

Converting Colors

YIQ(174.0460, 12.6950, 28.7510)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(174.0460, 12.6950, 28.7510)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(174.0460, 12.6950,
28.7510)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CC98D1
RGB	204, 152, 209
RGB Percent	80%, 60%, 82%
CMY	0.1998, 0.4040, 0.1804
CMYK	0.02, 0.27, 0.00, 0.18
HSL	295°, 38%, 71%
HSV	295°, 27%, 82%
XYZ	47.6465, 39.8961, 65.5121
YIQ	174.0460, 12.6950, 28.7510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

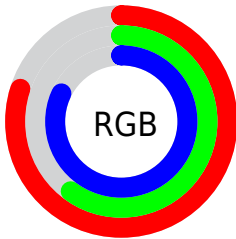
Format	Color
R_{YB}	204, 152, 209
Decimal	13408465
CIE _{Lab}	69.40, 29.11, -21.61
CIE _{LCh}	69, 36.253, 323.410
Yxy	39.8961, 0.3113, 0.2607
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291598545 (0xFFCC98D1)
YUV	174.0460, 17.2323, 26.2697
Hunter-Lab	63.1633, 24.1135, -17.2804

Details

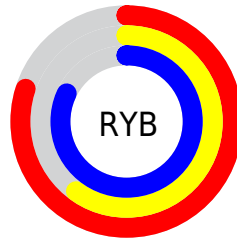
The YIQ color **174.0460, 12.6950, 28.7510** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **186.9540, -12.6950, -28.7510**, and the grayscale version is **174.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **226.8240, 13.2000, 25.1040**, and **120.8070, 11.8700, 27.1820** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **161.1210, 17.2780, 39.3100**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **186.9710, 8.1120, 18.1920**.

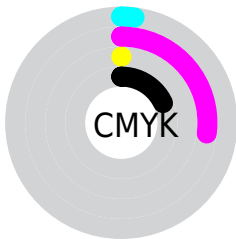
Distribution



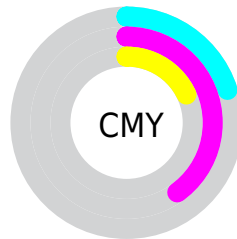
- Red (80%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (18%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 174.0460, 12.6950, 28.7510 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 174.0460, 12.6950, 28.7510 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 174.0460, 12.6950,
28.7510

■ 174.0460, 12.6950,
28.7510

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 147.2200, 12.1450,
27.7050

■ 226.8240, 13.2000,
25.1040

■ 120.8070, 11.8700,
27.1820

■ 243.2600, 5.5000,
10.4600

■ 95.9810, 11.3200,
26.1360

■ 71.2690, 10.4490,
25.4010

■ 47.8560, 10.1740,
24.8780

■ 23.9700, 9.8530,
25.1890

■ 13.2590, 7.2410,

17.4570

■ 0.9120, -2.5680,
2.4880

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 174.0460, 12.6950,
28.7510

■ 174.0460, 12.6950,
28.7510

■ 161.1210, 17.2780,
39.3100

■ 186.9710, 8.1120,
18.1920

■ 148.1960, 21.8610,
49.8690

■ 199.8960, 3.5290,
7.6330

■ 135.5700, 27.0400,
60.6400

■ 212.5220, -1.6500,
-3.1380

■ 122.6450, 31.6230,
71.1990

■ 225.4470, -6.2330,
-13.6970

■ 109.7200, 36.2060,
81.7580

■ 237.1980,
-10.2660, -23.2100

■ 97.3820, 40.5140,
91.7940

■ 237.7960, -9.0740,
-22.7860

■ 84.4570, 45.0970,
102.3530

■ 238.3940, -7.8820,
-22.3620

■ 80.9350, 46.7470,
105.4910

■ 238.9920, -6.6900,
-21.9380

■ 239.2910, -6.0940,
-21.7260

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



171.2250, -21.7820, 20.3140



174.0460, 12.6950, 28.7510



173.5790, 38.8750, 27.8590

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



174.0460, 12.6950, 28.7510



167.9130, 39.2490, -11.9750



145.0410, -87.4750, -28.1390

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



174.0460, 12.6950, 28.7510



186.9540, -12.6950, -28.7510

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



153.5380, -52.4460, -29.7100



174.0460, 12.6950, 28.7510



164.3720, 15.5470, -22.9570

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



174.0460, 12.6950, 28.7510



170.2280, 52.0840, 3.2200



160.1000, -16.0420, -28.6660



149.3590, -87.8900, -15.1060

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



174.0460, 12.6950, 28.7510



172.2780, 49.7880, 22.8120



160.1000, -16.0420, -28.6660



147.4890, -77.1130, -28.7050

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



174.0460, 12.6950, 28.7510



242.6620, 4.3080, 10.0360



162.0200, -19.9470, 14.5890



119.7710, 2.3830, 6.3750



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



174.0460, 12.6950, 28.7510



203.5990, 18.9280, 42.4480



172.9190, 23.0580, 22.6580



98.2440, 2.4290, 5.5410



65.1980, 37.8560, 84.8960



15.7370, 8.8910, 20.5950

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



169.6130, 32.3670, 13.6390



196.9140, 47.8170, 19.9850



188.0810, -23.0580, -22.6580



97.4030, 6.2350, 2.6430



51.9420, 95.3130, 40.2810



12.7150, 23.1520, 9.9360

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 174.0460, 12.6950, 28.7510 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

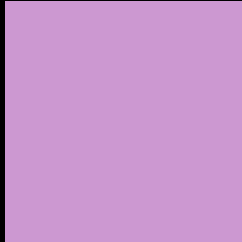
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 174.0460, 12.6950, 28.7510 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

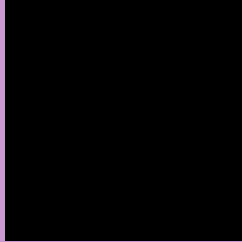
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 174.0460, 12.6950, 28.7510

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 174.0460, 12.6950, 28.7510.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 174.0460, 12.6950,

28.7510.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

174.0460, 12.6950, 28.7510

Protanopia

170.3400, -23.8440, 13.6280

Deuteranopia

171.1580, -11.6480, 12.8640



Tritanopia

172.3280, 19.9880, 12.2120

Trichromacy



Original Color

174.0460, 12.6950, 28.7510

Protanomaly

171.4450, -10.7780, 19.1260

Deuteranomaly

172.2240, -2.8460, 18.5460

Tritanomaly

172.7610, 17.5110, 18.5590

Monochromacy



Original Color

174.0460, 12.6950, 28.7510

Achromatopsia

174.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

174.0750, 4.5830, 10.5590

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 174.0460, 12.6950, 28.7510 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(204, 152, 209)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(204, 152, 209)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(204, 152, 209) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(204, 152, 209) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 174.0460, 12.6950, 28.7510 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(204, 152, 209) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(204, 152, 209) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(204, 152, 209)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(204, 152, 209); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 152, 209);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 152,  
209) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 174.0460, 12.6950, 28.7510 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(204, 152, 209) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(204,  
152, 209) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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