

Converting Colors

YIQ(174.5590, -3.0720, 0.6080)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(174.5590, -3.0720, 0.6080)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(174.5590, -3.0720,
0.6080)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ACAFB3
RGB	172, 175, 179
RGB Percent	67%, 69%, 70%
CMY	0.3255, 0.3137, 0.2980
CMYK	0.04, 0.02, 0.00, 0.30
HSL	214°, 4%, 69%
HSV	214°, 4%, 70%
XYZ	40.4795, 42.6855, 48.7514
YIQ	174.5590, -3.0720, 0.6080

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

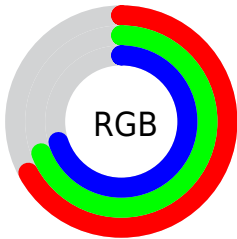
Format	Color
RYB	172, 174, 179
Decimal	11317171
CIELab	71.34, -0.28, -2.42
CIELCh	71, 2.434, 263.298
Yxy	42.6855, 0.3069, 0.3236
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289507251 (0xFFACAFB3)
YUV	174.5590, 2.1894, -2.2442
Hunter-Lab	65.3341, -3.7403, 1.4925

Details

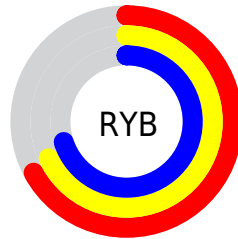
The YIQ color $174.5590, -3.0720, 0.6080$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $176.4410, 3.0720, -0.6080$, and the grayscale version is $175.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $229.6730, -3.3930, 0.9190$, and $122.4450, -2.7510, 0.2970$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $163.3070, -11.0500, 2.0220$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $185.8110, 4.9060, -0.8060$.

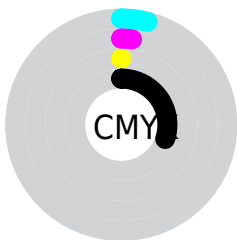
Distribution



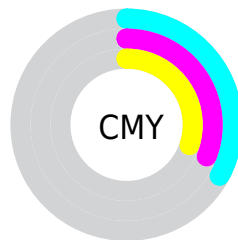
- Red (67%)
- Green (69%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (68%)
- Blue (70%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (30%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (30%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 174.5590, -3.0720, 0.6080 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 174.5590, -3.0720, 0.6080 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 174.5590, -3.0720,
0.6080

