

Converting Colors

YIQ(174.4560, -10.4520,
-8.8200)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(174.4560, -10.4520, -8.8200)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(174.4560, -10.4520,
-8.8200)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9FB7AB
RGB	159, 183, 171
RGB Percent	62%, 72%, 67%
CMY	0.3765, 0.2823, 0.3294
CMYK	0.13, 0.00, 0.07, 0.28
HSL	150°, 14%, 67%
HSV	150°, 13%, 72%
XYZ	38.5803, 44.1803, 45.0182
YIQ	174.4560, -10.4520, -8.8200

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

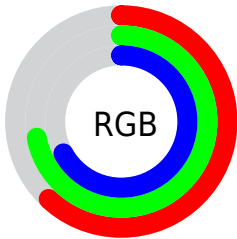
Format	Color
RYB	159, 175, 183
Decimal	10467243
CIELab	72.35, -10.61, 3.33
CIELCh	72, 11.117, 162.568
Yxy	44.1803, 0.3019, 0.3458
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288657323 (0xFF9FB7AB)
YUV	174.4560, -1.7038, -13.5549
Hunter-Lab	66.4683, -12.7125, 6.3713

Details

The YIQ color **174.4560, -10.4520, -8.8200** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **167.5440, 10.4520, 8.8200**, and the grayscale version is **174.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **230.0430, -10.7270, -9.3430**, and **121.8690, -10.1770, -8.2970** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **168.0480, -18.2910, -15.4350**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **180.8640, -2.6130, -2.2050**.

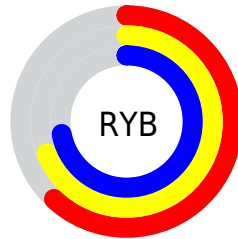
Distribution



Red (62%)

Green (72%)

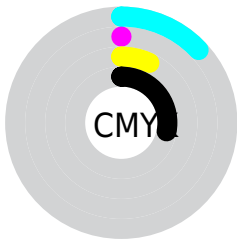
Blue (67%)



Red (62%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (72%)

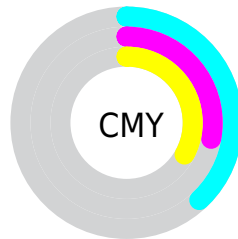


Cyan (13%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (7%)

Black (28%)



Cyan (38%)

Magenta (28%)

Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 174.4560, -10.4520, -8.8200 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 174.4560, -10.4520, -8.8200 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 174.4560,
-10.4520, -8.8200

■ 174.4560,
-10.4520, -8.8200

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 147.7550, -9.8560,
-8.6080

■ 230.0430,
-10.7270, -9.3430

■ 121.8690,
-10.1770, -8.2970

■ 251.1130, -7.7480,
-2.7560

■ 97.1680, -9.5810,
-8.0850

■ 73.5810, -9.3060,
-7.5620

■ 50.5810, -9.3060,
-7.5620

■ 28.9940, -9.0310,
-7.0390

■ 8.8050, -4.1250,

-7.8450

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 174.4560,
-10.4520, -8.8200

■ 174.4560,
-10.4520, -8.8200

■ 168.0480,
-18.2910, -15.4350

■ 180.8640, -2.6130,
-2.2050

■ 161.3410,
-26.7260, -22.2620

■ 187.5710, 5.8220,
4.6220

■ 154.9330,
-34.5650, -28.8770

■ 193.9790, 13.6610,
11.2370

■ 148.4110,
-42.0830, -35.8030

■ 200.5010, 21.1790,
18.1630

■ 141.7040,
-50.5180, -42.6300

■ 206.9090, 29.0180,
24.7780

■ 135.2960,
-58.3570, -49.2450

■ 209.4300, 29.1090,
28.6370

■ 128.8880,
-66.1960, -55.8600

■ 210.4560, 26.2200,
31.4360

■ 122.4800,
-74.0350, -62.4750

■ 211.4820, 23.3310,
34.2350

■ 117.7950,
-79.5360, -67.4080

■ 212.5080, 20.4420,
37.0340

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



175.5450, -0.4570, -8.2410



174.4560, -10.4520, -8.8200



174.3890, -17.5130, -7.5050

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



174.4560, -10.4520, -8.8200



177.7850, -9.4000, 5.1600



178.8620, 18.0640, 3.0240

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



174.4560, -10.4520, -8.8200



167.5440, 10.4520, 8.8200

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



179.6000, 16.0460, 6.5580



174.4560, -10.4520, -8.8200



179.3410, 0.7780, 7.9300

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



174.4560, -10.4520, -8.8200



175.8440, -17.0560, 0.7360



179.6580, 10.1310, 9.1310



178.1450, 15.5890, -1.6830

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



174.4560, -10.4520, -8.8200



174.3010, -20.0810, -5.0170



179.6580, 10.1310, 9.1310



178.9160, 17.9720, 4.6920

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



174.4560, -10.4520, -8.8200



233.7390, -3.7590, -3.4630



176.6760, 0.5520, -10.0080



117.8640, -2.6130, -2.2050



247.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



120.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



174.4560, -10.4520, -8.8200



223.4720, -16.5490, -13.9650



175.8240, -14.3040, -5.0880



88.7390, -3.7590, -3.4630



100.4640, -67.9380, -57.3300



18.0320, -12.1940, -10.2900

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



167.5440, 10.4520, 8.8200



212.5280, 16.5490, 13.9650



166.1760, 14.3040, 5.0880



86.1470, 4.0800, 3.1520



55.5360, 67.9380, 57.3300



9.9680, 12.1940, 10.2900

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 174.4560, -10.4520, -8.8200 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

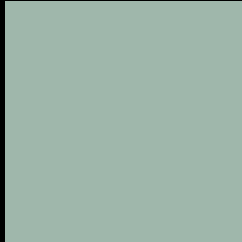
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 174.4560, -10.4520, -8.8200 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

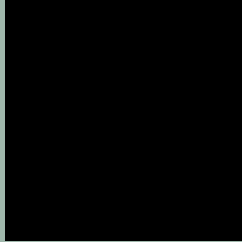
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

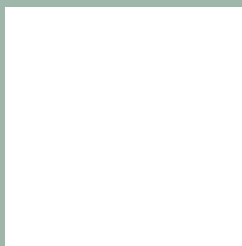
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 174.4560, -10.4520, -8.8200

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 174.4560, -10.4520, -8.8200.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 174.4560, -10.4520, -8.8200.

-8.8200.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

174.4560, -10.4520, -8.8200

Protanopia

177.0670, 7.0610, -1.3150

Deuteranopia

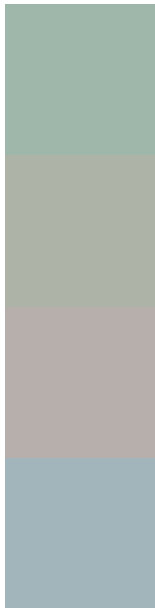
178.7030, 14.2580, 5.9220



Tritanopia

176.5130, -14.6260, 0.7500

Trichromacy



Original Color

174.4560, -10.4520, -8.8200

Protanomaly

176.2510, 0.5510, -4.4810

Deuteranomaly

177.0500, 5.7310, 0.7630

Tritanomaly

175.8890, -12.9290, -2.4730

Monochromacy



Original Color

174.4560, -10.4520, -8.8200

Achromatopsia

174.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

174.1520, -3.4840, -2.9400

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 174.4560, -10.4520, -8.8200 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(159, 183, 171)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(159, 183, 171)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(159, 183, 171) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(159, 183, 171) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 174.4560, -10.4520, -8.8200 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(159, 183, 171) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(159, 183, 171) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(159, 183, 171)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(159, 183, 171); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 183, 171);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 183,  
171) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 174.4560, -10.4520, -8.8200 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(159, 183, 171) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(159,  
183, 171) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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