

# Converting Colors

YIQ(173.1870, 60.4700, 27.4620)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(173.1870, 60.4700, 27.4620)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(173.1870, 60.4700,  
27.4620)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	F88B99
RGB	248, 139, 153
RGB Percent	97%, 55%, 60%
CMY	0.0272, 0.4551, 0.3998
CMYK	0.00, 0.44, 0.38, 0.03
HSL	352°, 89%, 76%
HSV	352°, 44%, 97%
XYZ	53.7162, 40.7228, 35.1914
YIQ	173.1870, 60.4700, 27.4620

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

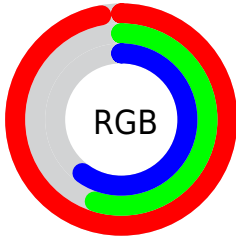
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	248, 139, 153
Decimal	16288665
CIE Lab	69.98, 42.78, 10.99
CIE LCh	70, 44.169, 14.408
Yxy	40.7228, 0.4144, 0.3141
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294478745 (0xFFFF88B99)
YUV	173.1870, -9.9522, 65.6110
Hunter-Lab	63.8144, 38.5785, 11.9737

# Details

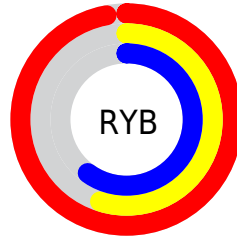
The YIQ color **173.1870, 60.4700, 27.4620** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **213.8130, -60.4700, -27.4620**, and the grayscale version is **173.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **213.7210, 32.1830, 16.9750**, and **118.6210, 56.2520, 26.8120** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **156.0040, 74.4070, 33.6950**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **190.3700, 46.5330, 21.2290**.

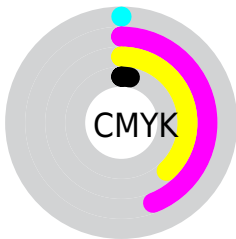
# Distribution



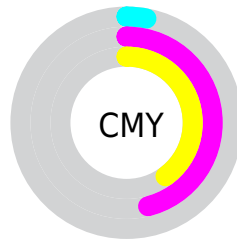
- Red (97%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (97%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Black (3%)




- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (40%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 173.1870, 60.4700, 27.4620 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 173.1870, 60.4700, 27.4620 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 173.1870, 60.4700,  
27.4620


 173.1870, 60.4700,  
27.4620


255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

 145.4040, 58.3610,  
27.1370


 213.7210, 32.1830,  
16.9750


 118.6210, 56.2520,  
26.8120


 233.9360, 15.2200,  
10.5160

 91.9520, 53.8220,  
26.7980

 253.2390, 0.8250,  
1.5690

 64.9240, 51.0250,  
27.9290

 34.6730, 50.4740,  
32.4100

 24.2060, 41.1230,  
20.1550

 15.7760, 30.3500,

11.6460

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 173.1870, 60.4700,  
27.4620

■ 173.1870, 60.4700,  
27.4620

■ 156.0040, 74.4070,  
33.6950

■ 190.3700, 46.5330,  
21.2290

■ 138.9350, 88.0230,  
40.2390

■ 207.4390, 32.9170,  
14.6850

■ 122.3390,  
101.6850, 45.9490

■ 224.0350, 19.2550,  
8.9750

■ 105.2700,  
115.3010, 52.4930

■ 241.1040, 5.6390,  
2.4310

■ 88.0870, 129.2380,  
58.7260

■ 252.9070, -4.1720,  
-1.4840

■ 77.8000, 137.5360,  
62.5280

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



175.1480, 39.0110, 36.4110



173.1870, 60.4700, 27.4620



171.0880, 64.4620, 10.1740

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



173.1870, 60.4700, 27.4620



160.8310, -8.1550, -33.9390



151.5620, -95.4110, -5.4510

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



173.1870, 60.4700, 27.4620



213.8130, -60.4700, -27.4620

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



136.7070, -124.5210, -28.5610



173.1870, 60.4700, 27.4620



151.7130, -54.7370, -37.7530

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



173.1870, 60.4700, 27.4620



166.0220, 28.1560, -25.7000



134.3640, -113.7900, -41.3260



169.4600, -41.4970, 19.6790



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



173.1870, 60.4700, 27.4620



170.4210, 58.5500, -3.8340



134.3640, -113.7900, -41.3260



135.7100, -128.6030, -20.6590

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



173.1870, 60.4700, 27.4620



232.3230, 18.3840, 8.2400



179.8310, 21.6310, 54.0390



113.6210, 11.5530, 5.3850



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



173.1870, 60.4700, 27.4620



162.3030, 75.0030, 33.9070



195.0710, 53.9640, 2.1880



116.1150, 7.1060, 3.3780



59.2470, 104.9400, 47.5320



19.1510, 33.7880, 15.4200



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



173.1870, 60.4700, 27.4620



162.3030, 75.0030, 33.9070



191.9290, -53.9640, -2.1880



116.1150, 7.1060, 3.3780



59.2470, 104.9400, 47.5320



19.1510, 33.7880, 15.4200



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 173.1870, 60.4700, 27.4620 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 173.1870, 60.4700, 27.4620 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 173.1870, 60.4700, 27.4620

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 173.1870, 60.4700, 27.4620.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 173.1870, 60.4700,

27.4620.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

173.1870, 60.4700, 27.4620

### Protanopia

172.0820, 2.7050, 0.5370

### Deuteranopia

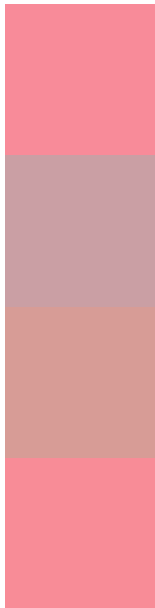
172.4450, 23.6120, 1.5960



## Tritanopia

173.4320, 61.1580, 26.0060

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

173.1870, 60.4700, 27.4620

## Protanomaly

172.4270, 24.0230, 10.6710

## Deuteranomaly

172.9570, 37.0900, 10.6420

## Tritanomaly

173.5460, 60.8370, 26.3170

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

173.1870, 60.4700, 27.4620

## Achromatopsia

173.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

173.2310, 21.6390, 9.8230

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 173.1870, 60.4700, 27.4620 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(248, 139, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(248, 139, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(248, 139, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(248, 139, 153) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 173.1870, 60.4700, 27.4620 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(248, 139, 153) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(248, 139, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(248, 139, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(248, 139, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(248, 139, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(248, 139,  
153) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 173.1870, 60.4700, 27.4620 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(248, 139, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(248,  
139, 153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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