

# Converting Colors

YIQ(175.6910, -10.6900,  
39.5660)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(175.6910, -10.6900, 39.5660)  
contains.

<b>YIQ(175.6910, -10.6900, 39.5660)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YIQ(175.6910, -10.6900,  
39.5660)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BE99FF
RGB	190, 153, 255
RGB Percent	75%, 60%, 100%
CMY	0.2547, 0.4000, 0.0001
CMYK	0.25, 0.40, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	262°, 100%, 80%
HSV	262°, 40%, 100%
XYZ	50.6786, 40.9476, 99.8142
YIQ	175.6910, -10.6900, 39.5660

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

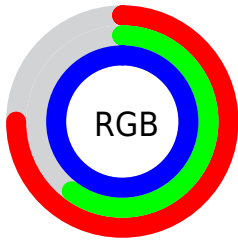
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	190, 153, 255
Decimal	12491263
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	70.14, 34.16, -45.77
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	70, 57.109, 306.732
Y <sub>xy</sub>	40.9476, 0.2647, 0.2139
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290681343 (0xFFBE99FF)
YUV	175.6910, 39.0993, 12.5490
Hunter-Lab	63.9903, 29.3842, -47.6893

# Details

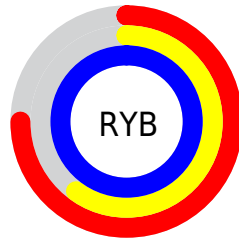
The YIQ color  $175.6910, -10.6900, 39.5660$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CC99FF$ . A complement of this color would be  $232.3090, 10.6900, -39.5660$ , and the grayscale version is  $175.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $225.3180, 8.7530, 23.0970$ , and  $121.9250, -11.4690, 37.1630$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $155.6450, -13.0760, 49.7720$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $195.1500, -8.0290, 29.8830$ .

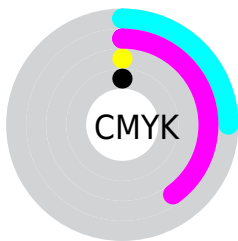
# Distribution



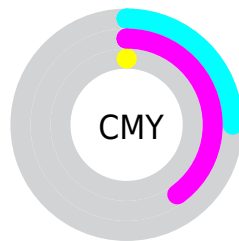
- Red (75%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 175.6910, -10.6900, 39.5660 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 175.6910, -10.6900, 39.5660 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



175.6910,  
-10.6900, 39.5660

175.6910,  
-10.6900, 39.5660

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

148.7510,  
-10.9190, 38.2090

225.3180, 8.7530,  
23.0970

121.9250,  
-11.4690, 37.1630

243.8470, 5.2250,  
9.9370

96.5720, -11.9730,  
35.2830

71.6320, -12.2020,  
33.9260

47.6810, -13.8980,  
31.6220

22.6590, -16.8320,  
29.7280

8.0510, -21.2320,

21.3600

■ 6.8910, -15.2700,  
12.4260

■ 3.2090, -7.6580,  
6.6300

■ 175.6910,  
-10.6900, 39.5660

■ 175.6910,  
-10.6900, 39.5660

■ 155.6450,  
-13.0760, 49.7720

■ 195.1500, -8.0290,  
29.8830

■ 136.1860,  
-15.7370, 59.4550

■ 215.4950, -5.0470,  
19.8890

■ 115.8410,  
-18.7190, 69.4490

■ 234.9540, -2.3860,  
10.2060

■ 96.3820, -21.3800,  
79.1320

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 76.9230, -24.0410,  
88.8150

■ 56.8770, -26.4270,  
99.0210

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



159.0260, -72.8100, 8.9660



175.6910, -10.6900, 39.5660



175.4230, 40.1550, 48.7230

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



175.6910, -10.6900, 39.5660



168.6150, 72.4430, -7.8210



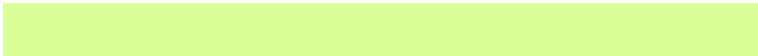
136.3870, -112.5970, -46.4290

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



175.6910, -10.6900, 39.5660



232.3090, 10.6900, -39.5660

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



143.7190, -64.0420, -50.8420



175.6910, -10.6900, 39.5660



165.4290, 45.7630, -30.9170

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



175.6910, -10.6900, 39.5660



168.2580, 78.9030, 18.2870



159.1230, 2.3460, -42.5340



140.9130, -128.0970, -29.8330



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



175.6910, -10.6900, 39.5660



170.6130, 59.8710, 43.8310



159.1230, 2.3460, -42.5340



134.3350, -106.8190, -52.0270

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



175.6910, -10.6900, 39.5660



231.1220, -2.7990, 12.1850



203.3700, -50.8920, -2.7960



113.8460, -2.2020, 6.8700



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



175.6910, -10.6900, 39.5660



160.0640, -12.9380, 47.2700



190.6410, 19.1100, 50.1660



117.6780, -1.7890, 4.8910



42.4050, -20.1870, 74.0290



14.1730, -6.8360, 24.7800



# Inverse Universe

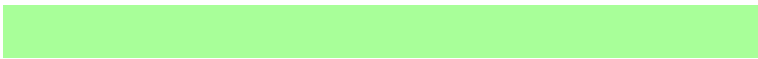
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



190.9080, 39.9270, 41.8390



178.3700, 47.6740, 50.1220



217.3590, -19.1100, -50.1660



119.7990, 5.1800, 5.2440



71.0170, 74.6740, 78.4340

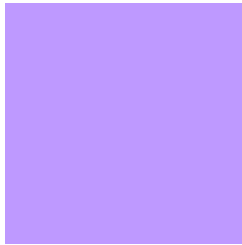


23.8100, 24.9830, 26.3190



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 175.6910, -10.6900, 39.5660 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

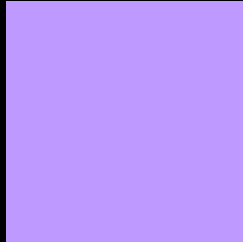
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 175.6910, -10.6900, 39.5660 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

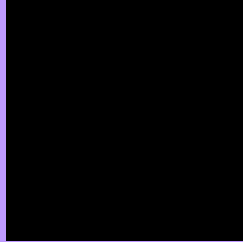
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 175.6910, -10.6900, 39.5660

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 175.6910, -10.6900, 39.5660.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 175.6910, -10.6900, 39.5660.

39.5660.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

175.6910, -10.6900, 39.5660

### Protanopia

170.7310, -43.6980, 21.0220

### Deuteranopia

169.6660, -45.0730, 18.4070



## Tritanopia

172.8740, 0.5950, 5.7390

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

175.6910, -10.6900, 39.5660

## Protanomaly

172.2920, -31.9160, 27.7640

## Deuteranomaly

171.9390, -32.4200, 25.8840

## Tritanomaly

173.9250, -3.4420, 18.3340

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

175.6910, -10.6900, 39.5660

## Achromatopsia

176.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

176.1050, -4.1290, 14.2630

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 175.6910, -10.6900, 39.5660 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(190, 153, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(190, 153, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(190, 153, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(190, 153, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 175.6910, -10.6900, 39.5660 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(190, 153, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(190, 153, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(190, 153, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(190, 153, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 153, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 153,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 175.6910, -10.6900, 39.5660 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(190, 153, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(190,  
153, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor