

Converting Colors

YIQ(167.8000, 21.7750, 18.3750)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(167.8000, 21.7750, 18.3750)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(167.8000, 21.7750,
18.3750)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C896AF
RGB	200, 150, 175
RGB Percent	78%, 59%, 69%
CMY	0.2155, 0.4118, 0.3137
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 0.13, 0.22
HSL	330°, 31%, 69%
HSV	330°, 25%, 78%
XYZ	42.4711, 37.1859, 45.5054
YIQ	167.8000, 21.7750, 18.3750

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

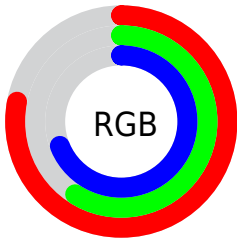
Format	Color
R_{YB}	200, 150, 175
Decimal	13145775
CIE _{Lab}	67.42, 22.70, -5.71
CIE _{LCh}	67, 23.411, 345.884
Yxy	37.1859, 0.3393, 0.2971
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291335855 (0xFFC896AF)
YUV	167.8000, 3.5496, 28.2394
Hunter-Lab	60.9802, 17.6051, -1.5579

Details

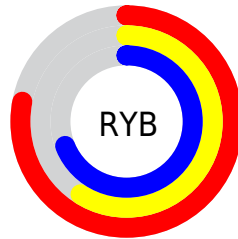
The YIQ color **167.8000, 21.7750, 18.3750** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **182.2000, -21.7750, -18.3750**, and the grayscale version is **168.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **222.3270, 21.7290, 19.2090**, and **115.4900, 19.7120, 17.2160** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **154.9200, 30.4850, 25.7250**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **180.6800, 13.0650, 11.0250**.

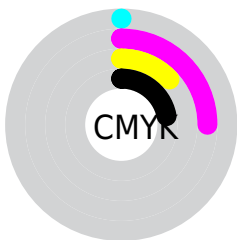
Distribution



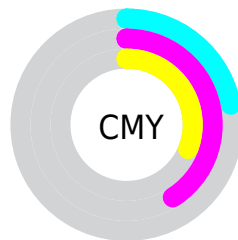
- Red (78%)
- Green (59%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (31%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 167.8000, 21.7750, 18.3750 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 167.8000, 21.7750, 18.3750 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 167.8000, 21.7750,
18.3750

■ 167.8000, 21.7750,
18.3750

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 141.0880, 20.9040,
17.6400

■ 222.3270, 21.7290,
19.2090

■ 115.4900, 19.7120,
17.2160

■ 242.0860, 6.0500,
11.5060

■ 90.1910, 19.1160,
17.0040

■ 66.4790, 18.2450,
16.2690

■ 43.4680, 16.7780,
15.3220

■ 21.2830, 15.8610,
15.4210

■ 7.3330, 12.4240,

6.1200

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 167.8000, 21.7750,
18.3750

■ 167.8000, 21.7750,
18.3750

■ 154.9200, 30.4850,
25.7250

■ 180.6800, 13.0650,
11.0250

■ 142.0400, 39.1950,
33.0750

■ 193.5600, 4.3550,
3.6750

■ 129.1600, 47.9050,
40.4250

■ 206.4400, -4.3550,
-3.6750

■ 116.2800, 56.6150,
47.7750

■ 219.3200,
-13.0650, -11.0250

■ 103.4000, 65.3250,
55.1250

■ 232.2000,
-21.7750, -18.3750

■ 90.5200, 74.0350,
62.4750

■ 236.2750,
-26.3600, -17.8800

■ 77.6400, 82.7450,
69.8250

■ 237.4150,
-29.5700, -14.7700

■ 71.2000, 87.1000,
73.5000

■ 238.5550,
-32.7800, -11.6600

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



167.2200, 2.9770, 17.6410



167.8000, 21.7750, 18.3750



166.9120, 32.9630, 13.8510

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



167.8000, 21.7750, 18.3750



161.6960, 14.9950, -12.9490



155.9480, -46.9480, -8.1960

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



167.8000, 21.7750, 18.3750



182.2000, -21.7750, -18.3750

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



154.6570, -41.9950, -15.3630



167.8000, 21.7750, 18.3750



159.2960, -4.4900, -17.7540

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



167.8000, 21.7750, 18.3750



163.9800, 29.1150, -4.5250



156.3460, -25.1220, -18.2900



159.9480, -37.7800, 1.8680

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



167.8000, 21.7750, 18.3750



166.1910, 36.3110, 8.2390



156.3460, -25.1220, -18.2900



154.9540, -47.0850, -11.2210

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



167.8000, 21.7750, 18.3750



242.1200, 8.7100, 7.3500



162.8760, -1.7460, 20.6380



119.5710, 5.8220, 4.6220



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



167.8000, 21.7750, 18.3750



206.0560, 33.0980, 27.9300



165.0640, 29.4790, 10.9110



93.1470, 4.0800, 3.1520



58.0850, 70.8260, 60.0580



12.8160, 15.6780, 13.2300

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



167.8000, 21.7750, 18.3750



206.0560, 33.0980, 27.9300



184.9360, -29.4790, -10.9110



93.1470, 4.0800, 3.1520



58.0850, 70.8260, 60.0580



12.8160, 15.6780, 13.2300

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 167.8000, 21.7750, 18.3750 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

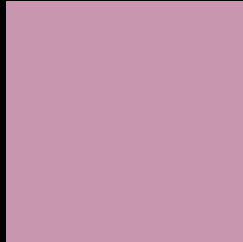
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 167.8000, 21.7750, 18.3750 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 167.8000, 21.7750, 18.3750

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 167.8000, 21.7750, 18.3750.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 167.8000, 21.7750,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

167.8000, 21.7750, 18.3750

Protanopia

164.9810, -7.0160, 6.0080

Deuteranopia

166.2660, 5.3630, 7.4350



Tritanopia

167.4210, 24.1600, 13.6960

Trichromacy



Original Color

167.8000, 21.7750, 18.3750

Protanomaly

165.8900, 3.6660, 10.6580

Deuteranomaly

166.7230, 11.5060, 11.7460

Tritanomaly

167.2900, 23.1510, 15.4630

Monochromacy



Original Color

167.8000, 21.7750, 18.3750

Achromatopsia

168.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

167.8210, 8.1140, 7.1380

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 167.8000, 21.7750, 18.3750 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(200, 150, 175)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(200, 150, 175)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(200, 150, 175) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(200, 150, 175) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 167.8000, 21.7750, 18.3750 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(200, 150, 175) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(200, 150, 175) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(200, 150, 175)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(200, 150, 175); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 150, 175);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 150,  
175) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 167.8000, 21.7750, 18.3750 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(200, 150, 175) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(200,  
150, 175) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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