

Converting Colors

YIQ(169.9720, 6.3710, 11.1950)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(169.9720, 6.3710, 11.1950)
contains.

YIQ(169.9720, 6.3710, 11.1950)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(169.9720, 6.3710,
11.1950)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B7A1B6
RGB	183, 161, 182
RGB Percent	72%, 63%, 71%
CMY	0.2823, 0.3686, 0.2863
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.01, 0.28
HSL	303°, 13%, 67%
HSV	303°, 12%, 72%
XYZ	40.7194, 38.9333, 49.6260
YIQ	169.9720, 6.3710, 11.1950

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

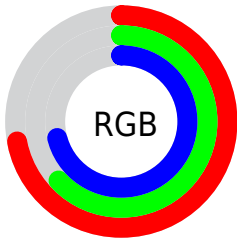
Format	Color
R _Y B	183, 161, 182
Decimal	12034486
CIE Lab	68.70, 11.83, -7.87
CIE LCh	69, 14.210, 326.346
Yxy	38.9333, 0.3150, 0.3012
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290224566 (0xFFB7A1B6)
YUV	169.9720, 5.9298, 11.4256
Hunter-Lab	62.3966, 7.2933, -3.4776

Details

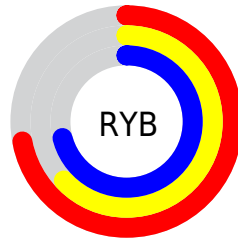
The YIQ color **169.9720, 6.3710, 11.1950** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **174.0280, -6.3710, -11.1950**, and the grayscale version is **170.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **225.3850, 6.6460, 11.7180**, and **117.5590, 6.0960, 10.6720** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **159.2920, 11.6420, 20.2980**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **180.6520, 1.1000, 2.0920**.

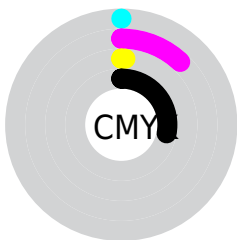
Distribution



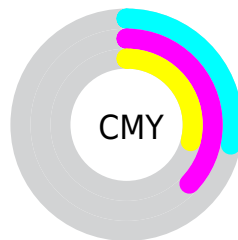
- Red (72%)
- Green (63%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (72%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (28%)



- Cyan (28%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (29%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 169.9720, 6.3710, 11.1950 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 169.9720, 6.3710, 11.1950 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 169.9720, 6.3710,
11.1950

■ 169.9720, 6.3710,
11.1950

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 143.5590, 6.0960,
10.6720

■ 225.3850, 6.6460,
11.7180

■ 117.5590, 6.0960,
10.6720

■ 248.5430, 3.0250,
5.7530

■ 93.1460, 5.8210,
10.1490

■ 69.4340, 4.9500,
9.4140

■ 47.0210, 4.6750,
8.8910

■ 25.9070, 4.9960,
8.5800

■ 4.5860, 1.4660,

6.4740

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 169.9720, 6.3710,
11.1950

■ 169.9720, 6.3710,
11.1950

■ 159.2920, 11.6420,
20.2980

■ 180.6520, 1.1000,
2.0920

■ 148.0250, 17.1880,
29.9240

■ 191.9190, -4.4460,
-7.5340

■ 137.3450, 22.4590,
39.0270

■ 202.5990, -9.7170,
-16.6370

■ 126.7790, 27.4090,
48.4410

■ 213.1650,
-14.6670, -26.0510

■ 115.5120, 32.9550,
58.0670

■ 224.4320,
-20.2130, -35.6770

104.8320, 38.2260,
67.1700

225.7200,
-21.0840, -36.4120

94.1520, 43.4970,
76.2730

225.8340,
-21.4050, -36.1010

83.4720, 48.7680,
85.3760

225.9480,
-21.7260, -35.7900

74.6670, 52.8930,
93.2210

226.0620,
-22.0470, -35.4790

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



168.8610, -6.5580, 8.7220



169.9720, 6.3710, 11.1950



170.4200, 16.7330, 10.6290

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



169.9720, 6.3710, 11.1950



167.4500, 16.0480, -4.4960



163.0830, -25.3990, -7.7590

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



169.9720, 6.3710, 11.1950



174.0280, -6.3710, -11.1950

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



163.0960, -18.2460, -10.7420



169.9720, 6.3710, 11.1950



165.8400, 5.9620, -8.9340

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



169.9720, 6.3710, 11.1950



168.6620, 21.5030, 1.2710



164.1420, -6.6920, -10.8840



164.6580, -25.4000, -2.2320

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



169.9720, 6.3710, 11.1950



169.9920, 20.8140, 8.2540



164.1420, -6.6920, -10.8840



162.9260, -23.5190, -8.7910

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



169.9720, 6.3710, 11.1950



231.7170, 2.4750, 4.7070



163.8070, -6.4660, 7.0540



116.4780, 1.6500, 3.1380



247.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



120.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



169.9720, 6.3710, 11.1950



217.5150, 9.3960, 16.9480



168.7180, 9.9020, 7.7740



86.6030, 2.7960, 4.3960



63.5160, 45.4680, 79.1000



11.4500, 8.0210, 14.3330

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



169.9720, 6.3710, 11.1950



217.5150, 9.3960, 16.9480



175.2820, -9.9020, -7.7740



86.6030, 2.7960, 4.3960



63.5160, 45.4680, 79.1000



11.4500, 8.0210, 14.3330

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 169.9720, 6.3710, 11.1950 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

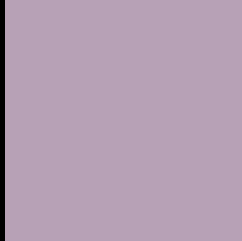
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 169.9720, 6.3710, 11.1950 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

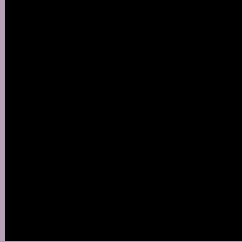
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 169.9720, 6.3710, 11.1950

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 169.9720, 6.3710, 11.1950.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 169.9720, 6.3710,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

169.9720, 6.3710, 11.1950

Protanopia

168.4540, -6.9700, 5.1740

Deuteranopia

169.6510, 2.8410, 9.0890



Tritanopia

169.4620, 7.7470, 8.2830

Trichromacy



Original Color

169.9720, 6.3710, 11.1950

Protanomaly

169.2590, -1.9270, 7.3930

Deuteranomaly

169.6620, 4.3080, 10.0360

Tritanomaly

169.8040, 6.7840, 9.2160

Monochromacy



Original Color

169.9720, 6.3710, 11.1950

Achromatopsia

170.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

170.1900, 2.5210, 3.8730

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 169.9720, 6.3710, 11.1950 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(183, 161, 182)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(183, 161, 182)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(183, 161, 182) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(183, 161, 182) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 169.9720, 6.3710, 11.1950 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(183, 161, 182) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(183, 161, 182) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(183, 161, 182)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(183, 161, 182); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(183, 161, 182);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(183, 161,  
182) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 169.9720, 6.3710, 11.1950 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(183, 161, 182) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(183,  
161, 182) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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