

Converting Colors

YIQ(176.8030, -0.6430, 6.1490)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(176.8030, -0.6430, 6.1490)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(176.8030, -0.6430,
6.1490)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | B4ADBC |
| RGB | 180, 173, 188 |
| RGB Percent | 71%, 68%, 74% |
| CMY | 0.2941, 0.3216, 0.2628 |
| CMYK | 0.04, 0.08, 0.00, 0.26 |
| HSL | 268°, 10%, 71% |
| HSV | 268°, 8%, 74% |
| XYZ | 42.8437, 43.2208, 53.6593 |
| YIQ | 176.8030, -0.6430, 6.1490 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

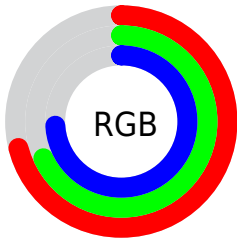
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| RYB | 180, 173, 188 |
| Decimal | 11840956 |
| CIELab | 71.70, 5.33, -6.76 |
| CIELCh | 72, 8.612, 308.270 |
| Yxy | 43.2208, 0.3066, 0.3093 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4290031036 (0xFFB4ADBC) |
| YUV | 176.8030, 5.5201, 2.8038 |
| Hunter-Lab | 65.7425, 1.2770, -2.3729 |

Details

The YIQ color $176.8030, -0.6430, 6.1490$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $184.1970, 0.6430, -6.1490$, and the grayscale version is $177.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $232.2160, -0.3680, 6.6720$, and $124.3900, -0.9180, 5.6260$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $162.6600, -1.3780, 13.9660$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $190.9460, 0.0920, -1.6680$.

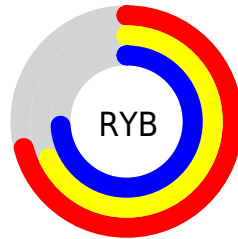
Distribution



Red (71%)

Green (68%)

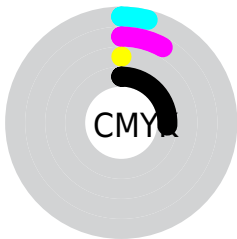
Blue (74%)



Red (71%)

Yellow (68%)

Blue (74%)

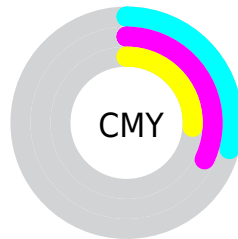


Cyan (4%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (26%)



Cyan (29%)

Magenta (32%)

Yellow (26%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 176.8030, -0.6430, 6.1490 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 176.8030, -0.6430, 6.1490 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 176.8030, -0.6430,
6.1490

■ 176.8030, -0.6430,
6.1490

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 149.8030, -0.6430,
6.1490

■ 232.2160, -0.3680,
6.6720

■ 124.3900, -0.9180,
5.6260

■ 99.2760, -0.5970,
5.3150

■ 75.2760, -0.5970,
5.3150

■ 52.8630, -0.8720,
4.7920

■ 31.7490, -0.5510,
4.4810

■ 7.6290, -0.0930,

7.1950

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 176.8030, -0.6430,
6.1490

■ 176.8030, -0.6430,
6.1490

■ 162.6600, -1.3780,
13.9660

■ 190.9460, 0.0920,
-1.6680

■ 148.5170, -2.1130,
21.7830

■ 205.0890, 0.8270,
-9.4850

■ 134.9610, -3.1230,
29.0770

■ 218.6450, 1.8370,
-16.7790

■ 120.8180, -3.8580,
36.8940

■ 232.7880, 2.5720,
-24.5960

■ 106.6750, -4.5930,
44.7110

■ 239.8870, 6.6070,
-26.1370

■ 92.5320, -5.3280,
52.5280

■ 242.8770, 12.5670,
-24.0170

■ 78.3890, -6.0630,
60.3450

■ 245.8670, 18.5270,
-21.8970

■ 64.8330, -7.0730,
67.6390

■ 247.3620, 21.5070,
-20.8370

■ 50.6900, -7.8080,
75.4560

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



175.9160, -8.3910, 3.3930



176.8030, -0.6430, 6.1490



177.3370, 6.6010, 7.0250

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



176.8030, -0.6430, 6.1490



176.1170, 12.7920, -0.5520



172.8950, -13.0660, -5.4980

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



176.8030, -0.6430, 6.1490



184.1970, 0.6430, -6.1490

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



173.7770, -6.9220, -6.7140



176.8030, -0.6430, 6.1490



175.3720, 7.5200, -4.1280

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



176.8030, -0.6430, 6.1490



176.7090, 14.1210, 2.8970



174.1970, 0.6430, -6.1490



173.6930, -15.3130, -3.3210

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



176.8030, -0.6430, 6.1490



176.9630, 10.5900, 6.3180



174.1970, 0.6430, -6.1490



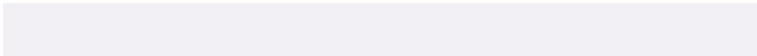
173.1510, -10.9110, -6.0070

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



176.8030, -0.6430, 6.1490



241.1680, -0.4130, 1.9790



179.4060, -7.0150, 0.4810



120.5270, -0.0460, 0.8340



250.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



122.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



176.8030, -0.6430, 6.1490



226.4380, -0.8730, 10.3190



178.8960, 3.5290, 7.6330



87.2220, -0.5050, 3.6470



40.1380, -6.6140, 64.8260



7.7200, -1.6070, 12.6090

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



178.3970, 6.3720, 5.6680



228.9570, 10.7270, 9.3430



182.1040, -3.5290, -7.6330



88.2610, 3.7590, 3.4630



56.8180, 67.2040, 59.6200



11.0930, 13.3400, 11.5480

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 176.8030, -0.6430, 6.1490 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

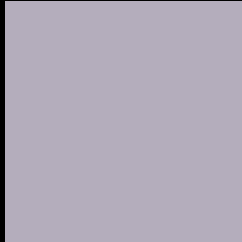
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 176.8030, -0.6430, 6.1490 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

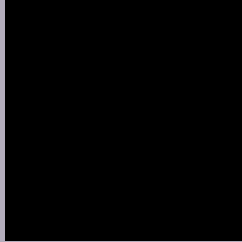
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 176.8030, -0.6430, 6.1490

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 176.8030, -0.6430, 6.1490.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 176.8030, -0.6430,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

176.8030, -0.6430, 6.1490

Protanopia

176.5960, -4.4940, 4.3540

Deuteranopia

177.7220, 4.0790, 8.6790



Tritanopia

176.6890, -0.3220, 5.8380

Trichromacy



Original Color

176.8030, -0.6430, 6.1490

Protanomaly

176.6070, -3.0270, 5.3010

Deuteranomaly

177.4120, 2.0160, 7.5200

Tritanomaly

176.6890, -0.3220, 5.8380

Monochromacy



Original Color

176.8030, -0.6430, 6.1490

Achromatopsia

177.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

177.1680, -0.4130, 1.9790

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 176.8030, -0.6430, 6.1490 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(180, 173, 188)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(180, 173, 188)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(180, 173, 188) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(180, 173, 188) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 176.8030, -0.6430, 6.1490 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(180, 173, 188) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(180, 173, 188) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(180, 173, 188)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(180, 173, 188); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 173, 188);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 173,  
188) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 176.8030, -0.6430, 6.1490 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(180, 173, 188) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(180,  
173, 188) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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