

Converting Colors

YIQ(173.0810, -21.9170, 6.2350)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(173.0810, -21.9170, 6.2350)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(173.0810, -21.9170,
6.2350)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9CAF <code>D0</code>
RGB	156, 175, 208
RGB Percent	61%, 69%, 82%
CMY	0.3883, 0.3137, 0.1844
CMYK	0.25, 0.16, 0.00, 0.18
HSL	218°, 36%, 71%
HSV	218°, 25%, 82%
XYZ	40.4223, 42.2830, 65.6870
YIQ	173.0810, -21.9170, 6.2350

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

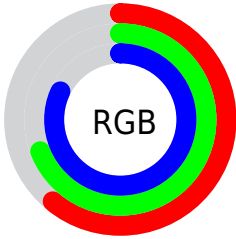
Format	Color
RYB	156, 170, 208
Decimal	10268624
CIELab	71.07, 0.73, -18.88
CIELCh	71, 18.894, 272.200
Yxy	42.2830, 0.2724, 0.2849
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288458704 (0xFF9CAFD0)
YUV	173.0810, 17.2151, -14.9800
Hunter-Lab	65.0254, -2.8321, -14.3754

Details

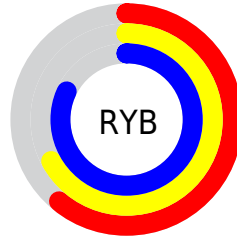
The YIQ color $173.0810, -21.9170, 6.2350$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $9999CC$. A complement of this color would be $190.9190, 21.9170, -6.2350$, and the grayscale version is $173.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $227.1690, -19.3490, 3.7470$, and $120.8530, -21.2750, 5.6130$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $159.1710, -30.8580, 8.5820$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $186.9910, -12.9760, 3.8880$.

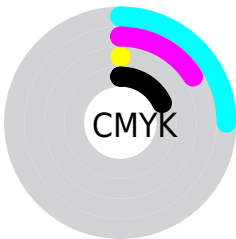
Distribution



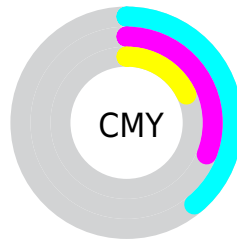
- Red (61%)
- Green (69%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (61%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (18%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 173.0810, -21.9170, 6.2350 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 173.0810, -21.9170, 6.2350 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 173.0810,
-21.9170, 6.2350

■ 173.0810,
-21.9170, 6.2350

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 145.9670,
-21.5960, 5.9240

■ 227.1690,
-19.3490, 3.7470

■ 120.8530,
-21.2750, 5.6130

■ 250.5150, -8.9400,
-3.1800

■ 95.7390, -20.9540,
5.3020

■ 71.2120, -20.9080,
4.4680

■ 48.3860, -21.4580,
3.4220

■ 25.6630, -23.7960,
1.7400

■ 6.8110, -12.2890,

7.9590

■ 0.9120, -2.5680,
2.4880

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 173.0810,
-21.9170, 6.2350

■ 173.0810,
-21.9170, 6.2350

■ 159.1710,
-30.8580, 8.5820

■ 186.9910,
-12.9760, 3.8880

■ 145.2610,
-39.7990, 10.9290

■ 200.9010, -4.0350,
1.5410

■ 131.0630,
-47.8690, 14.0110

■ 215.0990, 4.0350,
-1.5410

■ 117.1530,
-56.8100, 16.3580

■ 229.0090, 12.9760,
-3.8880

■ 103.2430,
-65.7510, 18.7050

■ 241.4240, 18.9370,
-7.2950

■ 89.3330, -74.6920,
21.0520

■ 249.0550, 15.3620,
-14.0940

■ 75.4230, -83.6330,
23.3990

■ 249.6420, 15.0870,
-14.6170

■ 68.3240, -87.6680,
24.9400

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



169.5800, -33.9280, -1.8640



173.0810, -21.9170, 6.2350



175.8660, -4.9540, 12.6940

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



173.0810, -21.9170, 6.2350



175.9560, 29.6630, 7.5750



168.9840, -12.2390, -14.9830

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



173.0810, -21.9170, 6.2350



190.9190, 21.9170, -6.2350

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



170.9490, 4.0370, -12.5950



173.0810, -21.9170, 6.2350



175.1310, 27.3720, -0.4680

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



173.0810, -21.9170, 6.2350



177.0080, 23.8850, 13.1730



173.1250, 18.3410, -7.5070



167.7250, -27.5070, -13.6110

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



173.0810, -21.9170, 6.2350



177.0800, 6.1870, 14.5310



173.1250, 18.3410, -7.5070



169.6210, -6.7830, -14.7430

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



173.0810, -21.9170, 6.2350



243.1610, -7.7030, 1.9370



190.2860, -24.8930, -16.9330



120.6020, -4.6310, 1.3290



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



173.0810, -21.9170, 6.2350



203.5130, -31.8210, 9.5150



164.0210, -12.5200, 17.6560



97.6020, -4.6310, 1.3290



55.5460, -70.9780, 19.8220



13.4790, -17.2860, 4.9060

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



173.7140, 24.8930, 16.9330



204.8020, 36.6290, 24.5090



199.9790, 12.5200, -17.6560



97.7450, 5.2720, 3.5760



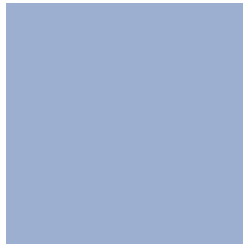
57.3000, 80.2260, 54.8980



13.9690, 19.6210, 13.3570

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 173.0810, -21.9170, 6.2350 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

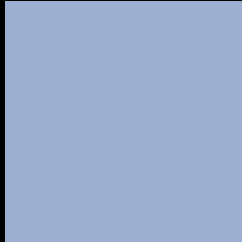
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 173.0810, -21.9170, 6.2350 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

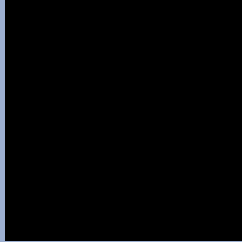
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 173.0810, -21.9170, 6.2350

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 173.0810, -21.9170, 6.2350.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 173.0810, -21.9170,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

173.0810, -21.9170, 6.2350

Protanopia

174.3810, -13.8940, 9.5140

Deuteranopia

175.3430, -10.7310, 12.7650



Tritanopia

172.1210, -19.3940, -0.9460

Trichromacy



Original Color

173.0810, -21.9170, 6.2350

Protanomaly

173.8860, -16.8740, 8.4540

Deuteranomaly

174.7230, -14.8570, 10.4470

Tritanomaly

172.5170, -20.4490, 1.6550

Monochromacy



Original Color

173.0810, -21.9170, 6.2350

Achromatopsia

173.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

173.2750, -8.0240, 2.2480

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 173.0810, -21.9170, 6.2350 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(156, 175, 208)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(156, 175, 208)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(156, 175, 208) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(156, 175, 208) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 173.0810, -21.9170, 6.2350 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(156, 175, 208) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(156, 175, 208) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(156, 175, 208) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(156, 175, 208); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 175, 208);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 175,  
208) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 173.0810, -21.9170, 6.2350 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(156, 175, 208) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(156,  
175, 208) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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