

Converting Colors

YIQ(172.2740, -59.0090, 6.6470)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(172.2740, -59.0090, 6.6470)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(172.2740, -59.0090,
6.6470)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	78B8F9
RGB	120, 184, 249
RGB Percent	47%, 72%, 98%
CMY	0.5295, 0.2783, 0.0238
CMYK	0.52, 0.26, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	210°, 91%, 72%
HSV	210°, 52%, 98%
XYZ	41.9755, 45.1183, 96.0596
YIQ	172.2740, -59.0090, 6.6470

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

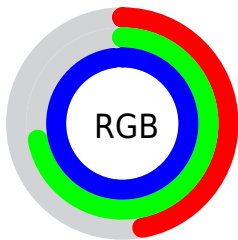
Format	Color
R _Y B	120, 163, 249
Decimal	7911673
CIE Lab	72.97, -2.73, -38.42
CIE LCh	73, 38.519, 265.941
Yxy	45.1183, 0.2292, 0.2463
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286101753 (0xFF78B8F9)
YUV	172.2740, 37.8259, -45.8443
Hunter-Lab	67.1701, -6.0009, -37.7711

Details

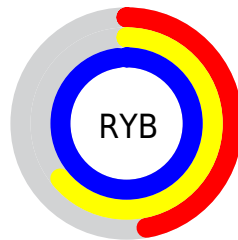
The YIQ color **172.2740, -59.0090, 6.6470** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **196.7260, 59.0090, -6.6470**, and the grayscale version is **172.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **223.4710, -41.1710, -8.2670**, and **116.1270, -63.0890, 3.4950** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **157.7550, -70.6090, 7.6230**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **187.3800, -47.6840, 5.1480**.

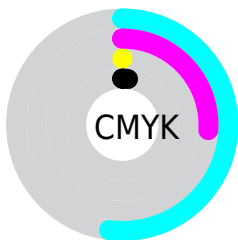
Distribution



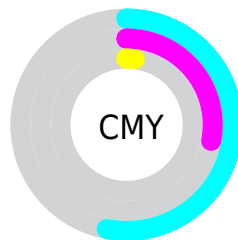
- Red (47%)
- Green (72%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (2%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 172.2740, -59.0090, 6.6470 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 172.2740, -59.0090, 6.6470 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 172.2740,
-59.0090, 6.6470

