

Converting Colors

YIQ(174.1430, -7.2920, 11.0120)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(174.1430, -7.2920, 11.0120)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(174.1430, -7.2920,
11.0120)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AEA9C9
RGB	174, 169, 201
RGB Percent	68%, 66%, 79%
CMY	0.3176, 0.3372, 0.2118
CMYK	0.13, 0.16, 0.00, 0.21
HSL	249°, 23%, 73%
HSV	249°, 16%, 79%
XYZ	42.1860, 41.5912, 61.0544
YIQ	174.1430, -7.2920, 11.0120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

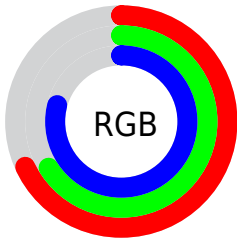
Format	Color
RYB	174, 169, 201
Decimal	11446729
CIELab	70.59, 8.17, -15.63
CIELCh	71, 17.642, 297.604
Yxy	41.5912, 0.2913, 0.2872
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289636809 (0xFFAEA9C9)
YUV	174.1430, 13.2405, -0.1254
Hunter-Lab	64.4912, 3.9034, -10.9864

Details

The YIQ color $174.1430, -7.2920, 11.0120$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $9999CC$. A complement of this color would be $195.8570, 7.2920, -11.0120$, and the grayscale version is $174.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $229.3280, -6.3750, 10.9130$, and $121.6160, -7.2460, 10.1780$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $157.3200, -11.9240, 17.8680$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $190.9660, -2.6600, 4.1560$.

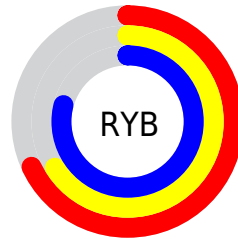
Distribution



Red (68%)

Green (66%)

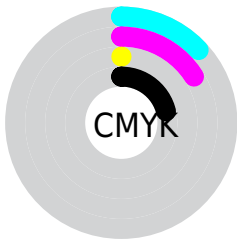
Blue (79%)



Red (68%)

Yellow (66%)

Blue (79%)

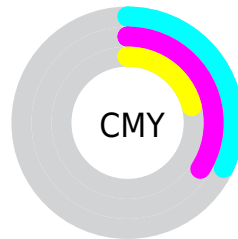


Cyan (13%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (21%)



Cyan (32%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (21%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 174.1430, -7.2920, 11.0120 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 174.1430, -7.2920, 11.0120 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 174.1430, -7.2920,
11.0120

■ 174.1430, -7.2920,
11.0120

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 147.7300, -7.5670,
10.4890

■ 229.3280, -6.3750,
10.9130

■ 121.6160, -7.2460,
10.1780

253.8260, 0.5500,
1.0460

■ 96.5020, -6.9250,
9.8670

■ 72.9750, -6.8790,
9.0330

■ 50.4480, -6.8330,
8.1990

■ 29.3340, -6.5120,
7.8880

■ 4.8010, -6.3290,

10.0790

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 174.1430, -7.2920,
11.0120

■ 174.1430, -7.2920,
11.0120

■ 157.3200,
-11.9240, 17.8680

■ 190.9660, -2.6600,
4.1560

■ 140.4970,
-16.5560, 24.7240

■ 207.7890, 1.9720,
-2.7000

■ 123.6740,
-21.1880, 31.5800

■ 224.6120, 6.6040,
-9.5560

■ 106.8510,
-25.8200, 38.4360

■ 241.4350, 11.2360,
-16.4120

■ 90.0280, -30.4520,
45.2920

■ 248.8440, 17.3340,
-16.7940

■ 72.6180, -34.8090,
52.6710

■ 55.7950, -39.4410,
59.5270

■ 38.9720, -44.0730,
66.3830

■ 32.1830, -46.0450,
69.0830

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



171.1410, -22.1460, 4.8780



174.1430, -7.2920, 11.0120



175.3360, 8.3420, 14.0220

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



174.1430, -7.2920, 11.0120



173.8860, 26.6840, 0.9880



166.9920, -23.8850, -13.1730

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



174.1430, -7.2920, 11.0120



195.8570, 7.2920, -11.0120

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



168.4790, -9.2590, -13.9230



174.1430, -7.2920, 11.0120



172.3640, 19.1660, -5.9380

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



174.1430, -7.2920, 11.0120



174.8140, 27.1870, 8.3950



170.2590, 6.1000, -11.4360



167.0220, -32.5970, -9.4690

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



174.1430, -7.2920, 11.0120



175.7130, 17.4660, 13.8660



170.2590, 6.1000, -11.4360



167.5040, -19.5750, -14.1910

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



174.1430, -7.2920, 11.0120



244.0800, -2.9810, 4.4670



188.4970, -17.6970, -4.1690



121.2110, -1.9720, 2.7000



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



174.1430, -7.2920, 11.0120



214.5650, -11.2360, 16.4120



178.9270, 2.2440, 14.4040



91.3250, -2.2930, 3.0110



26.3560, -36.8270, 56.2050



5.8980, -7.9800, 12.4680

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



181.6460, 10.4050, 15.1810



225.9120, 15.7680, 22.6160



191.0730, -2.2440, -14.4040



93.6030, 2.7960, 4.3960



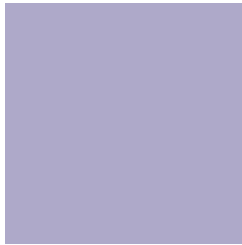
64.4690, 52.8500, 77.4740



14.1840, 11.8260, 16.9620

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 174.1430, -7.2920, 11.0120 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

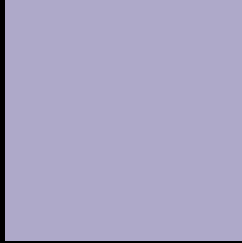
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 174.1430, -7.2920, 11.0120 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

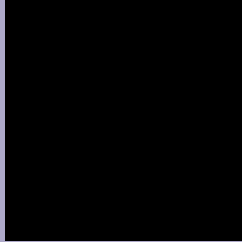
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 174.1430, -7.2920, 11.0120

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 174.1430, -7.2920, 11.0120.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 174.1430, -7.2920,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

174.1430, -7.2920, 11.0120

Protanopia

173.3380, -12.3350, 8.7930

Deuteranopia

174.1540, -5.8250, 11.9590



Tritanopia

173.1830, -4.7690, 3.8310

Trichromacy



Original Color

174.1430, -7.2920, 11.0120

Protanomaly

173.6480, -10.2720, 9.9520

Deuteranomaly

173.8550, -6.4210, 11.7470

Tritanomaly

173.5790, -5.8240, 6.4320

Monochromacy



Original Color

174.1430, -7.2920, 11.0120

Achromatopsia

174.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

173.9660, -2.6600, 4.1560

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 174.1430, -7.2920, 11.0120 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(174, 169, 201)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(174, 169, 201)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(174, 169, 201) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(174, 169, 201) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 174.1430, -7.2920, 11.0120 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(174, 169, 201) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(174, 169, 201) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(174, 169, 201)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(174, 169, 201); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 169, 201);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 169,  
201) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 174.1430, -7.2920, 11.0120 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(174, 169, 201) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(174,  
169, 201) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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