

# Converting Colors

YIQ(170.1310, 37.6810, 38.4890)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(170.1310, 37.6810, 38.4890)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(170.1310, 37.6810,  
38.4890)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E687C2
RGB	230, 135, 194
RGB Percent	90%, 53%, 76%
CMY	0.0978, 0.4707, 0.2391
CMYK	0.00, 0.41, 0.16, 0.10
HSL	323°, 66%, 72%
HSV	323°, 41%, 90%
XYZ	51.0536, 38.0472, 55.7075
YIQ	170.1310, 37.6810, 38.4890

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

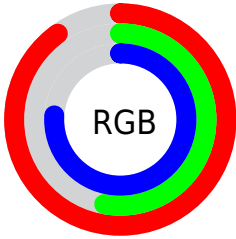
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	230, 135, 194
Decimal	15108034
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	68.06, 44.14, -15.04
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	68, 46.627, 341.185
Yxy	38.0472, 0.3526, 0.2627
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293298114 (0xFFE687C2)
YUV	170.1310, 11.7674, 52.5051
Hunter-Lab	61.6824, 39.7978, -10.3692

# Details

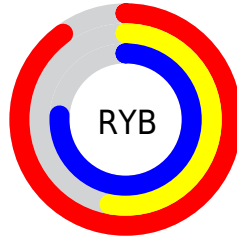
The YIQ color **170.1310, 37.6810, 38.4890** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99CC**. A complement of this color would be **194.8690, -37.6810, -38.4890**, and the grayscale version is **170.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **216.3890, 19.1590, 32.7510**, and **115.8210, 35.6180, 37.3300** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **155.6040, 46.8950, 47.7190**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **184.6580, 28.4670, 29.2590**.

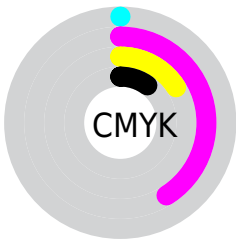
# Distribution



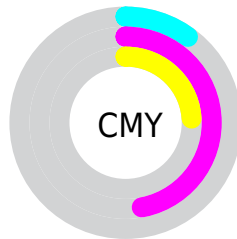
- Red (90%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (90%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Black (10%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (24%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 170.1310, 37.6810, 38.4890 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 170.1310, 37.6810, 38.4890 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 170.1310, 37.6810,  
38.4890

■ 170.1310, 37.6810,  
38.4890

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 142.5330, 36.4890,  
38.0650

■ 216.3890, 19.1590,  
32.7510

■ 115.8210, 35.6180,  
37.3300

■ 233.2810, 10.1750,  
19.3510

■ 89.3370, 34.1050,  
37.2170

■ 250.3040, 2.2000,  
4.1840

■ 62.5650, 33.4630,  
37.8390

■ 34.8470, 32.7290,  
40.1290

■ 24.4510, 24.6160,  
27.4640

■ 15.5930, 17.9240,

16.5800

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 170.1310, 37.6810,  
38.4890

■ 170.1310, 37.6810,  
38.4890

■ 155.6040, 46.8950,  
47.7190

■ 184.6580, 28.4670,  
29.2590

■ 141.1910, 55.7880,  
57.2600

■ 199.0710, 19.5740,  
19.7180

■ 126.6640, 65.0020,  
66.4900

■ 213.5980, 10.3600,  
10.4880

■ 112.1370, 74.2160,  
75.7200

■ 228.1250, 1.1460,  
1.2580

■ 97.6100, 83.4300,  
84.9500

■ 242.6520, -8.0680,  
-7.9720

■ 85.0720, 91.1770,  
93.2330

■ 246.4990,  
-12.0110, -8.0990

■ 247.5250,  
-14.9000, -5.3000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



170.3790, -1.2440, 33.5720



170.1310, 37.6810, 38.4890



167.7790, 61.7990, 30.9110

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



170.1310, 37.6810, 38.4890



161.0610, 32.4200, -25.8840



133.6750, -121.4950, -28.3350

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



170.1310, 37.6810, 38.4890



194.8690, -37.6810, -38.4890

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



130.9900, -109.8010, -42.0330



170.1310, 37.6810, 38.4890



155.3430, -3.8450, -34.9570

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



170.1310, 37.6810, 38.4890



164.1880, 57.5880, -8.4280



145.4310, -54.0030, -40.0430



132.4160, -127.5950, -16.8990



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



170.1310, 37.6810, 38.4890



166.7390, 67.3030, 19.2630



145.4310, -54.0030, -40.0430



133.4810, -118.1930, -33.1130

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



170.1310, 37.6810, 38.4890



235.4350, 12.3770, 12.4810



156.2950, -9.6350, 36.9650



116.6360, 7.1970, 7.2370



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



170.1310, 37.6810, 38.4890



174.9790, 50.3330, 51.4930



164.8870, 52.4470, 24.1830



107.3860, 4.9050, 4.7210



66.1750, 71.0530, 72.4690



18.8970, 20.1240, 20.7640



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



170.1310, 37.6810, 38.4890



174.9790, 50.3330, 51.4930



200.1130, -52.4470, -24.1830



107.3860, 4.9050, 4.7210



66.1750, 71.0530, 72.4690

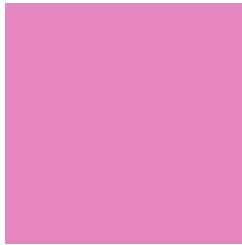


18.8970, 20.1240, 20.7640



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 170.1310, 37.6810, 38.4890 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

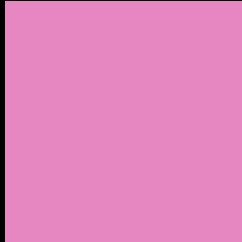
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 170.1310, 37.6810, 38.4890 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

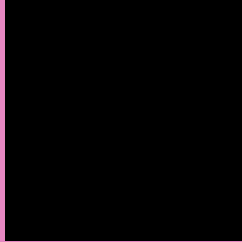
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 170.1310, 37.6810, 38.4890

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 170.1310, 37.6810, 38.4890.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 170.1310, 37.6810,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

170.1310, 37.6810, 38.4890

### Protanopia

166.4110, -22.6060, 13.2180

### Deuteranopia

168.0680, -2.7070, 10.5170



## Tritanopia

169.0710, 45.9370, 21.0170

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

170.1310, 37.6810, 38.4890



## Protanomaly

167.5280, -0.6460, 22.7300



## Deuteranomaly

168.7050, 11.9170, 20.8210



## Tritanomaly

169.3190, 42.5430, 27.4630

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

170.1310, 37.6810, 38.4890



## Achromatopsia

170.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

169.9730, 13.7980, 14.2620

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 170.1310, 37.6810, 38.4890 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(230, 135, 194)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(230, 135, 194)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(230, 135, 194) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(230, 135, 194) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 170.1310, 37.6810, 38.4890 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(230, 135, 194) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(230, 135, 194) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(230, 135, 194)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(230, 135, 194); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 135, 194);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 135,  
194) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 170.1310, 37.6810, 38.4890 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(230, 135, 194) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(230,  
135, 194) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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