■ 174.5590, -3.0720,
0.6080

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 147.5590, -3.0720,
0.6080

■ 229.6730, -3.3930,
0.9190

■ 122.4450, -2.7510,
0.2970

■ 97.4450, -2.7510,
0.2970

■ 73.4450, -2.7510,
0.2970

■ 50.8580, -2.4760,
0.8200

■ 29.7440, -2.1550,
0.5090

■ 4.4880, -4.3100,

1.0180

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 174.5590, -3.0720,
0.6080

■ 174.5590, -3.0720,
0.6080

■ 163.3070,
-11.0500, 2.0220

■ 185.8110, 4.9060,
-0.8060

■ 152.0550,
-19.0280, 3.4360

■ 197.0630, 12.8840,
-2.2200

■ 140.2160,
-26.7310, 5.3730

■ 208.9020, 20.5870,
-4.1570

■ 128.9640,
-34.7090, 6.7870

■ 220.1540, 28.5650,
-5.5710

■ 118.0110,
-42.0910, 8.4130

■ 229.3130, 32.3710,
-8.4690

■ 106.7590,
-50.0690, 9.8270

■ 235.1830, 29.6210,
-13.6990

■ 95.5070, -58.0470,
11.2410

■ 241.0530, 26.8710,
-18.9290

■ 83.6680, -65.7500,
13.1780

■ 246.3360, 24.3960,
-23.6360

■ 72.4160, -73.7280,
14.5920

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



174.4340, -4.2180, -0.6500



174.5590, -3.0720, 0.6080



174.8690, -1.0090, 1.7670

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



174.5590, -3.0720, 0.6080



175.0930, 4.1720, 1.4840



174.3480, -1.1000, -2.0920

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



174.5590, -3.0720, 0.6080



176.4410, 3.0720, -0.6080

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



174.5440, 1.2840, -1.2440



174.5590, -3.0720, 0.6080



175.1530, 3.9430, 0.1270

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



174.5590, -3.0720, 0.6080



175.0220, 2.9340, 1.8940



174.4410, 3.0720, -0.6080



173.9780, -2.9340, -1.8940

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



174.5590, -3.0720, 0.6080



175.0540, -0.0920, 1.6680



174.4410, 3.0720, -0.6080



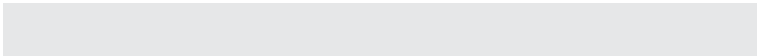
174.5330, -0.1830, -2.1910

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



174.5590, -3.0720, 0.6080



230.8150, -0.9170, 0.0990



176.5650, -3.2090, -2.4170



116.7010, -0.5960, -0.2120



245.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



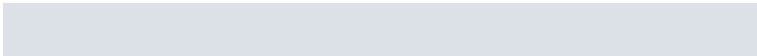
117.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



174.5590, -3.0720, 0.6080



224.3030, -5.2270, 1.1170



172.7980, -2.2470, 2.1770



85.7440, -2.1550, 0.5090



56.1840, -67.2630, 13.0650



9.4210, -11.3710, 2.3330

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



174.4350, 3.2090, 2.4170



224.1580, 5.5470, 4.0990



178.2020, 2.2470, -2.1770



85.7230, 2.3380, 1.6820



53.2710, 70.0020, 52.9620



9.0280, 11.9650, 8.9330

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 174.5590, -3.0720, 0.6080 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

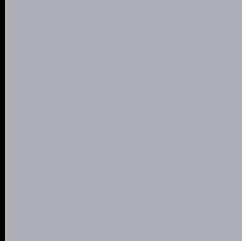
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 174.5590, -3.0720, 0.6080 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

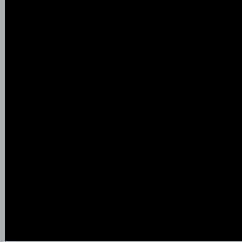
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 174.5590, -3.0720, 0.6080

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 174.5590, -3.0720, 0.6080.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 174.5590, -3.0720,

0.6080.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

174.5590, -3.0720, 0.6080

Protanopia

175.3530, 0.5040, 1.8800

Deuteranopia

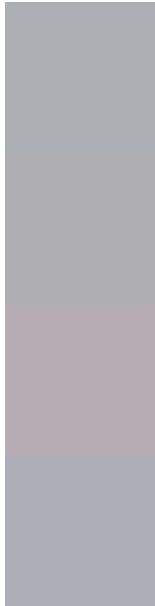
176.2340, 8.3890, 7.6610



Tritanopia

175.1830, -4.7690, 3.8310

Trichromacy



Original Color

174.5590, -3.0720, 0.6080

Protanomaly

174.7550, -0.6880, 1.4560

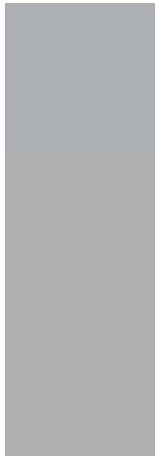
Deuteranomaly

175.6140, 4.2630, 5.3430

Tritanomaly

174.8410, -3.8060, 2.8980

Monochromacy



Original Color

174.5590, -3.0720, 0.6080

Achromatopsia

175.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

174.8150, -0.9170, 0.0990

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 174.5590, -3.0720, 0.6080 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(172, 175, 179)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(172, 175, 179)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(172, 175, 179) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(172, 175, 179) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 174.5590, -3.0720, 0.6080 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(172, 175, 179) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(172, 175, 179) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(172, 175, 179) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(172, 175, 179); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 175, 179);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 175,  
179) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 174.5590, -3.0720, 0.6080 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(172, 175, 179) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(172,  
175, 179) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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