

Converting Colors

YIQ(170.0620, -56.4370,
-17.9490)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(170.0620, -56.4370, -17.9490)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(170.0620, -56.4370,
-17.9490)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|------------------------------|
| Hex | 69C5CA |
| RGB | 105, 197, 202 |
| RGB Percent | 41%, 77%, 79% |
| CMY | 0.5884, 0.2273, 0.2081 |
| CMYK | 0.48, 0.02, 0.00, 0.21 |
| HSL | 183°, 48%, 60% |
| HSV | 183°, 48%, 79% |
| XYZ | 36.4481, 47.2115, 63.0328 |
| YIQ | 170.0620, -56.4370, -17.9490 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

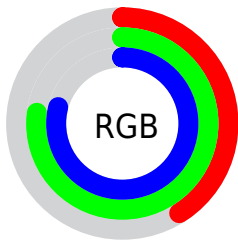
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| RYB | 105, 152, 202 |
| Decimal | 6931914 |
| CIELab | 74.32, -26.07, -10.95 |
| CIELCh | 74, 28.280, 202.787 |
| Yxy | 47.2115, 0.2485, 0.3218 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4285121994 (0xFF69C5CA) |
| YUV | 170.0620, 15.7454, -57.0594 |
| Hunter-Lab | 68.7106, -25.5570, -6.2932 |

Details

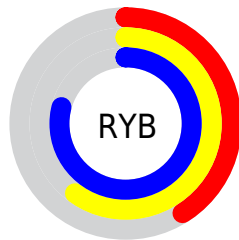
The YIQ color **170.0620, -56.4370, -17.9490** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **136.9380, 56.4370, 17.9490**, and the grayscale version is **170.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **226.6060, -55.1530, -19.1930**, and **113.9690, -60.6090, -19.4330** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **163.4950, -68.0820, -21.6660**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **176.6290, -44.7920, -14.2320**.

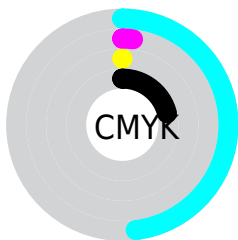
Distribution



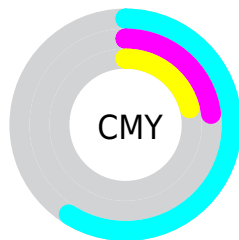
- Red (41%)
- Green (77%)
- Blue (79%)



- Red (41%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (79%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (21%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (21%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 170.0620, -56.4370, -17.9490 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 170.0620, -56.4370, -17.9490 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 170.0620,
-56.4370, -17.9490

■ 170.0620,
-56.4370, -17.9490

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 142.4640,
-57.6290, -18.3730

■ 226.6060,
-55.1530, -19.1930

■ 113.9690,
-60.6090, -19.4330

■ 235.8640,
-38.1440, -13.5680

■ 82.5870, -71.3370,
-23.2490

■ 244.8340,
-20.2640, -7.2080

■ 65.0620, -56.4370,
-17.9490

■ 253.5050, -2.9800,
-1.0600

■ 48.3520, -42.4540,
-12.5500

■ 32.2290, -28.7460,
-7.6740

■ 18.0950, -16.5050,

-3.7450

■ 0.3420, -0.9630,
0.9330

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 170.0620,
-56.4370, -17.9490

