

Converting Colors

YIQ(175.5430, -27.9020,
-111.1180)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(175.5430, -27.9020, -111.1180)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(175.5430, -27.9020,
-111.1180)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|-------------------------------|
| Hex | 50FF11 |
| RGB | 80, 255, 17 |
| RGB Percent | 31%, 100%, 7% |
| CMY | 0.6868, 0.0000, 0.9332 |
| CMYK | 0.69, 0.00, 0.93, 0.00 |
| HSL | 104°, 100%, 53% |
| HSV | 104°, 93%, 100% |
| XYZ | 39.1574, 73.2597, 12.6078 |
| YIQ | 175.5430, -27.9020, -111.1180 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

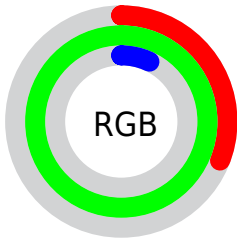
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| RYB | 17, 255, 192 |
| Decimal | 5308177 |
| CIELab | 88.57, -78.69, 82.81 |
| CIElCh | 89, 114.241, 133.539 |
| Yxy | 73.2597, 0.3132, 0.5860 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4283498257 (0xFF50FF11) |
| YUV | 175.5430, -78.1617, -83.7912 |
| Hunter-Lab | 85.5919, -68.1239, 51.1808 |

Details

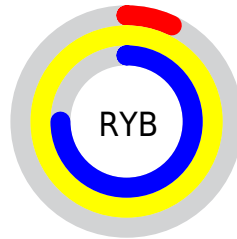
The YIQ color **175.5430, -27.9020, -111.1180** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33FF00**. The color can be described as dark washed green. A complement of this color would be **96.4570, 27.9020, 111.1180**, and the grayscale version is **176.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **206.1910, -10.6700, -70.9740**, and **115.6390, -54.1750, -103.0310** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **169.7180, -30.1930, -119.1610**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **184.1880, -24.9240, -99.0040**.

Distribution



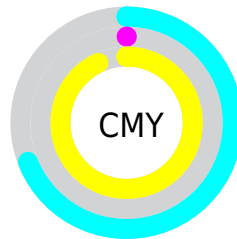
- Red (31%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (7%)



- Red (7%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (93%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (93%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 175.5430, -27.9020, -111.1180 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 175.5430, -27.9020, -111.1180 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 175.5430,
-27.9020, -111.1180

■ 175.5430,
-27.9020, -111.1180

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 139.8380,
-47.8460, -113.1100

■ 205.8920,
-11.2660, -71.1860

■ 115.6390,
-54.1750, -103.0310

■ 219.1790, -1.2280,
-54.8600

■ 98.6160, -46.2000,
-87.8640

■ 232.1670, 8.2140,
-38.7460

■ 82.7670, -38.7750,
-73.7430

■ 245.1550, 17.6560,
-22.6320

■ 66.9180, -31.3500,
-59.6220

■ 250.6680, 12.1980,
-11.8180

■ 51.0690, -23.9250,
-45.5010

■ 254.0880, 2.5680,

■ 36.9810, -17.3250,

-2.4880

-32.9490

■ 21.1320, -9.9000,
-18.8280

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 175.5430,
-27.9020, -111.1180

■ 175.5430,
-27.9020, -111.1180

■ 169.7180,
-30.1930, -119.1610

■ 184.1880,
-24.9240, -99.0040

■ 192.4200,
-22.2210, -87.4130

■ 201.0650,
-19.2430, -75.2990

■ 209.5960,
-15.9440, -63.4960

■ 218.2410,
-12.9660, -51.3820

■ 226.4730,
-10.2630, -39.7910

■ 235.1180, -7.2850,
-27.6770

■ 243.6490, -3.9860,
-15.8740

■ 252.2940, -1.0080,
-3.7600

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



203.1490, 68.2370, -74.7950



175.5430, -27.9020, -111.1180



167.4690, -120.2010, -84.8490

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



175.5430, -27.9020, -111.1180



176.9940, -151.1550, -52.4910



145.8450, 71.7420, 65.4860

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



175.5430, -27.9020, -111.1180



96.4570, 27.9020, 111.1180

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



165.1890, 42.0750, 80.0190



175.5430, -27.9020, -111.1180



157.6230, -142.0800, -35.2320

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



175.5430, -27.9020, -111.1180



178.7550, -151.9800, -54.0600



202.7570, 24.4750, 46.5470



166.7470, 90.0470, 3.5430

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



175.5430, -27.9020, -111.1180



176.2470, -144.9180, -60.9020



202.7570, 24.4750, 46.5470



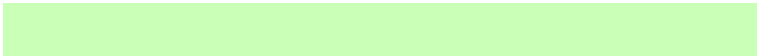
146.4270, 61.8360, 79.8200

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



175.5430, -27.9020, -111.1180



231.0590, -8.7970, -33.3170



190.8870, 93.7230, -41.0690



113.4160, -4.9480, -20.4680



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



175.5430, -27.9020, -111.1180



169.7180, -30.1930, -119.1610



163.0900, -83.4260, -107.0580



123.5280, -1.7870, -6.1630



127.0670, -22.7250, -89.2930



42.6510, -7.4680, -29.8680

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



96.4570, 27.9020, 111.1180



85.2820, 30.1930, 119.1610



108.9100, 83.4260, 107.0580



119.1730, 1.1910, 5.9510



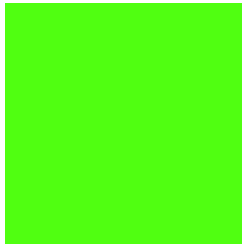
63.9330, 22.7250, 89.2930



21.3490, 7.4680, 29.8680

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 175.5430, -27.9020, -111.1180 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

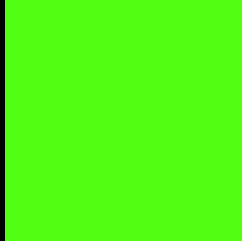
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 175.5430, -27.9020, -111.1180 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 175.5430, -27.9020, -111.1180 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 175.5430, -27.9020, -111.1180.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 175.5430, -27.9020, -111.1180.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



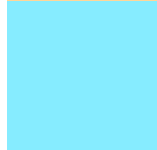
Original Color

175.5430, -27.9020, -111.1180



Deuteranopia

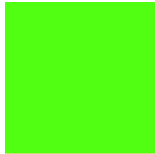
219.3050, 44.0170, -10.2790



Tritanopia

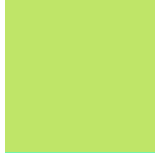
207.6680, -66.8910, -15.7150

Trichromacy



Original Color

175.5430, -27.9020, -111.1180



Deuteranomaly

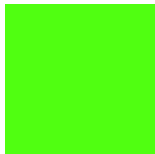
203.3880, 17.4770, -46.9310



Tritanomaly

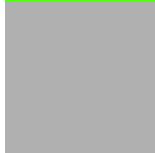
195.8790, -52.8090, -50.6730

Monochromacy



Original Color

175.5430, -27.9020, -111.1180



Achromatopsia

176.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



Achromatomaly

175.9460, -10.2170, -40.6250

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 175.5430, -27.9020, -111.1180 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(80, 255, 17)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(80, 255, 17)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(80, 255, 17) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(80, 255, 17) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 175.5430, -27.9020, -111.1180 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(80, 255, 17) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(80, 255, 17) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(80, 255, 17)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(80, 255, 17); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 255, 17);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 255,  
17) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 175.5430, -27.9020, -111.1180 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(80, 255, 17) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(80, 255,  
17) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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