

# Converting Colors

YIQ(172.1930, -27.9240,  
10.4760)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(172.1930, -27.9240, 10.4760)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(172.1930, -27.9240,  
10.4760)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	98ADDD
RGB	152, 173, 221
RGB Percent	60%, 68%, 87%
CMY	0.4039, 0.3215, 0.1335
CMYK	0.31, 0.22, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	222°, 50%, 73%
HSV	222°, 31%, 87%
XYZ	40.9393, 41.7839, 74.2876
YIQ	172.1930, -27.9240, 10.4760

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

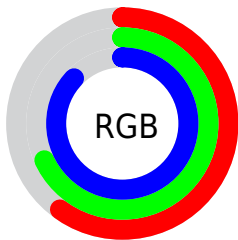
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	152, 168, 221
Decimal	10005981
CIELab	70.72, 3.80, -26.55
CIELCh	71, 26.820, 278.155
Yxy	41.7839, 0.2607, 0.2661
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288196061 (0xFF98ADDD)
YUV	172.1930, 24.0619, -17.7093
Hunter-Lab	64.6405, -0.0699, -22.8903

# Details

The YIQ color  $172.1930, -27.9240, 10.4760$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $9999CC$ . A complement of this color would be  $200.8070, 27.9240, -10.4760$ , and the grayscale version is  $172.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $225.0980, -20.5870, 4.1570$ , and  $119.5520, -27.5570, 9.3310$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $156.8100, -36.9110, 13.6570$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $187.5760, -18.9370, 7.2950$ .

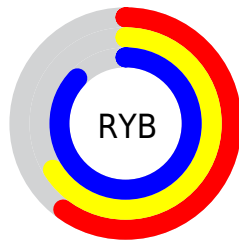
# Distribution



Red (60%)

Green (68%)

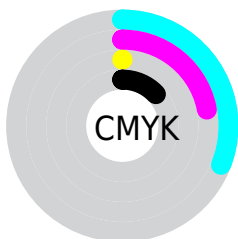
Blue (87%)



Red (60%)

Yellow (66%)

Blue (87%)

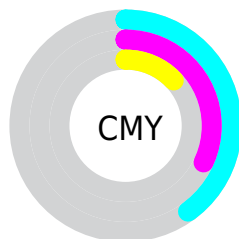


Cyan (31%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (13%)



Cyan (40%)

Magenta (32%)

Yellow (13%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 172.1930, -27.9240, 10.4760 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 172.1930, -27.9240, 10.4760 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 172.1930,  
-27.9240, 10.4760

■ 172.1930,  
-27.9240, 10.4760

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 145.0790,  
-27.6030, 10.1650

■ 225.0980,  
-20.5870, 4.1570

■ 119.5520,  
-27.5570, 9.3310

■ 249.3190,  
-11.3240, -4.0280

■ 94.0250, -27.5110,  
8.4970

■ 70.1990, -28.0610,  
7.4510

■ 45.4760, -30.3990,  
5.7690

■ 25.0200, -29.1150,  
4.5250

■ 6.6630, -14.6280,

11.8040

■ 3.0950, -7.3370,  
6.3190

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 172.1930,  
-27.9240, 10.4760

■ 172.1930,  
-27.9240, 10.4760

■ 156.8100,  
-36.9110, 13.6570

■ 187.5760,  
-18.9370, 7.2950

■ 140.8400,  
-45.6230, 17.3610

■ 203.5460,  
-10.2250, 3.5910

■ 125.4570,  
-54.6100, 20.5420

■ 218.9290, -1.2380,  
0.4100

■ 110.0740,  
-63.5970, 23.7230

■ 234.3120, 7.7490,  
-2.7710

■ 94.1040, -72.3090,  
27.4270

■ 248.1890, 12.2890,  
-7.9590

■ 78.4220, -81.8920,  
30.3960

■ 251.1240, 10.9140,  
-10.5740

■ 64.5230, -89.3660,  
33.6900

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



166.0930, -48.5540, -1.1140



172.1930, -27.9240, 10.4760



175.6370, -2.5710, 19.0690

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



172.1930, -27.9240, 10.4760



174.9420, 41.4460, 8.7900



164.7220, -23.4250, -21.5130

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



172.1930, -27.9240, 10.4760



200.8070, 27.9240, -10.4760

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



168.4660, 0.7830, -19.7050



172.1930, -27.9240, 10.4760



173.0410, 36.3130, -2.8150

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



172.1930, -27.9240, 10.4760



176.4010, 36.0800, 17.9360



171.4040, 21.6890, -13.1190



161.8690, -45.7080, -19.6600



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



172.1930, -27.9240, 10.4760



176.7160, 13.3840, 21.7680



171.4040, 21.6890, -13.1190



166.0280, -15.5390, -21.2590

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



172.1930, -27.9240, 10.4760



238.7310, -9.3080, 3.4920



197.8610, -34.0620, -21.4700



117.6450, -6.1900, 2.0500



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



172.1930, -27.9240, 10.4760



188.1520, -37.8740, 14.5900



163.7530, -14.4010, 24.2150



102.0150, -4.3560, 1.8520



50.8330, -70.1080, 26.0840



13.4620, -18.6160, 6.9840



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



175.0250, 34.3830, 21.1590



192.2980, 47.0360, 28.6360



209.2470, 14.4010, -24.2150



102.6310, 5.5930, 3.2650



57.7690, 86.0950, 53.1590

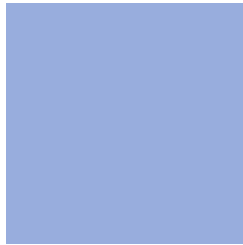


15.3500, 22.9220, 14.1060



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 172.1930, -27.9240, 10.4760 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

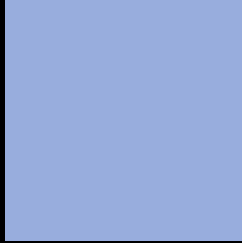
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 172.1930, -27.9240, 10.4760 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

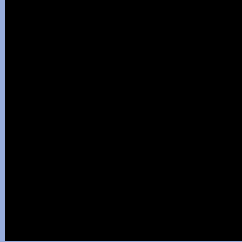
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 172.1930, -27.9240, 10.4760

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 172.1930, -27.9240, 10.4760.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 172.1930, -27.9240,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

172.1930, -27.9240, 10.4760

### Protanopia

173.1830, -21.9640, 12.5960

### Deuteranopia

174.1340, -20.2680, 14.9000



## Tritanopia

170.0280, -23.5660, -2.4300

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

172.1930, -27.9240, 10.4760

## Protanomaly

172.9870, -24.3480, 11.7480

## Deuteranomaly

173.5250, -22.9270, 13.5290

## Tritanomaly

170.7060, -25.3550, 2.4610

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

172.1930, -27.9240, 10.4760

## Achromatopsia

172.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

171.9590, -9.9500, 4.1140

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 172.1930, -27.9240, 10.4760 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(152, 173, 221)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(152, 173, 221)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 173, 221) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(152, 173, 221) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 172.1930, -27.9240, 10.4760 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(152, 173, 221) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(152, 173, 221) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 173, 221) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(152, 173, 221); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 173, 221);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 173,  
221) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 172.1930, -27.9240, 10.4760 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(152, 173, 221) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(152,  
173, 221) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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