■ 172.2740,
-59.0090, 6.6470

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 144.1490,
-60.1550, 5.3890

■ 223.4710,
-41.1710, -8.2670

■ 116.1270,
-63.0890, 3.4950

■ 240.9470,
-28.0120, -9.9640

■ 84.3210, -75.5590,
-1.7910

■ 249.9170,
-10.1320, -3.6040

■ 63.8660, -66.8480,
0.0320

■ 48.1020, -52.7730,
3.7630

■ 32.3380, -38.6980,
7.4940

■ 17.2750, -25.2190,

11.0130

■ 6.4350, -13.9860,
11.1820

■ 2.7530, -6.3740,
5.3860

■ 172.2740,
-59.0090, 6.6470

■ 172.2740,
-59.0090, 6.6470

■ 157.7550,
-70.6090, 7.6230

■ 187.3800,
-47.6840, 5.1480

■ 142.6490,
-81.9340, 9.1220

■ 201.8990,
-36.0840, 4.1720

■ 127.5430,
-93.2590, 10.6210

■ 217.0050,
-24.7590, 2.6730

■ 113.0240,
-104.8590, 11.5970

■ 231.5240,
-13.1590, 1.6970

■ 101.1740,
-114.0290, 12.5870

■ 246.3310, -2.4300,
-0.0140

■ 254.3160, 1.9260,
-1.8660

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



157.6510, -94.5840, -14.9360



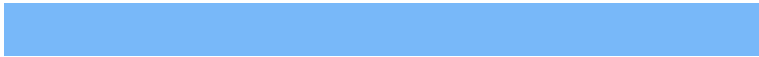
172.2740, -59.0090, 6.6470



181.1760, -20.0860, 22.6180

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



172.2740, -59.0090, 6.6470



181.6500, 57.3080, 18.6840



168.4800, -20.1680, -30.9840

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



172.2740, -59.0090, 6.6470



196.7260, 59.0090, -6.6470

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



173.3070, 14.1720, -25.5720



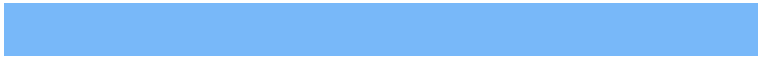
172.2740, -59.0090, 6.6470



179.5550, 55.4770, 2.3010

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



172.2740, -59.0090, 6.6470



182.9710, 43.6430, 29.5550



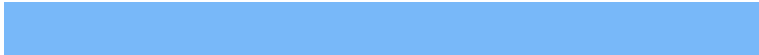
176.9300, 40.5790, -14.0530



160.7650, -60.5150, -32.1550

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



172.2740, -59.0090, 6.6470



183.5660, 5.3590, 29.5430



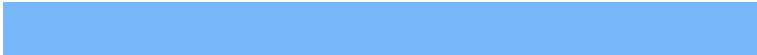
176.9300, 40.5790, -14.0530



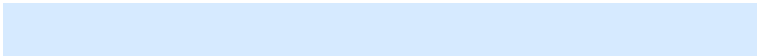
170.4660, -8.3850, -29.7690

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



172.2740, -59.0090, 6.6470



230.4140, -18.6610, 2.2910



203.0190, -56.0190, -47.5630



112.8940, -11.3250, 1.4990



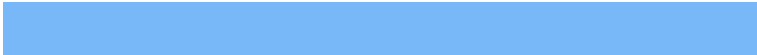
0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



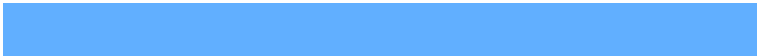
128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



172.2740, -59.0090, 6.6470



160.7980, -72.1680, 8.3440



134.7060, -41.4090, 40.1190



117.5910, -6.0980, 0.3820



76.7240, -86.5190, 9.6170



24.5640, -27.8310, 3.2810

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



165.8670, 56.3400, 47.2520



153.1340, 69.1300, 57.7540



234.2940, 41.4090, -40.1190



116.6850, 5.5010, 4.9330



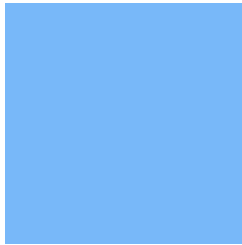
67.2270, 82.4700, 69.3020



21.6590, 26.7260, 22.2620

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 172.2740, -59.0090, 6.6470 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

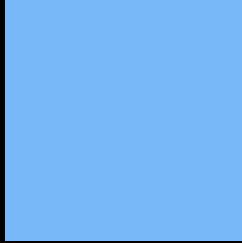
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 172.2740, -59.0090, 6.6470 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

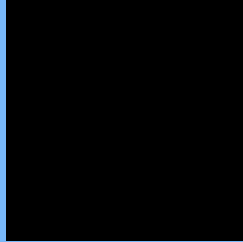
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

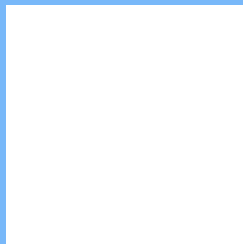
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 172.2740, -59.0090, 6.6470

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 172.2740, -59.0090, 6.6470.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 172.2740, -59.0090,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

172.2740, -59.0090, 6.6470

Protanopia

178.5550, -31.6390, 17.2330

Deuteranopia

177.6730, -37.7830, 18.4490



Tritanopia

167.9960, -56.0710, -13.5670

Trichromacy



Original Color

172.2740, -59.0090, 6.6470

Protanomaly

176.3580, -41.4500, 13.3180

Deuteranomaly

175.7320, -45.4390, 14.0250

Tritanomaly

169.4400, -57.0810, -6.2730

Monochromacy



Original Color

172.2740, -59.0090, 6.6470

Achromatopsia

172.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

171.8590, -21.4120, 2.5880

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 172.2740, -59.0090, 6.6470 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(120, 184, 249)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(120, 184, 249)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(120, 184, 249) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(120, 184, 249) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 172.2740, -59.0090, 6.6470 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(120, 184, 249) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(120, 184, 249) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(120, 184, 249)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(120, 184, 249); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 184, 249);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 184,  
249) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 172.2740, -59.0090, 6.6470 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(120, 184, 249) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(120,  
184, 249) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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