

Converting Colors

YIQ(175.5920, 8.2150, -44.2730)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(175.5920, 8.2150, -44.2730)
contains.

YIQ(175.5920, 8.2150, -44.2730)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(175.5920, 8.2150,
-44.2730)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9CCA5B
RGB	156, 202, 91
RGB Percent	61%, 79%, 36%
CMY	0.3884, 0.2078, 0.6430
CMYK	0.23, 0.00, 0.55, 0.21
HSL	85°, 51%, 57%
HSV	85°, 55%, 79%
XYZ	36.7161, 50.0692, 17.6336
YIQ	175.5920, 8.2150, -44.2730

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

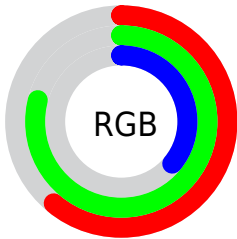
Format	Color
RYB	91, 202, 137
Decimal	10275419
CIELab	76.11, -32.89, 49.80
CIElCh	76, 59.677, 123.441
Yxy	50.0692, 0.3516, 0.4795
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288465499 (0xFF9CCA5B)
YUV	175.5920, -41.7039, -17.1822
Hunter-Lab	70.7596, -31.2083, 34.7564

Details

The YIQ color **175.5920, 8.2150, -44.2730** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC66**. The color can be described as middle muted chartreuse. A complement of this color would be **117.4080, -8.2150, 44.2730**, and the grayscale version is **176.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **229.7880, 10.5990, -43.4250**, and **121.7060, 7.8940, -43.9620** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **170.9200, 9.8670, -52.1890**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **180.2640, 6.5630, -36.3570**.

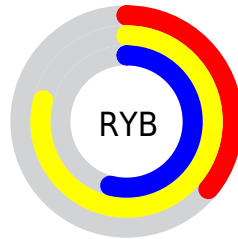
Distribution



Red (61%)

Green (79%)

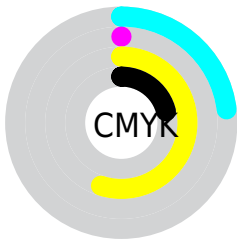
Blue (36%)



Red (36%)

Yellow (79%)

Blue (54%)

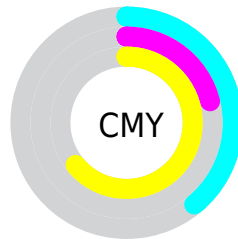


Cyan (23%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (55%)

Black (21%)



Cyan (39%)

Magenta (21%)

Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 175.5920, 8.2150, -44.2730 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 175.5920, 8.2150, -44.2730 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 175.5920, 8.2150,
-44.2730

■ 175.5920, 8.2150,
-44.2730

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 147.8200, 7.5730,
-43.6510

■ 229.7880, 10.5990,
-43.4250

■ 121.7060, 7.8940,
-43.9620

■ 241.6510, 18.8950,
-28.5690

■ 94.4950, 9.8660,
-46.6620

■ 248.7300, 17.6550,
-17.1050

■ 71.2910, 1.9330,
-40.5550

■ 251.9220, 8.6670,
-8.3970

■ 48.5430, -7.2840,
-33.2040

■ 28.7630, -13.4750,
-25.6270

■ 17.6100, -8.2500,

-15.6900

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 175.5920, 8.2150,
-44.2730

■ 175.5920, 8.2150,
-44.2730

■ 170.9200, 9.8670,
-52.1890

■ 180.2640, 6.5630,
-36.3570

■ 165.9490, 10.9230,
-60.3170

■ 185.2350, 5.5070,
-28.2290

■ 161.1630, 12.8960,
-68.5440

■ 190.0210, 3.5340,
-20.0020

■ 156.1920, 13.9520,
-76.6720

■ 194.6930, 1.8820,
-12.0860

■ 153.8560, 14.7780,
-80.6300

■ 199.6640, 0.8260,
-3.9580

■ 204.3360, -0.8260,
3.9580

■ 209.3070, -1.8820,
12.0860

■ 214.0930, -3.8550,
20.3130

■ 216.7130, 0.2710,
22.6310

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



181.6640, 52.4110, -30.2530



175.5920, 8.2150, -44.2730



162.3840, -55.7890, -51.7330

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



175.5920, 8.2150, -44.2730



149.9920, -138.5050, -28.4330



178.7000, 55.0120, 38.2760

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



175.5920, 8.2150, -44.2730



117.4080, -8.2150, 44.2730

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



190.8400, 34.6070, 50.1510



175.5920, 8.2150, -44.2730



169.2820, -79.8230, -1.6070

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



175.5920, 8.2150, -44.2730



153.7760, -138.1370, -35.1050



188.9480, -10.2760, 32.0600



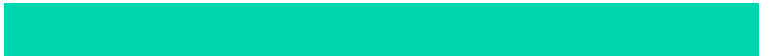
177.3540, 69.8250, 17.6090

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



175.5920, 8.2150, -44.2730



145.3400, -114.3830, -58.1190



188.9480, -10.2760, 32.0600



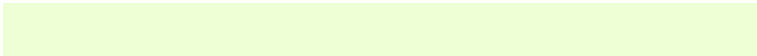
182.0400, 48.3630, 43.1390

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



175.5920, 8.2150, -44.2730



245.2430, 3.0290, -16.3550



150.0170, 54.0560, 0.5200



121.8610, 1.4690, -10.1070



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



175.5920, 8.2150, -44.2730



214.9180, 12.2080, -67.0880



159.4460, -23.9690, -55.7210



99.6640, 0.8260, -3.9580



126.4450, 12.1620, -66.2540



28.8840, 2.6620, -15.2100

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



117.4080, -8.2150, 44.2730



127.0820, -12.2080, 67.0880



133.5540, 23.9690, 55.7210



94.3360, -0.8260, 3.9580



39.5550, -12.1620, 66.2540



9.1160, -2.6620, 15.2100

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 175.5920, 8.2150, -44.2730 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 175.5920, 8.2150, -44.2730 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

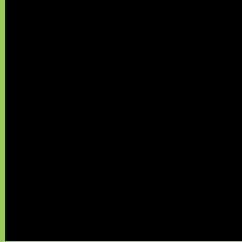
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 175.5920, 8.2150, -44.2730

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 175.5920, 8.2150, -44.2730.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 175.5920, 8.2150,

-44.2730.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

175.5920, 8.2150, -44.2730

Protanopia

181.4660, 44.3410, -27.1710

Deuteranopia

184.3140, 56.9930, -14.1670



Tritanopia

186.0290, -16.1390, 0.6370

Trichromacy



Original Color

175.5920, 8.2150, -44.2730

Protanomaly

178.9480, 31.0000, -33.1920

Deuteranomaly

181.2960, 39.0680, -25.2200

Tritanomaly

182.2080, -7.0580, -15.2660

Monochromacy



Original Color

175.5920, 8.2150, -44.2730

Achromatopsia

176.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

175.6560, 3.3040, -15.8320

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 175.5920, 8.2150, -44.2730 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(156, 202, 91)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(156, 202, 91)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(156, 202, 91) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(156, 202, 91) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 175.5920, 8.2150, -44.2730 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(156, 202, 91) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(156, 202, 91) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(156, 202, 91)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(156, 202, 91); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 202, 91);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 202,  
91) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 175.5920, 8.2150, -44.2730 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(156, 202, 91) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(156,  
202, 91) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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