

Converting Colors

YIQ(169.0280, 56.6640, 30.3600)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(169.0280, 56.6640, 30.3600)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(169.0280, 56.6640,
30.3600)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F2869E
RGB	242, 134, 158
RGB Percent	95%, 53%, 62%
CMY	0.0507, 0.4747, 0.3802
CMYK	0.00, 0.45, 0.35, 0.05
HSL	347°, 81%, 74%
HSV	347°, 45%, 95%
XYZ	51.3367, 38.3976, 37.0772
YIQ	169.0280, 56.6640, 30.3600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

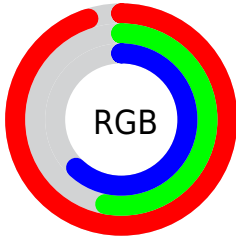
Format	Color
R _Y B	242, 134, 158
Decimal	15894174
CIE Lab	68.31, 43.78, 5.70
CIE LCh	68, 44.146, 7.424
Yxy	38.3976, 0.4048, 0.3028
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294084254 (0xFFFF2869E)
YUV	169.0280, -5.4368, 63.9964
Hunter-Lab	61.9658, 39.4413, 7.8999

Details

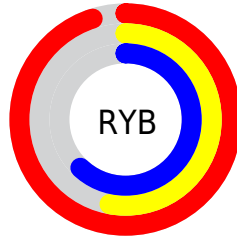
The YIQ color **169.0280, 56.6640, 30.3600** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **206.9720, -56.6640, -30.3600**, and the grayscale version is **169.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **211.4700, 31.6320, 21.4560**, and **114.4620, 52.4460, 29.7100** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **152.7740, 69.3630, 37.0030**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **185.2820, 43.9650, 23.7170**.

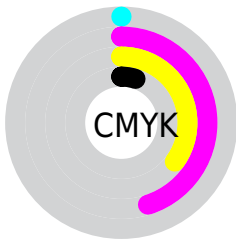
Distribution



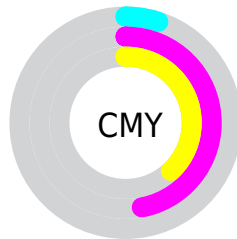
- Red (95%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Black (5%)





- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (38%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the YIQ color 169.0280, 56.6640, 30.3600 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 169.0280, 56.6640, 30.3600 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 169.0280, 56.6640,
30.3600


 169.0280, 56.6640,
30.3600


255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000


 141.2450, 54.5550,
30.0350


 211.4700, 31.6320,
21.4560


 114.4620, 52.4460,
29.7100


 231.0980, 14.9440,
15.5200

 87.7930, 50.0160,
29.6960

 249.7170, 2.4750,
4.7070

 60.3630, 48.4110,
31.2510

 33.6340, 46.2100,
32.5940

 23.2810, 36.5380,
20.6500

 14.2810, 27.3700,

10.5860

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 169.0280, 56.6640,
30.3600

■ 169.0280, 56.6640,
30.3600

■ 152.7740, 69.3630,
37.0030

■ 185.2820, 43.9650,
23.7170

■ 136.5200, 82.0620,
43.6460

■ 201.5360, 31.2660,
17.0740

■ 119.7930, 94.7150,
51.1230

■ 218.2630, 18.6130,
9.5970

■ 103.5390,
107.4140, 57.7660

■ 234.5170, 5.9140,
2.9540

■ 87.2850, 120.1130,
64.4090

■ 250.7710, -6.7850,
-3.6890

■ 78.5140, 126.8980,
68.0980

■ 251.1130, -7.7480,
-2.7560

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



171.1410, 31.7210, 36.3690



169.0280, 56.6640, 30.3600



167.0220, 64.8280, 14.5560

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



169.0280, 56.6640, 30.3600



157.5610, 1.4730, -32.2150



132.3190, -125.9440, -19.2880

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



169.0280, 56.6640, 30.3600



206.9720, -56.6640, -30.3600

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



133.5780, -119.8440, -30.7240



169.0280, 56.6640, 30.3600



149.6990, -42.9540, -36.5380

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



169.0280, 56.6640, 30.3600



162.1370, 35.2620, -22.3220



129.8330, -107.9210, -43.0650



162.1380, -52.4540, 14.5060

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



169.0280, 56.6640, 30.3600



166.1380, 61.0250, 0.8730



129.8330, -107.9210, -43.0650



133.3960, -124.8430, -22.7230

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



169.0280, 56.6640, 30.3600



232.6650, 17.4210, 9.1730



171.1290, 14.8000, 51.1840



113.8490, 10.9110, 6.0070



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



169.0280, 56.6640, 30.3600



161.7960, 72.2970, 38.8970



183.3150, 56.3930, 7.7290



111.9300, 6.1890, 3.4770



59.6900, 96.5030, 51.7590



18.2260, 29.2030, 15.9150

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



169.0280, 56.6640, 30.3600



161.7960, 72.2970, 38.8970



192.6850, -56.3930, -7.7290



111.9300, 6.1890, 3.4770



59.6900, 96.5030, 51.7590



18.2260, 29.2030, 15.9150

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 169.0280, 56.6640, 30.3600 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

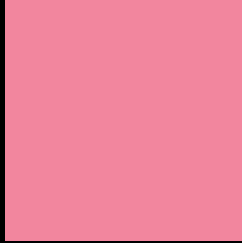
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 169.0280, 56.6640, 30.3600 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 169.0280, 56.6640, 30.3600

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 169.0280, 56.6640, 30.3600.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 169.0280, 56.6640,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

169.0280, 56.6640, 30.3600

Protanopia

167.4390, -2.6140, 3.3220

Deuteranopia

168.1610, 18.6600, 3.2360



Tritanopia

168.5350, 59.3700, 25.3700

Trichromacy



Original Color

169.0280, 56.6640, 30.3600

Protanomaly

167.6700, 19.0250, 13.1450

Deuteranomaly

168.4990, 32.6880, 13.3280

Tritanomaly

168.4040, 58.3610, 27.1370

Monochromacy



Original Color

169.0280, 56.6640, 30.3600

Achromatopsia

169.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

168.9860, 20.9510, 11.2790

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 169.0280, 56.6640, 30.3600 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(242, 134, 158)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(242, 134, 158)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 134, 158) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(242, 134, 158) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 169.0280, 56.6640, 30.3600 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(242, 134, 158) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(242, 134, 158) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 134, 158) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(242, 134, 158); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 134, 158);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 134,  
158) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 169.0280, 56.6640, 30.3600 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(242, 134, 158) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(242,  
134, 158) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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