■ 170.0620,
-56.4370, -17.9490

■ 163.4950,
-68.0820, -21.6660

■ 176.6290,
-44.7920, -14.2320

■ 156.9280,
-79.7270, -25.3830

■ 183.1960,
-33.1470, -10.5150

■ 150.0620,
-91.9680, -29.3120

■ 190.0620,
-20.9060, -6.5860

■ 143.4950,
-103.6130, -33.0290

■ 196.6290, -9.2610,
-2.8690

■ 136.9280,
-115.2580, -36.7460

■ 203.1960, 2.3840,
0.8480

■ 135.7320,
-117.6420, -37.5940

■ 209.7630, 14.0290,
4.5650

■ 216.3300, 25.6740,
8.2820

■ 219.6080, 30.7630,
9.6670

■ 220.1950, 30.4880,
9.1440

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



172.3660, -37.0420, -22.5300



170.0620, -56.4370, -17.9490



172.7880, -58.1810, -8.3650

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



170.0620, -56.4370, -17.9490



187.0900, 9.3950, 22.4750



181.9000, 32.0960, -8.9920

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



170.0620, -56.4370, -17.9490



136.9380, 56.4370, 17.9490

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



183.8510, 42.9600, 3.3760



170.0620, -56.4370, -17.9490



186.6980, 30.9900, 22.0780

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



170.0620, -56.4370, -17.9490



184.0420, -17.0130, 16.4830



185.8160, 42.0410, 14.5290



179.1640, 13.4370, -17.7550

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



170.0620, -56.4370, -17.9490



176.8480, -49.2420, 0.3420



185.8160, 42.0410, 14.5290



182.8730, 36.7260, -4.7940

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



170.0620, -56.4370, -17.9490



243.0620, -20.9060, -6.5860



162.5090, -28.2800, -49.1760



120.2480, -12.5620, -3.6180



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



170.0620, -56.4370, -17.9490



206.6390, -86.2830, -27.7150



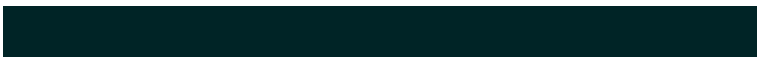
141.8860, -43.2370, 7.1550



98.4230, -5.6850, -1.5970



111.0830, -96.4610, -30.4850



25.4640, -22.0980, -7.0100

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



144.4910, 28.2800, 49.1760



167.3260, 42.9470, 75.2270



165.1140, 43.2370, -7.1550



96.0160, 3.0710, 4.9190



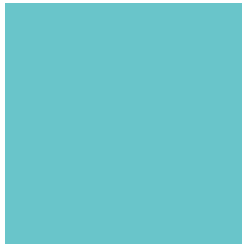
67.5320, 48.5390, 84.0190



15.4660, 11.0920, 19.2520

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 170.0620, -56.4370, -17.9490 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

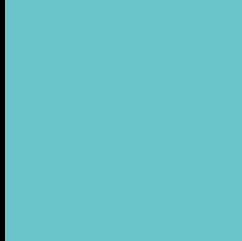
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 170.0620, -56.4370, -17.9490 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 170.0620, -56.4370, -17.9490 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 170.0620, -56.4370, -17.9490.

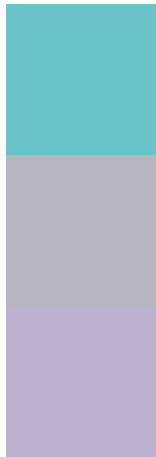


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 170.0620, -56.4370, -17.9490.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

170.0620, -56.4370, -17.9490

Protanopia

182.5530, -2.9350, 3.6330

Deuteranopia

183.5950, -2.7530, 11.3510



Tritanopia

171.3980, -57.2630, -13.9910

Trichromacy



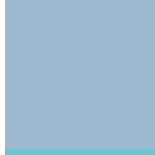
Original Color

170.0620, -56.4370, -17.9490



Protanomaly

178.1590, -22.5570, -4.1970



Deuteranomaly

178.6200, -22.2370, 1.0190



Tritanomaly

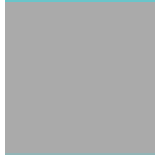
170.7570, -56.8960, -15.1360

Monochromacy



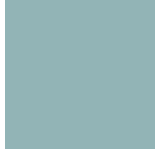
Original Color

170.0620, -56.4370, -17.9490



Achromatopsia

170.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



Achromatomaly

170.0620, -20.9060, -6.5860

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 170.0620, -56.4370, -17.9490 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(105, 197, 202)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(105, 197, 202)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(105, 197, 202) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(105, 197, 202) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 170.0620, -56.4370, -17.9490 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(105, 197, 202) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(105, 197, 202) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(105, 197, 202)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(105, 197, 202); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 197, 202);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 197,  
202) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 170.0620, -56.4370, -17.9490 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(105, 197, 202) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(105,  
197, 202) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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