

Converting Colors

YIQ(173.1290, 3.3500, -16.6660)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(173.1290, 3.3500, -16.6660)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(173.1290, 3.3500,
-16.6660)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A6B78D
RGB	166, 183, 141
RGB Percent	65%, 72%, 55%
CMY	0.3491, 0.2823, 0.4470
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.23, 0.28
HSL	84°, 23%, 64%
HSV	84°, 23%, 72%
XYZ	37.4659, 43.8985, 31.7025
YIQ	173.1290, 3.3500, -16.6660

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

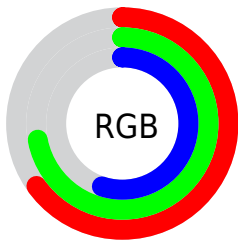
Format	Color
RYB	141, 183, 158
Decimal	10925965
CIELab	72.16, -13.39, 19.44
CIELCh	72, 23.610, 124.563
Yxy	43.8985, 0.3314, 0.3883
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289116045 (0xFFA6B78D)
YUV	173.1290, -15.8396, -6.2521
Hunter-Lab	66.2559, -15.0111, 18.0098

Details

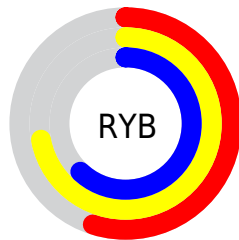
The YIQ color **173.1290, 3.3500, -16.6660** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **150.8710, -3.3500, 16.6660**, and the grayscale version is **173.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **228.6020, 3.3960, -17.5000**, and **120.7700, 2.9830, -15.5210** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **168.9840, 4.9560, -23.7480**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **177.2740, 1.7440, -9.5840**.

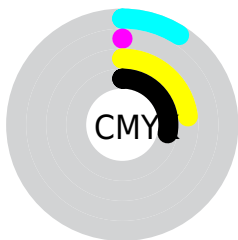
Distribution



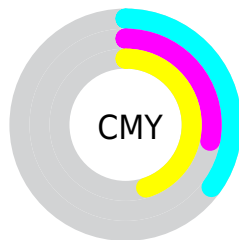
- Red (65%)
- Green (72%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Black (28%)





- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 173.1290, 3.3500, -16.6660 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 173.1290, 3.3500, -16.6660 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 173.1290, 3.3500,
-16.6660

 173.1290, 3.3500,
-16.6660


255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000


 146.2430, 3.0290,
-16.3550


 228.6020, 3.3960,
-17.5000


 120.7700, 2.9830,
-15.5210


 249.8570, 7.2920,
-11.0120

 95.8840, 2.6620,
-15.2100

 254.5440, 1.2840,
-1.2440

 71.9980, 2.3410,
-14.8990

 49.2260, 1.6990,
-14.2770

 28.0090, 3.8080,
-13.9520

 8.2180, -3.8500,

-7.3220

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 173.1290, 3.3500,
-16.6660

■ 173.1290, 3.3500,
-16.6660

■ 168.9840, 4.9560,
-23.7480

■ 177.2740, 1.7440,
-9.5840

■ 164.4260, 6.2870,
-31.3530

■ 181.8320, 0.4130,
-1.9790

■ 160.2810, 7.8930,
-38.4350

■ 185.9770, -1.1930,
5.1030

■ 155.8370, 8.9030,
-45.7290

■ 190.4210, -2.2030,
12.3970

■ 151.6920, 10.5090,
-52.8110

■ 194.6800, -4.1300,
19.7900

■ 147.1340, 11.8400,
-60.4160

■ 199.1240, -5.1400,
27.0840

■ 142.9890, 13.4460,
-67.4980

■ 201.6730, -2.2520,
29.8120

■ 140.0120, 14.6390,
-72.6010

■ 203.7660, 1.9200,
31.2960

■ 206.1580, 6.6880,
32.9920

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



175.9850, 21.5510, -10.6170



173.1290, 3.3500, -16.6660



170.2390, -17.5110, -18.5590

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



173.1290, 3.3500, -16.6660



171.0890, -42.7310, -2.0190



180.1230, 30.9910, 16.5510

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



173.1290, 3.3500, -16.6660



150.8710, -3.3500, 16.6660

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



180.8040, 15.9520, 19.2800



173.1290, 3.3500, -16.6660



176.2100, -26.5940, 8.3980

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



173.1290, 3.3500, -16.6660



167.9540, -47.0850, -11.2210



179.2730, -4.5420, 16.2420



179.4900, 36.9070, 8.4510

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



173.1290, 3.3500, -16.6660



168.5240, -31.4950, -18.4310



179.2730, -4.5420, 16.2420



180.7250, 26.3600, 17.8800

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



173.1290, 3.3500, -16.6660



233.0830, 0.9640, -6.4600



163.5370, 20.3570, 0.0130



117.6640, 0.8260, -3.9580



247.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



120.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



173.1290, 3.3500, -16.6660



221.4030, 5.0940, -26.2500



166.8500, -9.1660, -21.1180



89.7780, 0.5050, -3.6470



119.0800, 11.9320, -62.0840



21.5190, 2.4320, -11.0400

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



150.8710, -3.3500, 16.6660



186.5970, -5.0940, 26.2500



157.1500, 9.1660, 21.1180



84.9230, -1.1010, 3.4350



36.6210, -12.5280, 61.8720



6.4810, -2.4320, 11.0400

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 173.1290, 3.3500, -16.6660 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 173.1290, 3.3500, -16.6660 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

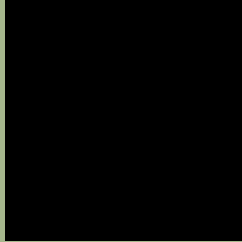
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 173.1290, 3.3500, -16.6660

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 173.1290, 3.3500, -16.6660.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 173.1290, 3.3500,

-16.6660.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

173.1290, 3.3500, -16.6660

Protanopia

175.2560, 19.3500, -9.2740

Deuteranopia

177.5010, 29.2060, -0.6660



Tritanopia

176.6990, -6.2820, 3.7180

Trichromacy



Original Color

173.1290, 3.3500, -16.6660

Protanomaly

174.7390, 13.4360, -12.2280

Deuteranomaly

176.1360, 19.8080, -6.5600

Tritanomaly

175.5110, -3.1170, -4.0850

Monochromacy



Original Color

173.1290, 3.3500, -16.6660

Achromatopsia

173.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

173.0830, 0.9640, -6.4600

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 173.1290, 3.3500, -16.6660 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(166, 183, 141)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(166, 183, 141)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(166, 183, 141) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(166, 183, 141) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 173.1290, 3.3500, -16.6660 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(166, 183, 141) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(166, 183, 141) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(166, 183, 141)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(166, 183, 141); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 183, 141);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 183,  
141) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 173.1290, 3.3500, -16.6660 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(166, 183, 141) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(166,  
183, 141) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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