

# Converting Colors

YIQ(175.1760, -93.4300,  
-57.8940)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(175.1760, -93.4300, -57.8940)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(175.1760, -93.4300,  
-57.8940)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| Format      | Color                        |
|-------------|------------------------------|
| Hex         | 32EEB4                       |
| RGB         | 50, 238, 180                 |
| RGB Percent | 20%, 93%, 71%                |
| CMY         | 0.8044, 0.0663, 0.2944       |
| CMYK        | 0.79, 0.00, 0.24, 0.07       |
| HSL         | 161°, 85%, 56%               |
| HSV         | 161°, 79%, 93%               |
| XYZ         | 40.1366, 65.1619, 53.5977    |
| YIQ         | 175.1760, -93.4300, -57.8940 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

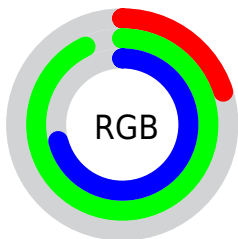
| Format                              | Color   |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| <a href="#">RYB</a>                 | <a href="#">50, 161, 238</a>                    |
| Decimal                             | <a href="#">3337908</a>                         |
| CIELab                              | <a href="#">84.57, -58.36, 15.48</a>            |
| CIELCh                              | <a href="#">85, 60.376, 165.148</a>             |
| Yxy                                 | <a href="#">65.1619, 0.2526,<br/>0.4101</a>     |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | <a href="#">4281527988<br/>(0xFF32EEB4)</a>     |
| YUV                                 | <a href="#">175.1760, 2.3782,<br/>-109.7794</a> |
| Hunter-Lab                          | <a href="#">80.7229, -52.5124,<br/>17.1392</a>  |

# Details

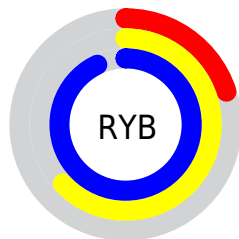
The YIQ color **175.1760, -93.4300, -57.8940** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **33FFCC**. The color can be described as light washed spring green. A complement of this color would be **112.8240, 93.4300, 57.8940**, and the grayscale version is **175.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **214.2630, -70.7850, -33.2570**, and **120.7250, -90.5420, -55.1660** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **167.2020, -105.4870, -65.1590**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **183.1500, -81.3730, -50.6290**.

# Distribution



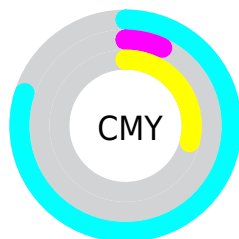
- Red (20%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (20%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (79%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Black (7%)




- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (29%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 175.1760, -93.4300, -57.8940 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 175.1760, -93.4300, -57.8940 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 175.1760,  
-93.4300, -57.8940


 175.1760,  
-93.4300, -57.8940


 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000


 140.1250,  
-106.5880, -61.7240


 214.2630,  
-70.7850, -33.2570


 120.7250,  
-90.5420, -55.1660


 226.2960,  
-57.2160, -20.3520


 101.4390,  
-74.8170, -48.2970


 235.5650,  
-38.7400, -13.7800

 82.8540, -59.6880,  
-41.6400

 245.1330,  
-19.6680, -6.9960

 64.9700, -45.1550,  
-35.1950

 254.4020, -1.1920,  
-0.4240

 47.7870, -31.2180,  
-28.9620

 31.1910, -17.5560,

-23.2520

■ 14.6750, -6.8750,  
-13.0750

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 175.1760,  
-93.4300, -57.8940

