

Converting Colors

YIQ(167.9970, -5.0860,
-17.9660)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(167.9970, -5.0860, -17.9660)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(167.9970, -5.0860,
-17.9660)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex | 98B58F |
| RGB | 152, 181, 143 |
| RGB Percent | 60%, 71%, 56% |
| CMY | 0.4040, 0.2901, 0.4392 |
| CMYK | 0.16, 0.00, 0.21, 0.29 |
| HSL | 106°, 20%, 64% |
| HSV | 106°, 21%, 71% |
| XYZ | 34.4289, 41.7090, 32.2236 |
| YIQ | 167.9970, -5.0860, -17.9660 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

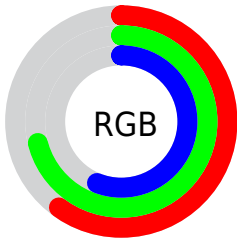
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| RYB | 143, 181, 172 |
| Decimal | 10007951 |
| CIELab | 70.67, -17.15, 16.15 |
| CIELCh | 71, 23.560, 136.728 |
| Yxy | 41.7090, 0.3177, 0.3849 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4288198031 (0xFF98B58F) |
| YUV | 167.9970, -12.3235, -14.0294 |
| Hunter-Lab | 64.5825, -17.8612, 15.6249 |

Details

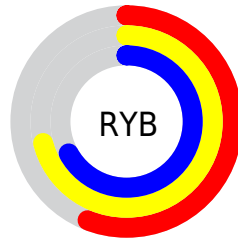
The YIQ color $167.9970, -5.0860, -17.9660$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $99CC99$. A complement of this color would be $156.0030, 5.0860, 17.9660$, and the grayscale version is $168.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $223.4700, -5.0400, -18.8000$, and $115.9370, -4.8570, -16.6090$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $161.7590, -7.6520, -26.5320$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $174.2350, -2.5200, -9.4000$.

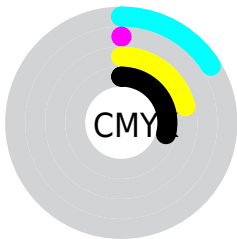
Distribution



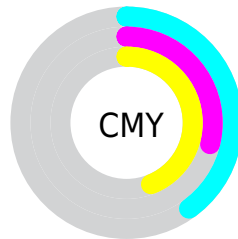
- Red (60%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 167.9970, -5.0860, -17.9660 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 167.9970, -5.0860, -17.9660 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 167.9970, -5.0860,
-17.9660

■ 167.9970, -5.0860,
-17.9660

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 141.4100, -4.8110,
-17.4430

■ 223.4700, -5.0400,
-18.8000

■ 115.9370, -4.8570,
-16.6090

■ 245.6000, -2.2900,
-13.5700

■ 91.0510, -5.1780,
-16.2980

254.8860, 0.3210,
-0.3110

■ 67.4640, -4.9030,
-15.7750

■ 44.6920, -5.5450,
-15.1530

■ 23.2470, -2.7940,
-15.4500

■ 2.9350, -1.3750,

-2.6150

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 167.9970, -5.0860,
-17.9660

■ 167.9970, -5.0860,
-17.9660

■ 161.7590, -7.6520,
-26.5320

■ 174.2350, -2.5200,
-9.4000

■ 155.5210,
-10.2180, -35.0980

■ 180.4730, 0.0460,
-0.8340

■ 149.2830,
-12.7840, -43.6640

■ 186.4120, 2.0160,
7.5200

■ 143.3440,
-14.7540, -52.0180

■ 192.6500, 4.5820,
16.0860

■ 136.9920,
-16.9990, -60.8950

■ 199.0020, 6.8270,
24.9630

■ 130.7540,
-19.5650, -69.4610

■ 205.2400, 9.3930,
33.5290

■ 124.5160,
-22.1310, -78.0270

■ 209.7680, 16.7740,
37.4300

■ 119.1040,
-24.1470, -85.5470

■ 211.5620, 20.3500,
38.7020

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



170.3970, 14.3990, -13.1610



167.9970, -5.0860, -17.9660



165.0470, -25.7180, -18.5020

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



167.9970, -5.0860, -17.9660



169.2470, -37.1840, 2.0800



175.9830, 34.2010, 13.4410

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



167.9970, -5.0860, -17.9660



156.0030, 5.0860, 17.9660

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



176.3980, 22.9670, 18.7990



167.9970, -5.0860, -17.9660



173.8090, -17.9750, 11.8890

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



167.9970, -5.0860, -17.9660



164.9480, -46.9480, -8.1960



175.8180, 4.1690, 18.0650



174.7840, 35.8990, 4.6910

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



167.9970, -5.0860, -17.9660



163.7560, -37.9600, -16.9040



175.8180, 4.1690, 18.0650



176.0090, 31.3120, 16.2400

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



167.9970, -5.0860, -17.9660



230.1150, -2.0620, -6.6860



171.3850, 14.6730, -7.1110



114.2940, -1.0080, -3.7600



245.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



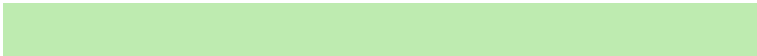
117.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



167.9970, -5.0860, -17.9660



214.8190, -7.8810, -27.8890



166.4460, -13.6600, -16.7640



85.8810, -1.2830, -4.2830



100.5750, -20.6190, -72.3870



17.0560, -3.5740, -12.3260

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



156.0030, 5.0860, 17.9660



196.1810, 7.8810, 27.8890



157.6680, 13.3390, 17.0750



83.1190, 1.2830, 4.2830



52.4250, 20.6190, 72.3870



8.6450, 2.9780, 12.1140

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 167.9970, -5.0860, -17.9660 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

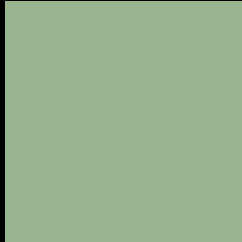
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 167.9970, -5.0860, -17.9660 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 167.9970, -5.0860, -17.9660

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 167.9970, -5.0860, -17.9660.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 167.9970, -5.0860,

-17.9660.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

167.9970, -5.0860, -17.9660

Protanopia

171.5270, 17.1490, -7.9310

Deuteranopia

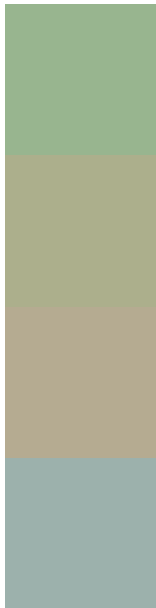
173.2880, 25.4920, 0.5640



Tritanopia

171.8120, -14.0300, 0.9620

Trichromacy



Original Color

167.9970, -5.0860, -17.9660

Protanomaly

170.1130, 9.4470, -11.5210

Deuteranomaly

171.0260, 14.3060, -5.9660

Tritanomaly

170.1510, -10.9110, -6.0070

Monochromacy



Original Color

167.9970, -5.0860, -17.9660

Achromatopsia

168.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

168.1150, -2.0620, -6.6860

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 167.9970, -5.0860, -17.9660 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(152, 181, 143)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(152, 181, 143)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 181, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(152, 181, 143) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 167.9970, -5.0860, -17.9660 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(152, 181, 143) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(152, 181, 143) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(152, 181, 143)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(152, 181, 143); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 181, 143);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 181,  
143) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 167.9970, -5.0860, -17.9660 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(152, 181, 143) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(152,  
181, 143) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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