161, 183) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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