■ 175.1760,  
-93.4300, -57.8940

■ 167.2020,  
-105.4870, -65.1590

■ 183.1500,  
-81.3730, -50.6290

■ 159.1140,  
-117.2230, -72.7350

■ 191.2380,  
-69.6370, -43.0530

■ 158.5160,  
-118.4150, -73.1590

■ 198.9130,  
-58.1760, -36.0000

■ 206.8870,  
-46.1190, -28.7350

■ 214.9750,  
-34.3830, -21.1590

■ 222.9490,  
-22.3260, -13.8940

■ 230.9230,  
-10.2690, -6.6290

■ 238.7120, 0.8710,  
0.7350

■ 243.9950, 7.5640,  
6.0920

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



195.6370, -14.0210, -48.7810



175.1760, -93.4300, -57.8940



168.1260, -142.7190, -51.1910

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



175.1760, -93.4300, -57.8940



200.5120, -39.2480, 6.4480



195.3060, 60.6120, 2.8520

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



175.1760, -93.4300, -57.8940



112.8240, 93.4300, 57.8940

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



192.9020, 48.0910, 26.0350



175.1760, -93.4300, -57.8940



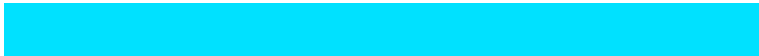
213.0130, 17.4620, 35.9740

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



175.1760, -93.4300, -57.8940



161.1450, -143.7300, -38.3700



201.2750, 28.6480, 42.5040



203.7570, 65.7510, -18.7050



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



175.1760, -93.4300, -57.8940



168.7760, -147.3050, -45.1690



201.2750, 28.6480, 42.5040



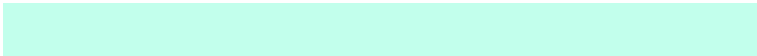
193.4940, 57.4470, 10.6550

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



175.1760, -93.4300, -57.8940



234.5950, -30.2570, -18.8410



177.9970, -16.5360, -85.8160



115.5690, -18.2000, -11.5760



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



175.1760, -93.4300, -57.8940



174.0920, -120.1570, -74.6290



161.8300, -102.6980, -22.0740



115.9560, -5.8680, -3.7880



122.4860, -91.3670, -56.7350



37.3180, -27.9190, -17.1590



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



112.8240, 93.4300, 57.8940



93.9080, 120.1570, 74.6290



126.1700, 102.6980, 22.0740



112.0440, 5.8680, 3.7880



61.5140, 91.3670, 56.7350

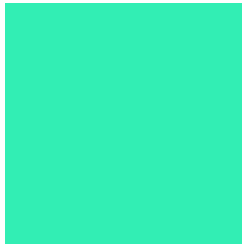


18.6820, 27.9190, 17.1590



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 175.1760, -93.4300, -57.8940 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 175.1760, -93.4300, -57.8940 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

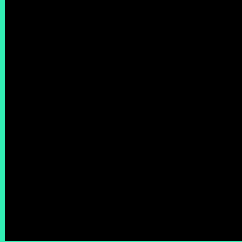
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 175.1760, -93.4300, -57.8940 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 175.1760, -93.4300, -57.8940.



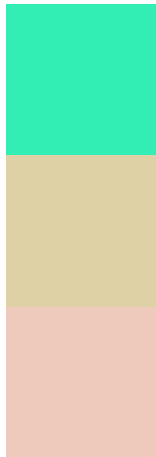
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 175.1760, -93.4300, -57.8940.

-57.8940.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

175.1760, -93.4300, -57.8940

### Protanopia

207.9850, 21.5510, -10.6170

### Deuteranopia

210.8690, 25.3540, 3.0660



## Tritanopia

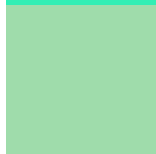
189.0070, -90.1350, -23.9830

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

175.1760, -93.4300, -57.8940



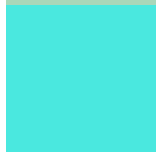
## Protanomaly

196.1750, -20.6270, -28.1710



## Deuteranomaly

197.8260, -17.7860, -19.0820



## Tritanomaly

183.7320, -91.2790, -36.2950

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

175.1760, -93.4300, -57.8940



## Achromatopsia

175.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



## Achromatomaly

175.2740, -33.7870, -20.9470

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 175.1760, -93.4300, -57.8940 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(50, 238, 180)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(50, 238, 180)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(50, 238, 180) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(50, 238, 180) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 175.1760, -93.4300, -57.8940 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(50, 238, 180) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(50, 238, 180) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(50, 238, 180)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(50, 238, 180); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(50, 238, 180);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(50, 238,  
180) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 175.1760, -93.4300, -57.8940 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(50, 238, 180) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(50, 238,  
180) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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