

# Converting Colors

YIQ(173.1300, 11.9180, 15.2940)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(173.1300, 11.9180, 15.2940)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(173.1300, 11.9180,  
15.2940)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C2A0BA
RGB	194, 160, 186
RGB Percent	76%, 63%, 73%
CMY	0.2391, 0.3726, 0.2706
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.04, 0.24
HSL	314°, 22%, 69%
HSV	314°, 18%, 76%
XYZ	43.6865, 40.1548, 51.9064
YIQ	173.1300, 11.9180, 15.2940

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

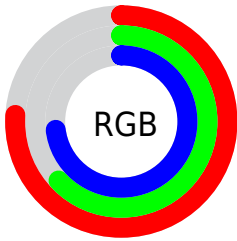
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">194, 160, 186</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">12755130</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">69.58, 16.99, -8.69</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">70, 19.082, 332.924</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">40.1548, 0.3218, 0.2958</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4290945210 (0xFFC2A0BA)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">173.1300, 6.3449, 18.3030</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">63.3678, 12.1664, -4.2087</a>

# Details

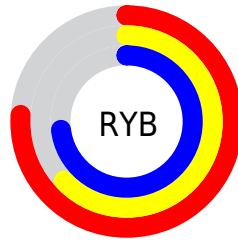
The YIQ color **173.1300, 11.9180, 15.2940** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **180.8700, -11.9180, -15.2940**, and the grayscale version is **173.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **228.8420, 12.7890, 16.0290**, and **120.4180, 11.0470, 14.5590** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **161.4070, 18.7480, 23.6760**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **184.8530, 5.0880, 6.9120**.

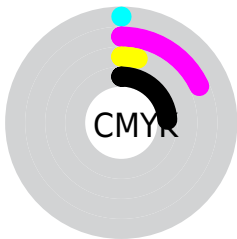
# Distribution



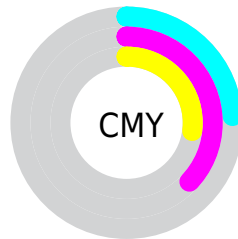
- Red (76%)
- Green (63%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (24%)




- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (27%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 173.1300, 11.9180, 15.2940 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 173.1300, 11.9180, 15.2940 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 173.1300, 11.9180,  
15.2940


 173.1300, 11.9180,  
15.2940


255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000


 146.7170, 11.6430,  
14.7710

 228.8420, 12.7890,  
16.0290


 120.4180, 11.0470,  
14.5590

 247.9560, 3.3000,  
6.2760

 95.7060, 10.1760,  
13.8240

 71.5920, 10.4970,  
13.5130

 48.8800, 9.6260,  
12.7780

 27.2820, 8.4340,  
12.3540

 9.2280, 8.5260,

10.6860

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 173.1300, 11.9180,  
15.2940

■ 173.1300, 11.9180,  
15.2940

■ 161.4070, 18.7480,  
23.6760

■ 184.8530, 5.0880,  
6.9120

■ 149.2110, 25.5320,  
32.8920

■ 197.0490, -1.6960,  
-2.3040

■ 137.4880, 32.3620,  
41.2740

■ 208.7720, -8.5260,  
-10.6860

■ 125.2920, 39.1460,  
50.4900

■ 220.9680,  
-15.3100, -19.9020

■ 113.5690, 45.9760,  
58.8720

■ 231.5170,  
-21.5900, -27.2380

■ 101.9600, 52.4850,  
67.5650

■ 231.9730,  
-22.8740, -25.9940

■ 89.6500, 59.5900,  
76.4700

■ 232.5430,  
-24.4790, -24.4390

■ 77.9270, 66.4200,  
84.8520

■ 233.1130,  
-26.0840, -22.8840

■ 74.8780, 68.1160,  
87.1560

■ 233.5690,  
-27.3680, -21.6400

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



171.8660, -4.9540, 12.6940



173.1300, 11.9180, 15.2940



173.3070, 24.4810, 13.3850

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



173.1300, 11.9180, 15.2940



169.1250, 18.3410, -7.5070



163.2820, -36.2650, -9.0730

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



173.1300, 11.9180, 15.2940



180.8700, -11.9180, -15.2940

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



163.4260, -28.1030, -13.8230



173.1300, 11.9180, 15.2940



167.2370, 3.1660, -13.3300

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



173.1300, 11.9180, 15.2940



171.1310, 27.3720, -0.4680



164.7990, -13.1560, -14.8840



165.5800, -33.9280, -1.8640



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



173.1300, 11.9180, 15.2940



172.2380, 28.9290, 9.8650



164.7990, -13.1560, -14.8840



163.2990, -34.9350, -11.1510

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



173.1300, 11.9180, 15.2940



244.6140, 4.2630, 5.3430



166.2680, -6.1460, 12.2700



123.0760, 2.8420, 3.5620



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



173.1300, 11.9180, 15.2940



219.5210, 18.4270, 23.9870



171.1920, 17.3750, 10.0070



90.9020, 3.3920, 4.6080



62.1610, 56.4730, 72.3850



12.7170, 11.6430, 14.7710



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



173.1300, 11.9180, 15.2940



219.5210, 18.4270, 23.9870



182.8080, -17.3750, -10.0070



90.9020, 3.3920, 4.6080



62.1610, 56.4730, 72.3850

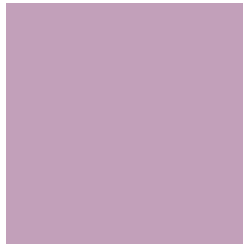


12.7170, 11.6430, 14.7710



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 173.1300, 11.9180, 15.2940 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

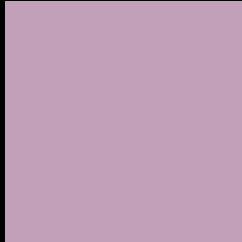
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 173.1300, 11.9180, 15.2940 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 173.1300, 11.9180, 15.2940

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 173.1300, 11.9180, 15.2940.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 173.1300, 11.9180,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

173.1300, 11.9180, 15.2940

### Protanopia

171.0240, -8.5750, 6.7290

### Deuteranopia

171.7650, 2.5200, 9.4000



## Tritanopia

172.4520, 13.7070, 10.4030

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

173.1300, 11.9180, 15.2940

## Protanomaly

172.0250, -1.1480, 9.7960

## Deuteranomaly

172.0860, 6.0500, 11.5060

## Tritanomaly

172.6200, 13.2940, 12.3820

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

173.1300, 11.9180, 15.2940

## Achromatopsia

173.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

173.0270, 4.5380, 5.8660

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 173.1300, 11.9180, 15.2940 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(194, 160, 186)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(194, 160, 186)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(194, 160, 186) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(194, 160, 186) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 173.1300, 11.9180, 15.2940 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(194, 160, 186) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(194, 160, 186) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(194, 160, 186)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(194, 160, 186); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 160, 186);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 160,  
186) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 173.1300, 11.9180, 15.2940 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(194, 160, 186) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(194,  
160, 186) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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